



GEORGE R.



EORGE the Second, by the Grace of God, G King of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. WHEREAS

James Weston, of our City of London, Gent. bath humbly represented unto us, That he hath, for several Years past, been at great Pains and Expence, in Inventing, Writing, Engraving, and Fitting for the Press, a Book, which will be of

PUBLICK USE and BENEFIT, Intituled.

" [A NEW SHORT-HAND GRAMMAR, containing a "GENERAL RULE, for Writing any Language, whether

" English, Latin, French, &c. Also, PARTICULAR

"Shortening, and Joining Rules fitted to the English "Tongue, for Joining, in every Sentence, five, fix, or

" more Words together, without taking off the Pen, in an

" Instant of Time;

" NEVER BEFORE INVENTED, &c.]"

AND the faid James Weston, being desirous of Reaping and Securing to himself, the Fruits of his own Invention, Labour, and Expence, without any other Person interfering in his just Property, has humbly befought. Us to grant him

Our Royal Authority, Licence, and Protestion, for the fole Printing, Publishing, and Vending his said New Short-Hand Grammar, for the Term of Fourteen Years.

WE being willing to give all due Encouragement to Works of this Nature, are graciously pleased to Condescend to his Request; And we do therefore, by these Presents, (so far as may be agreeable to the Statute, in that Behalf, made and provided), Grant unto him the Said James Weston, bis Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, OUR LI-CENCE for the fole Printing, Publishing, and Vending the Said Work, for the Term of Fourteen Years, to be computed from the Date bereof: Strictly forbidding all Our Subjects, within Our Kingdoms and Dominions, to Reprint, or Abridge the same, either in the like, or any other Volume or Volumes what soever; or to Import, Buy, Vend, Utter, or Distribute any Copies thereof reprinted beyond the Seas, during the aforesaid Term of Fourteen Years, without the Confent or Approbation of the said James Weston, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, under their Hands and Seals, first bad and obtained, as they will answer the Contrary, at their Peril: Whereof the Commissioners, and other Officers of Our Customs, the Master, Wardens, and Company of Stationers of London, and all other Officers and Ministers, whom it may concern, are to take Notice, that due Obedience be rendered to Our Pleasure herein declared.

By His Majesty's Command,

Given at Our Court at St. James's the 26th Day of April, 1745, in the 18th Year of Our Reign.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

TOTHE

Right Honourable

William Howard,

Lord Viscount ANDOVER,
Member of Parliament for the Borough of
Castlerising, in the County of Norfolk.

My LORD,



5

dis

he d

07

07 U-

nrs,
ads
be

nd

nd ers

ce,

ein

HE Honour I have had of Affisting You, in Learning my FORMER Method of SHORT-HAND, which You have been pleased most Generously to encourage, Imboldens me to

present You with this NEW SHORT HAND-GRAMMAR, with Great IMPROVEMENTS, as a Testimony of my Respect and Gratitude; humbly Submitting it to Your Lordship, as a compleat Judge thereof.

THE great Use of SHORT-HAND, to Your Lordship, both for DISPATCH, in what You write for Your own Memory, and Concealing, what You would not have

A 2

lic.

lie open to every Eye; as also for TAKING DOWN correctly the Learned Speeches, Debates, and Arguments in Parliament, with a great many other Uses, makes me hope that the Present will not be unacceptable.

I beg, My LORB, the Continuance of Your Favour, and that You would be pleased to take this New Short-Hand Grammar, under Your Protection; as knowing that TRUE HONOUR, and MERIT, give not only a Sanction, but Life and Nourishment, to Arts and Sciences.

I am,

My LORD,

Your Lordship's

Most Obliged bumble Servant,

JAMES WESTON.

The PREFACE.

REVITY being most suitable to the Art which I profess, I shall endeavour to be concise, in shewing the Nature and Use of Short-Hand in general, with the Excellency of this New Method in particular.

STENOGRAPHY, or Short-Hand, is the Art of Writing a great deal, in a short Time, and small Compass.

THIS Art is USEFUL to all Sorts of Persons, especially to those in great Bufiness, fuch as Members of Parliament, Ministers of State, Gentlemen of the Glergy, Law, and other Professions, both for Dispatch in what they write for their own Memory, and concealing what they would not have lie open to every Eye; as also, for writing rough Draughts, or Copies of Letters, or other Writings, and for taking down Speeches, Lectures, Sermons, Trials, Plays, &c. Likewise for Common-placing, or writing down what is most remarkable in any profitable Book: It is also very useful to Sea-faring Men and Travellers, for keeping a Journal of all Occurrences. BY this Art weak and treacherous Memories may be much helped and disburdened, and the Pains of People's usual Studies greatly diminished; for by it, as much may be written in one Hour, and one Page, as otherwise in fix Hours, and fix Pages: These, and a great many other Uses and Advantages, may be repeated from this Art, according to every Man's particular Bufiness; but it is a most useful and necessary Qualification for all young Persons, and is a great Help and Ornament to their other Learning and Accomplishments.

A S to this New Method, it is needless to say any Thing concerning the EXCELLENCY thereof, there being so many in England (who had formerly learn'd and practis'd other Short-Hands, as also, my FORMER Method of Short-Hand) that can testify the same, from their own Experience: Therefore I shall here only insert the Contents of

the Book.

FIRST, There are the Letters of the Alphabet, Prepositions and Terminations; by which alone, the longest Words, in the English Tongue, are wonderfully shorten'd.

SECONDLY, There are Words annexed to these Letters, Prepositions, and Terminations, as their SIGNIFICATIONS, which contain of

make up, at least, the third Part of any English Book.

THIRDLY, A general Rule for writing any Word whatfoever, whether English, Latin, French, &c. with a Specimen written by it.

FOURTHLY, Some Particular Shortening Rules, fitted to the English Tongue, by which, Words, in that Tongue, are very much shortened.

FIFTHLY, The 33 SIGNS of the ENGLISH Moods, Tenfes, and Persons, with the Negative (NOT,) and the 54 different Ways of joining

The PREFACE.

jaining the 20 fingle SIGNS of the faid Moods, and Tenfes, to one another, with Examples of joining each of the 72 fingle and compound SIGNS

40 different Ways.

SIXTHLY, A TABLE of the English Pronouns, with the 46 English Prepositions, or Particles, also the rest of the English Particles, consisting of Adverbs, Conjunctions, &c. which contain or make up another third Part of any English Book; likewise a Specimen written by the said shortening Rules, Signs, Pronouns, Prepositions, and other Particles.

SEVENTHLY, A few joining Rules fitted to the English Tongue, directing to join, in every Sentence, at least two, three, four, five, fix, seven, or more Words together, without taking off the Pen, in an Instant of Time, by the SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenfes and Persons, with the English Particles, &c.

EIGHTHLY, A large Specimen of the Writing, done after the Shortest Way, by the shortening and joining Rules, and Signs of the English Moods, Tenses and Persons, with the Pronouns, Particles,

TABLE of fortened Words, &c.

NINTHLY, An alphabetical TABLE of Words, commonly used in the English Tongue, SHORTENED in the most natural, rational and easy Manner, by the Letters, Prepositions and Terminations.

TENTHLY, An alphabetical TABLE of the proper Names of Men, Women, and Places, most commonly used; also the Names of the Books of the Old and New Testament, Months in the Year, and Days in the Week. Likewise, the Terms and Phrases used in the

Law, &c. shortened in the same Manner.

ELEVENTHLY, Observations and Explications on the Letters, Prepositions, Terminations, Significations, Particles, Signs of the English
Moods, Tenses, and Persons, general and particular shortening and
joining Rules, Specimen, &c. Together with suitable Directions for

4 the right Using of this Book.

IN SHORT, the Learner will perceive, that I have spared no Pains or Cost, to make my Method plain and obvious to every ordinary Capacity; for had I wrote only for the Learned, or Ingenious, I could, and should have saved above one Half of my Labour and Charges; so that the Learner needs not be discouraged, (but rather encouraged,) at the Bulk of this Book, if he considers that it is not the Number of the Rules, but the Variety of the Examples, Specimens, Table of shortened Words, Observations, &c. which make it so large.

THE Characters are defignedly engraved very large, and frong,

for the Advantage of the Learners.

AND for the Use of such as write my Method in private, or in publick, after a Speaker, I have Paper, at a reasonable Price, already smooth'd, and rul'd, printed DRY from a Copper-plate; by which they

The PREFACE

will be enabled to write fast, and straight, and to keep all the Lines at an equal Distance, and to write four or five Days together, with

one Pen, without mending it.

.

,

n

er

-

r,

m

d

10

e.

5,

bs

al

of

of

nd .

he

·e-

ifh

nd or

ns ry d, fo l,) er

ıg,

in

dy

lliv

AGAIN, for the Advantage of the Learners, I intend (as foon as a fufficient Number of Subscriptions can be procured) to have the New Testament in Short-Hand, according to this new Method, curiously engraved in a proper Size, and Volume; and to deliver to the Subscribers Half a Sheet thereof, at the End of every 14 Days, at a reasonable Price; which will be of great Use; because it will not only improve and confirm fuch as have already learned, but also very much affift, and instruct those that do now, or may hereafter learn this Method; for it will illustrate, and exemplify the Rules, and ferve as a Pattern, and School-Mafter to direct them; and indeed their reading in, and writing now and then a Chapter from it, will afford them both Pleasure and Profit, and render the Art the more easy, and familiar, and very soon enable them to attain to a great Dexterity therein; for it is evident that Examples are more instructive than Rules, and that Practice is the principal Thing which brings Perfection in all Arts and Sciences.

N. B. This New Method is so contrived, that those who can READ the Specimen written according thereto, can also READ the same Specimen written according to my former Method, and likewise my Book of Common-Prayer, in Short-Hand, curiously engraved, and

Authoriz'd by his MAJESTY.

LASTLY, If any differ or disagree with me, in any Particular of this Book; I think that I ought to be secure from Censure; because I don't pretend to impose my Method upon any, but humbly propose it to all, with Submission to such as are more skilful and experienced in the Art, and therefore I conclude with Horace.

Candidus imperti; si non, his utere mecum.

JAMES WESTON

te Wat & egg I have your show early

The APPROBATION.

by Mr. Weston, his New Method of Short-Hand, do, in Justice to him, affirm, that it does, in every Respect, very much excel any of the other Short-hand Methods extant, that we ever perus'd or practis'd; and that it does likewise, in every Respect, excel his former Method of Short-Hand; and that it fully answers what is said of it, in the Title Page, and Preface to this Book. And we declare, that this Book alone, in our Opinion, is sufficient to teach the Art perfettly to any ordinary Capacity; and that his Method will abundantly recommend itself to every Learner, and fairly answer all Expectations to the greatest Satisfaction. In short, it is our Opinion, that he hath brought the Art to the utmost Perfection which it seems to be capable of, by reason of his Method's being so very speedy, and legible, which indeed are the only two effential Properties of Short-Hand, and the principal Design thereof.

SACKVILLE TUFTON, Earl of Thanet, HENRY ARCHER, Efq; THOMAS POTTER, E/q; Barrifters at Law, SAMUEL HELLIER, Efq; EDWARD UMFREVILE, Efq; JOHN COSSLEY, Esq; Merchant, FRANCIS VINCENT, E/q; JOHN ROGERS, Gent. FOTHERLY BAKER, Gent. Attornies at Law, FERGUS FARRELL, Gent. WILLIAM WHITE, Gent. JAMES HORNE, Architett, JOHN RAINE, Brewer. WILLIAM DUDSON, Apothecary, WILLIAM PICKERING, Grocer, JOHN COWLING. WILLIAM ALDRIDGE, Wine-Coopers, ABRAHAM ALLEYNE, Distiller, DON-CARLOS STEVENS, Writing-Master, &c.

N. B. THE last Leaf shews you, how to learn by this Book.

1stLesson Letters of the Alphabe	and triple Confonants	Comonants	iple	The Places of the Five Vowels a, e, i, o, u, y.
A COSLYHION- eport of unayze	pr- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh- sh	-ngle $\neg y$ -sp -nk $\neg s$ -sple -nkle $\neg s$ -st -nt $\neg s$ -ste -nte $\neg s$ -tle -nx $\neg s$ -vle -pse $\neg s$ -xt	しまれてててるとのとのとのととしてとうますのと	y y y y y y y ga, ge, gu, gy, gy, gy, gy, gy, gw, gy, go, gw, gy, mo, mu, my, mo, mu, my, mo, mu, ka, ke, ki, ka, ku, ky L L L L. h h h h h. And so of all therest of the Letters; except (- on; p.) nhave Places are thus, a e a e a e a e a e a e a e a e a e a
See Olv. 27	See Oto. 32.	See Clo.	64.	see obs.

ht in the sister of the sister

Fourth Lesson TABLE of Joining all the Letters of the Alphabet to one another, without taking offy Pen; which contains all the double and triple Confonants that can come in the Middle of any Word.

Mieson Mannon cope myasons 755955 שבשאשב. וא ז הבי ושונה ול וא וא וא הבי הוא ה 94944 % by Limberson Handen white Perphashapph 15. 45620014842011- 104 - 4119117210 maga. Nocoodelygonion berg いていいというでいることという ハイートカターノイノタノノングタアーリー -é-1-6 z. ereeggggggeneree epè जर कट कर की का क्या की की का oc ofoo o Jorosovozoroz 02. か2 23でして7777777 る、人人にかられれれれれいい アンファン MULLINE SIROLLAULUL b+ 7 11d/レンシンと、か223824848 0 22 ~~ revero viving n mozo dis. 1 SLASSER SLARBULL LASSES के भिष्टित के के भिष्टित के के 文子女子 See Ols. Fifth

Prepolit	ion	SecondAlphales, or Beginnings, alphabetical	95	Terminati	ons,	ird Alphab or Endings of Iphabetičally	of
	The State of the S	for-fur)		-able, -ible,		=ment;mental, =nefs,	
ac	4	in-un-		-ability-ibility		=ng,=ing,	ELECTRON ST
ad=	5	er-or-our	1	-ableness.		-nging,	
af	9	ir-irre	7	-ibleness.	J.	nan, nen, nin,	
ag=	14	25=	1	-ance, ence,		non, nun	
àl=	-0	it-	7	-ancy:ency.	100720 TEST	-ning,)	0
am	1	magna-magni-		ant, ent.		-port,	
an	1	mar-mer-mur	Y	-andy-ently	11	=portation,	COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.
anta-ante	1/1	mas-mes-mis-	7	-ceive	V	-prove:proof,	
anti	-	mor mur.	K	=ception,	0	probation,	0
anon-up-	1/2	ob-	m +	-ch,-tch,	3	-scribe script	>
arch	1	omni-	7	-clamation	3	-scription,	2
as=	131	oroer-over-	8	-clude;clusive	1 - 1	·serve	10
at=	1	par-per-pir.		=clusion	15	-servation,	1000
av	N	por-pur =		-count,	6	-ship,	b
ar-ex	X	pra-pre-pri-		-dure	The state of the s	-sive sively	1/2
be=	<	pro-pru		-ed,)	-solve	12
bene=		-prove - proof		er; or; our;	r	-solution	D
cal·col·cul	1/	re: 12		-ever	>	-stractstrict	и / 2
can-co-con		-er;-or;-our	0	-fect; fict,	In	-struct, strue,	1
cun=	10	sanct.	1	0,000		Strachonsincho	N (
car-cor-cur	100 100	satis = nefs,		-fection; fiction	4 1 1	-struction,	
chtch,	5	sar-ser sur.		-Spection,	Contract on	temp tempe	
com-cum-	0	sub-	1,4	- ference ference		temptation	
comp=	9	suf=	9	-flect; flict,		-ut,-cut,	E STATE
contra contr	1 1000	sup-super-	6	=force,		-nth,	9 17 17 18
contro=	u (SUS	9	-form-formity		-rth.	10
count :		th-	1	-formation,		-tive lively	
counter-		thr-	r	-ful-fully,	IT	-tivity,	1
cros-cruci		tran-trans-	1	-fulness	II.	-var. ver	V
de di-ed		var-ver	91	= graph graphy	7	-verse, vert	100
des-dis	12	vers-vert	1/	-graphical	Y	-version,	
em=im=	1	under	u	-graphically	10.	-versation.	19
enterinter	6	115-	0	-less, lesuy,	थु	-volve,	1 D
intro		n-h	66.	elefnets,	13	-voulunt.	59

Prepolitions and Terminations which begin & end Long Words, perplexedly MIXT together in the Short Hand, to be read over distinctly. See Obs.

- ωυθ+>60+/200816 τουσίου 45/20/4υρβγκωα Ly - ω Ly σ δ- ζ- τ7/2/0/ δ-Λ-+68/8/69 υμρο 2/ σ-> < 92/4-1-98/9/1509 01/07-2007-2010 π 8/8/11/11/11/200210 ρ

The same Prepositions and Terminations perplexedly Mixt together in the Long-Hand, to be written in Short-Hand.

struction, circum, volve, wh, flict, cul, vert, pru, ed, af, sive. irre, ency, trans, count, probation, ent, pri, mur, struct, ab, nefs, un, ing, anti, er, graphy, altenefs, sup, ment, cur, ence. ning, us, tivity, force, ad, fulnefs, dis, ibility, cum, claim, pur, contro, th, th; ancy, above, striction sur, lth, comp, ful, vers, serve, di, ableness, per, nun, ac, temptation, cor, super, lefty, ance, anta, our, cun, tively, as, fliction, por, script, inter, graphically, arch, ible. sub, form, par, sively, con, non, sus, servation, im, volution, fict, under, strict, tran, clamation, nin, pre, prove, bene, scription, suf, rth, mer, ably, ag, less, in, solution, contro, eth. ser, able, fur. spect, satis, ant, co, versation, up, clusive, cruci, proof, sar, formity, pir, ferent, mas, thr. tempt, at; or, or; ability, ch, ship, com, flect, re, ar, verse, pro, nging, ently, contra, graph, mor, strue, al, stract, ver. ever, sanct, spection, portation, mis, ference, be, tive, av, fiction, multi, tch, for, ibly, enter, flection, scriv, clusion, o'er, lefnefs, col, version, magni, ir. fection, temp, an, graphical, car, nen, am, ception, over, ng, mar, fect, op, scribe, sor, port, ex, antly, omni, nth, can straction, it, fully, ob,de, solve, nan. if, ceive, counter, tively, des, formation, ax, mes, dure, cal, em, ap, ri, mental, intro, cross, pra, mir, sir, magna.

2 dly Significations annexea Significations annexed to the 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6 foregoing to the double and triple Confo -Less ons, which contain or make nants that begin Short Words up, at least the Third Part of any English Book, whether bles, blis, bread, breed, bride, broad, breadth Law, Physick, Divinity, History, Mathematicks, &c See Ols. drank, drink, drunk, draw, drew, donnward, i.Significations annexed to the (fellow, flee, fly, Letters of the Alphabet. flesh, fleshy, fleshly, an, also, any. be bee, by, buy. free, fruit, can, canst, coin, glory, glorious, glorifie, C 2 had, hadst, generate, 9 each, he agree, grace, grow, grew. fast, feast, fee, from clay, clean cleanse, N God, good, go, ago, know, knew. history ; rical, holy, hurry, n cry create, creatour: ture, J.eye, high. 2000 play, plea, place, please, pollute, King Kingly, price, prize. Lord Lordly, will, wilt, lay, lie, short, shorten, watch, him, hymn, man, men. shorter, shortener, h and e o. oh. one, of off only, ask, scatter, succeed, pay, people, peculiar, -rity, shackle, shekel, skill. h sup, suppose, O m scarce scarcity, Successor, equity, Queen, question, able, U shall, shalt, air, heir, her, hear, here, hither; Psalm, same, w.ease. insinuate, snow; y, stedfast, sin, sign, afsign, such, spirit tuous, special especiably ity (too, to, into, unto (drawn downward Spiritual = lity = lixe, (drawn upward) la, an. spread, spurious, have has, hast, hath, how, hen, view. Esquire, squander, (was, wast, were, wert, most, must, way, woman, women, Strange, estrange, stranger ax, except, accept, straight-way, sword, syea, you, ye, thou, thee, tree try true trust intrust, your, yours, toward, towards, real, realous, and so forth. aware, writ, write, wrote, 27.

344 Significations annexed to the double and triple Consonants that end Short Words.

100 X X	consonants that	спи •	narchoras.
5	bles, blifs,	ρ	penitence, penitent, penitential,
S	dwell, delay, delude,	1	hert, hereby, rol: robbery.
4	fellow, flee, fly, fleshy,-ly.	カ	hard, heard, word, regard.
5	oft, often, finite,	カ	riddle,
2	fee-tail, footstool,	2	refuge relief.
4	glory glorious, glorifie,	74	rage, inrage.
N	clay, clean, cleanse,	5	ark, dark, work,
S	would, wouldst, held, hold,	3	heroical
12	laugh, life,	n	herself. F. arl, relie, relate,
S	elect, like, alike,	75	relied, related.
5	elm, helm, limit,	7	arm, harm, warm, worm,
5	lend, alone,	7	herein, her own, turn,
up	help, elope,	10	harp, report, repent; tance,
4	else, alas,	re	reply,
4	let, little, liberty,	n	heires, arise, arose, rash,
W	alive, levy.	n	arrest, hithermost,
7	manifest, mischief.	n	Art, heart, hurt.
1	himself, humble, humility,	n	hereto, hereunto, hitherto,
P	import, importance important,	2	retail, retaliate,
1000000	simply, imploy.	n	arrive, revenge, review,
9	ample, example, ensample,	h	short, shorten, watch.
-	hence, sense, since, escence,	h	ask, scatter, succeed.
7	end, hand, wound,	h	shackle, shekel, skill.
2	handle,	6	shall, shalt,
TY	hang, hung,	L	Psalm, same,
-y.	angle angel angelical.		(spirit, spirituous,
3	ink, think, thank,	6	special especial-by-lity,
2	ancle uncle	20	spiritual,-lity-lize.
7	ant, aunt, want, went,	1	most, must,
	Sentail, gentle, genteel,	1	still, steal, stole, stoln, stealth.
0	Igentile,	1	till until.
-	Pannex,	w	avail, value, valuable.
P	play, plea, place, please, pollute,	3	excell, ence, cy.nt, exalt.
P	pace, peace, piece,	20	excite, next, text,
		64.	4,549

4thly Significations annexed to the Prenofitions, or Begin nings of Long Words. abate, abet, about, absolute. year, injure, injury, Jury. above. a eyes, ice, we, act, enact, accessory. it eat, height, unite 1 add, aid, said side, aside, grand grand ground aground 34 half, after, affirm, = mative, magnifie, marry M. mercy, mediator, age, against, aggravate, all allow, allude mis, amis, Messiah Messias. (more moor, morrow, to morrow, ambitious, am aim animate. K again, mortifie, among, st, away, awful. m multiply-plicity, multitude, obey obedience, obedient, apt, up, hope. are, art, arque, author; World, worldly, arch Arches. or, o'er, over, adore, as, as if, as to, as, assist, (peradventure, perhaps, 72 at, hate, attend, person, personal, personate, avenge avon, udvon, 6 poor, pour, ponver, imponver, ax, except, accept, pure purge. be, bee, by, buy, Juray, prey, precious. before afore bribe bribery pretend pretence, call, coal, cool, proof prove. 0 provide provided proviso. can, canst, coin, care, carry, cure, air, heir, her, hear, here hither, 8 (our, hour, &c. (being 6) Saint Sanctifie, Sanctuary, chapter, child, chief, change, able Satisfie Satisfactory. canon ical nize, cannot, nevertheless. 9 came, come, comely, commit S. Savrour; (compass, encompass, come to pass Sore, swore, sure assure. 4 4 competence ency ent, Sorrow, sorry, country, church, us not. safe, safety, sinful, continue, =ual, = uance, Count, country, accomptaccount sup, suppose, +0 crop, a-crop, crucipe, sin. sign, afsign, such, had hadst that, thy, there thither throw threw days, distrefs, disturb, Trance, transfer, transitory him, hymn, man, men, enter, entry, entire, interr, vary very verily verse virtue interest, interest, under, understand, u for, form, inform, И us, use, usual house which who, why, witch benites in, Inn.

	able enable ability.	9	satisfie, satisfactory.
حر_	hence sense since, essence,	-	thing,
V	Ant, aunt, want, went,	P	none, not, nothing, port, pope, popish, pacifie.
2	chapter, child, chief, change, able,	P	pacification, sproof,prove.
3	clasm, acclamation,	0.0	(provide provided, provide probation,
2	cloud, cloudy, include, destroy, destructive,	100	scribe, ascribe,
3.6	count, county, accompt, account,	8/	serv <u>e, s</u> ervile.
600	drank, drink, drunk, drang, dreng, had, hadst,	الرم	shape, sheep ish, ship, shop save, sieve.
r	sair, heir, her, hear, here, hither,	b	solve.solvent.
>	ever, every,	ا ا	solution ;
0	fact, affect, effect, faction, fiction, affection, nate,		(strict, instruct.
w	inference, lanful, afflict, afflictive,	لمبل	tempt, attempt, temptation,
0	affliction, force, force, enforce,	00	with health, wealth wealth
十二	for, form, inform,	7	strength, strengthen,
1	formation, Information, full, fool, foul, fort, follow,	70	searth, earthen, earthy, earth, wrath, wroth, worth y, herewill
L	fully, folly, foully, fulness, foolishness,	4	to have, vary, verily, verse, virtu
y	graff, engraff, graft, ingraft, graphically.	8.8	version, aversion,
र क	Lease, less, lessen unless, this, these, those, thus, drawn	N	involve, vulgar.
/	the,	<i>59.</i>	DIRECTIONS.

The second second



0.

0.

hy.



This curious Art will teach you to take down, The great Affairs of Government and Crown.



SHORT-HAND,

CONTAINING

A General Rule;

WHEREBY

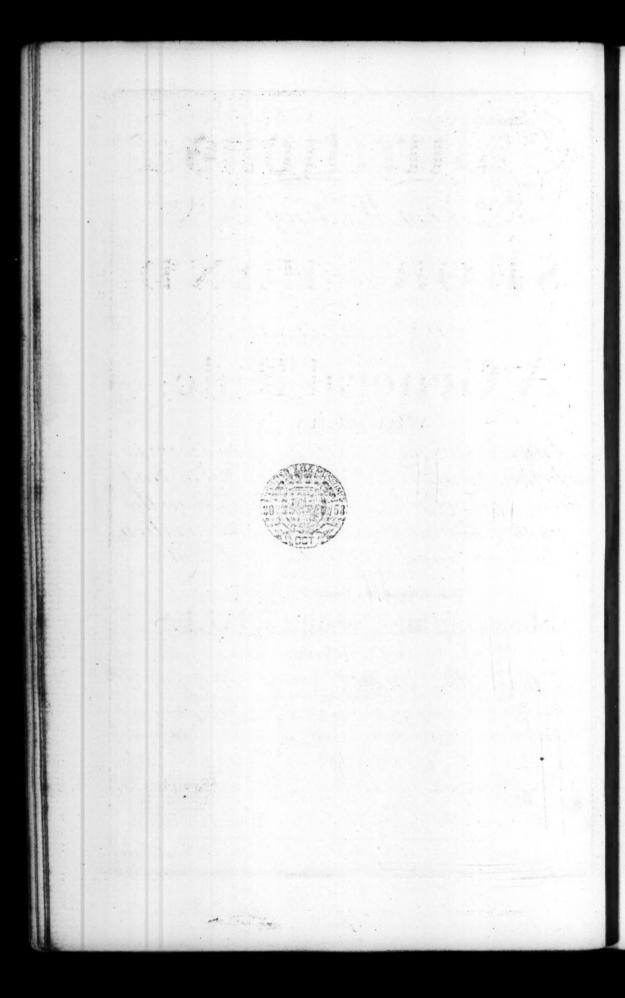
Any Person may nrite Foreign Languages, whether Latin, French, &c. if they can but read them. In short, whatever can be nrit in the Common Round Hand, may be also nritten in Short Hand by this General Rule.

Shortning and Joining RULES,

To the English Tongue, whereby can be join'd in every Sentence, at least two, three four, five Six, Seven, or more Words together in one, without taking of the Len, in the Trankling of an Eye, and that by the SIGNS of the ENGLISH Moods, Tenses, Persons, Particles, &c.

NEVER BEFORE INVENTED.

Frustra fit per plura, quod fieri potest per pauciora . Philosoph Sent.



DIRECTIONS for writing short hand.

1st Read the Places of the 5 Vowels (a, e. i.y. o. u.) with the Observations thereon. 2dly Shorten the Word, in your own Mind, by throwing away all silent & Superfluous Letters, according to the Observations. 3dly Write it, by this

GENERAL RULE, for writing ANY Language.
Write the Character nith which your Word begins, whe
ther it be a Vowel, single, double, or triple Confonant, or a
Prepolition, or Termination, and never take off the Pen till
you come to a Vowel; and then take it off, and write what
follows, in the said Vowel's Place, and if nothing follow, but
that your Word end with the said Vowel, then take off the Pen,
at the same Vowel, and put a Dot(·) in the said Vowel's Place,
and so go on, though your Word is ever so long, by never take
ing off the Pen, till you come to the next Vowel; and then
take it off, and write what follows in it's Place, and if nothing
follow, then put a Dot(·) in it's Place; as hath been said.

written according to the General Rule.

Only remember, that when the Letter (c) sounds like (k) to write () And when it sounds like (s) to write (1) as, (club, process, &c. ~ 61 &c.)

Also remember, that for (s) the Sign of the plural Number, and ('s') the Sign of the Genitive Case (of,) after any of your Significations, or after any other Word, ending with a Confonant, join (+) about the third Part of a (/ t;) drawing it from the Bottom to the Top. Examples.

(King Kings Kings) (Lord Lords Lords) (fee fees fees)

(King, Kings, King's)(Lord, Lords, Lord's)(fee, fees, fees)

(Son, sons, son's) (Daughter, daughters, daughters, &c.

Excepting where the Singular Number ends with this (= er, = or, = our,) then change it into this (\gamma = er, = or, = our,)

our,) and afterwards join the said Mark() to it, for the said(s, s.) Example. (Labour, Labours, UZ) Not(UZ). Also, When you join(-DY\0 = ing, =ed, =er, =eth,) or any other thing to any Word that ends with this (\=er, =or, =our,) then change it into the said (Y = er, =or, =our,) and join the (-DY\0 &c.) to it; Example. (Labour, =ing, =ed, =er, =eth, &c. UZ\0 < UZ\0 UZ\0 &c.) Not thus, (UZ\0 &c.) For this (\=er, =or, =our,) and this (>) for (s, 's) must almays stand joined at the End of a Word, and have nothing joined after them. BUT if a Vowel, which is sounded or pronounced, go before the said (s, 's); then take off the Pen at the said Vowel, and write(1) in the said Vowels Place, according to the General Rule. Examples. (Law, Laws U'\0) (ray, rays Y'\1) (sea, seas, | ||) (foe, foes, L L (due, =s, D, O) (stone, Stones) \(\) Not (\(\) \)

The Articles (a, an, the,) with (of, of a, of an, of the) are written thus.... and have the next Word, after them, join'd to them, because it belongs to them, and is plain. Examples. (a King ___) (an Action) (the Sons of Men - e) (the Daughter of a Lord of en (the Kings of the earth) &c.) Observe. When (this, those, thus,) are noritten by (), it is always drawn from the Top to the Bottom, and hath the next Word, after them, join'd to them; But when () stands for the Article (the,) it is always drawn from y Bottom to the Top, and hath the next Word, after it, also join'd to it: Example. (this Man /) (the Man / &c.) Again, When (/ t) stands for (too, to, into, unto,) it is always drawn from the Top to the Bottom, and hath the next Word after them, joined to them: But when (/) stands for (a, an,) it is always drawn from the Bottom to the Top, and hath also the next Word after (a, an,) joined to them; and is made a little longer than (1 t.) and more sloping. towards the right-hand. Example (to jest 11) (a jest (to King's Sons h 1-) (a King's sons, Lastly. As the Word after the Articles (a, an, the,

is joined; so the Word going before, and belonging to these Articles, must also be joined Example (for a King, by the King, Godsave , &c.) See Obs. the King, &c.) 1.CHAP. of S. John's Gospel written by the General Rule. - 0 y · --10/710.1 10020.970 hie no 1 -1 m, Kyv 9 b (- 4. &c. See Observ. PARTICULAR SHORTENING RULES. fitted to the English Tongue. 1" Shortening Rule.

e e, 1)

e)

or

ten

it:

a,

t

ds

m;

2. Shortening Rule.

In short. Throw away the 5 Nowels (a, e, y, o, u,) in the Middle of Words, and join the Letters or Characters, which come after these Vowels, to the Letters or Characters which go before the said Vowels. Examples. (back, federal, time, void, symbol, torment, mock, mud, dumb, dunce, guide, guardian, consult; ing. ed. blame, struggle, contribute, conspire, ing. ed., soveraign, summon, student, justice, compulsion, beauties, flys, Lans, the Ruly's Lustre, treatise, testimonies, &c.

111 32 Shortening Rule.

You see, by these three Rules, that every Word must be written without taking off the Pen; except the Word ends with (tion; sion; son) which are made by a Dot(·) See Obs.

4th Shortening Rule.

Throw away the (-ist_-est,) the SIGNS of the 2d Person (thou, you.) Likenise throw away the (-ith_-eth_-s.) the SIGNS of the 3d Person (he, she, it.) Examples. (thou speak'st, speakest) (ke speak'th, speaketh, speake

5th Shortening Rule.

6th Shortening Rule.

d

h,

9,

le

Throw away the (: y.: ty,: ity,) the SIGNS of the English Noun substantive; if the former Part of the Word, before the said (: y.: ty,: ity,) make a compleat Word of it self, of the same Meaning. Examples. (modest, modesty, honest,: y, moral: ity, stupid: ity, &c. \ But if the said former Part do not make such a compleat Word; then write and join the (x) or (y) according to the 3d Shortening Rule. Examples. (Society: s, City, s, &c. \) &c.) & &c.) See Ols.

Shortening Rule.

Throw away the (- ize,) the SIGN of the English Verb as well as you do the (: ly,) and (-ity;) Examples (Solemn, solemnly, solemnity, solemnize) (moral, morally, morality, moralize, &c. W &c.) Because (Solemn, &c.) (moral, &c.) are Four different Parts of Speech. See Obs.

Shortening Rule.

For (est,) the SIGN of the Superlative Degree, after a Confonant, join (1) to the said Consonant. And for (est.) the same Sign, after a Vowel, join ()) according to the 24 Shortening Rule. Examples. (meek : er, : est,)(Bold; er, : est,) (slow, er; est,) (high, er; est, &c. www , 55 y be by , 171 &c.) See Obs.

9th Shortening Rule.

(ful, fully,) at the End of a Word, whether after a Vowel, or Consonant, are made by making the said Vorvel, or Consonant, about twice as Full, or big again; and then (I = nefs.) joined to the said big Vowel or Consonant, will make it (: fulness.) Examples. (shame, shameful, fully, shamefulness)(doubt; ful, fully, fulness,)(deceit, ful, -fully, fulnes,)(bashful, fully, fulness,)(mercy, ful, fully, · fulness) (Faith; ful, fully, fulness,) (stoath, ful, fully, · fulness,) (joy, : ful, fully, = fulness, &c.

Observe. This big Consonant (), in the first Example, will either read (mam, mem, mim, mom, or mum,) according to the latter Part of the 2.d Shortening Rule, or otherwise it will read (= mful, = mfully) according to this gth shortening Rule, which the sense & Connection will instantly tell. See Ols.

10th Shortening Rule. (= less, = lesly,) at the End of a Word, after a Consonant, are made by joining (1) to the said Consonant: and then (3 = nefs,) joined to the said(1) will make it (= lefnefs.)

But (-less, lessy, lesness,) at the End of a Word, after a Vowel, are made by joining (U V) to the Letter or Character which goes before the said Vowel, according to the 2. Shortening Rule. Examples (Law, Lawless, &c. N. & &c.) See Obs.

The foregoing Ten Rules occur oftener than & following ones.

11 th Shortening Rule.

You will find, by the TABLE of Shortened Words, and Par. sticles, &c. that some Words are shortened as follows; to wit, It (ance, ence, ancy, ency, ant, ent, antly, ently) ending Words, are thrown away, if the former Part of that Word be a compleat Word of it self, and of the same signi: fication; Examples. (confide, confidence, confident, confidently, &c. (&c.) 2dly (sw = tw =) beginning Words. or Syllables, are made by (VL), and not by (77). Ex. ample s. (sweep, sweet, swine, twice, twin, twist, &c. 1 4 4 4 6 &c) 3dly (da, de, di, dy, do, du,) ending Words, are made by (2,) and not by 2 2 2 20 2,). And (dies,) at the end of Words, are made by (?), according to the 2. Shortening Rule. Examples. (needy, ready, study, sturdy, remedy, remedies, studies, body, bodies &c. 3 ps & bodies &c.) Observe. The Words, (day, die, dye, do, doe, den, due,) are written accordingly; thus, (). 4thly (: ward,) ending Words, is made by joining (7) to the Letter or Character which goes before the said (ward;) Examples. (Southward, home-ward, inward, forward, upward, towards, thither ward, froward, &c. &c.) 5thly (: kind,) ending Words is made by writing the Letter () through the Middle of the Letter or Character which goes before (: kind) Examples. (mankind, woman -:kind, male-kind, female-kind, bird-kind, &c. N 7 0 (cover,) a Word of itself, and (cover, : covery: coverable,) ending Words, are written, by the 2. shortening Rule, thus; (W). Examples. (Cover : ing, : ed, er, recover, ry, rable, ing ed, discover, ry, able, uncover, irrecoverable, &c. Q & Q Q Q PVP 190

2

e

It,

2

5.)

ut

12" Shortening Rule.

13. Shortening Rule.

1. When one, two, or more Words, or Sentences are immediately repeated; then draw a fine Line, thus, (——) under them, for every such Repetition, Examples. (O King, King.) (holy, holy, holy,) (O why will you murder him! why will you murder him!) (I am ruin'd, or le o o y yo o one between the said Repetition; yet still draw the Line, as above. Examples: (again and again, over & over, from time to time, &c. _\frac{Y}{2}, \lambda \lambda & C. \frac{A}{2} \frac{1}{2} \

The END of the Shortening Rules.

The

The 33 SIGNS of the Enga Moods, Tenfes, and Personith the Negative (Not.) Se	ons,	ing the	forego	d Tenfes ee Olo.	IGNS to one
do. dost. doth. did. didst. nas. wast. were nert. have has. hast. hath. had. hadst. nvill. shalt. may. may'st. may. may'st. might. mightest. nould, rouldst. should, shouldest. should, shouldest. sought to, oughtest to, must. let. lettest, letteth. done. let. lettest, letteth. for done. let. about, about to, Negative (Not, —	のファッしょくいろいろのアノレイトリ る ノー かの)	シンマンSSSを122000000000000000000000000000000000	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	マンマンマン しつ くし のの いき とり くり	Why 25 5 5 1 MANG NG NM N SKY MO JUST SES 5 Sec

the state of the s

The Participles , &c. of (have, do, be, v > <.)
Having. V Doing. 2	Being. L Jowsh, 7
100 6 100 6	1 < Spray God, 2
	T < TZ, Would to Good, 15
TV) TV) TV	TVL TV Toh that 199
Examples of JOININGS.	18th (44 Let, Let not)
I.(a a do, do not.)	let me, him, her, it, us, them.
المو المواد المواد	4 4444
و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و	444
32 33 33 33	7 4
33 27 27 27	4 4 4
المو المواقع ا	AND THE PARTY OF T
و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و و	2222
And so of all the Rest of the	3 14
72: Only observe that the Numbers 17th and 18th differ	4 4 4
a Little from the rest; thus.	W Vy W
17. A A A	V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V
J'm. Jam not, &c.	3 3 3 3
Fam, Sam not, se.	may you
A A W ME	Ly Ly Ly
Si Si la	M Sy Sy Sy
37 37 6 6	3 3
7 - 7 2 -	33433
MM MM	2 2 7 2
8,8, WW	7 7 7 7
grot no no n	8c. See Ols. The
The state of the s	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

The RULE for joining these SIGNS is this.
Whenever two, three four or more of these 33 Signs come together, in the same Sentence, then join them all together, without taking off the Pen See the last Examples.

77474

m.

9

The English Pronouns which often occur, See Ols.

million the state of the state of		CASA - CASA - 1		A A STATE OF THE S
J	1	her her's,	r	whoever,
(may)me, my,		her self,	20	whosoever.
my self	\sim	herown,		whom
my own,	7	her own self,	20	whomsoever, 0>
my own self.	7	it, its.		what
mine,	1	it self	2	nihatonion
mine own,	1	its own,	1	whatsoever,
mine own self.		its own self	2	whose
you, ye, thou, thee,		we	1	whose soever.
your, yours,	0.	us,	и	whose own. a
your self	VI.	our, ours,	3	whoso
your selves,	m	our selves	اق	this these those thus
your own,		our own	3	thus,
your ownself. your ownselves, thee,	X-U	our onnselves	SECOND OF A	that
your ownselves	0	they		same.
thee,	8	them	1	self-same, 4
(that)thy		themselves		self. selfish,
thy self,		their, theirs		own,e
thine, thy onn,		their own	1	ownselfe
thy ownself,	5	their ownselves	170	soever,
thine own,		I my Self	10	To write
thine ownself,	-	thouthy self.		
he,		he himself		(ILIZA)imak
him,		she her self	Black Process	(1 170)& then
himself,	1	we our selves	-	take off the Pen, and
his,		you your self.	m	make the Rest.
his own,	I	ye your selves,	00	(QQ) must be
his ownself.		they them selves	19	written at once.
she	3	which, who,	0	The

above.	a	beside besides,	5	on, upon,	e
almet .	-	betwixt, between,	-	out, out of	M
according,		beyond		over,	9
according to,	5	but		over-against.	91
after,		by,		round about,	6
against		concerning,	1	than,	1
amidst, midst,		except,		through	-
among, amongst	4	for,	T	thorough,	re
(away)	1 /1	from	L	throughout.	16
around, round,		in,	1	to into unto.	
as to,	1	instead,		toward	183.0
at,away with	1	instead of,	×	towards	15
away with	1/2	near near to.	-	under,	u
before,	120	nigh nighto.	8	underneath,	u
behind	1>	next, next to,	0	with,	0
below,	16	0. oh.		within	0
beneath,	40	of, off. }	e	without	9
		here, there, whi ned, which con	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO		~
here hither	r	heretofore	7	therein,	6
here-about	4	here through,	10000	thereof	1 0
hereafter	pe	herenith	I 'NE		16
hereat,	17	hithermost	P P	thereon,	6
here-away,	11	hitherward,	17	thereto	
	1/	there thither,	IF	thereunto	15
nerely	1	there about	F	thitherto,	1
THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				there-through	16
herein	re	thereafter	16_	were-unough	
herein	re re	thereafter,	6	therewith	17
herely, herein, hereon,hereupon hereto,hereunto hitherto,			The second second second		18

			ACCUSATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	The second secon	
nhereas, nhereat, nhere-anay.	-	whereto, whereinto, whereunto	フ	inward, outward, rereward,	ZY
nhereby, nherever, nheresoever, nhithersoever	7	where through, where with where withal, afterwards	1	thitherward, toward, towards, untoward,	5
wherefore wherein, whereinsoever whereof,	コプイト	backward, downward, forward, froward,	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	upward south ward north ward eastward,	12 C
whereon,	7	hitherward,	グ	homeward.	7
Conjunction	ns,&c	c. which also	contin	msisting of Ad	ee Ols
Abroad,	5	any way,any wise,any wise,anen,anen,anen,anen,	1	as long as, (many,money) as many as, (much,)	0
afar,	م م می	anon,	1	as much as, as often as, as soon as,	7
along,(long.) ah, albeit	h	any more, (other, others.) any other,	Ar e	as wellas, asunder, at all,	
all along, almost, (together;)	200	any time, at any time, any where,	1	ata Venture,) atan adventure, Because, of	1
altogether,	N	any where else apace, apiece apart, part	Por	behold, beheld, belong,	Ve v
although,	4	aright right, as follows as far as	11	but also	NAN

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	a stranos -	international distribution of the second			
contrarinise,		for ever's ever,	5	inner	7
cross-wise	+	for evermore.	and the second	inmost	7
down to dans	/	forth,	3	innermost.	1
daily, (do)	2	forthwith	7	instant - ly	4
day-time	2	forthcoming.	49	interim,	6
donn, (done.).	2	frequent: ly:cy,	3	item.	7
early,	n	fro from	L	Last, lastly,	9
		farther, further,	7	last place	S.
		furthering	4	late, lately,	4
enough,	7	farthest furthest	L.	likenrise,	7
enon,	7	furthermost.	7	little enough	Un 1
		further-more.	7	little less,	4
	_	gratis	4	little more,	4
	_ /	hard by,	20	little while,	4
even as		hence-forth,	2	long, = ing,	00
		hence-forward,	3	longer, est,	
000000,		here and there,	4/	long ago	My
		hindmost	1_	long since	رور
evermore	AND THE PART OF SERVICE	hindermost	1	long while,	ngr.
ever since,	C	howbest,	VS	many, money,	8
every body,	9 1	however,	V	manifold,	2
every where,	7	honsoever,		(6 fold, &c.)	6L
CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	- 1	how far,	N	many more,	8
ever and ever;		how long,	V	many times,	1 (1
Far,		how many.	10	methinks	2
1 , , , , , , , ,	7	how much,	12	mean time,	7
far away,	/	how much more		moreover,	NY
far less,		how much lefs,	19	more & more.	4 1/
farewel	7	how often,	W.	to morrow-night	
fen, fenver, fenvest	54	how soon,		morning,	
	5	how well,	SA		אר
final finally.	-	if	1-	most=ly,	12
for as much as,	1	immediately.	5	much,	96
foremost,	7	(amidst.)	15	much less	0
forenoon,	1	imprimis,	14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1
for ever,	>	indeed,	1)	Nay,	

neither nor.	4	presently,	٤,	too much	COOK THE COOK I I
(near.)	0.212	rather	36.10	too often	
nearer	NA.	their theirs,		too soon	300
nethermost.	7	restore,		to wit.	7
never	-2	seldom	5	twice	7
nevermore.	-94	so, shew, show,	6	unawares,	5
night, nightly.	7	so be it.	J.	under-hand,	ú
(anen, new.)		so far.	17	undermost,	W.
no, non.	7	solong,	丁	uppermost,	8
no body	3	so many	Ī	utmost,	3
no less	-0	so much,	1	uttermost,	V
no more,	Carlos 17 (1986)	so often	T)	verily, verily,	9
no where	e	so well,	5	very long	2
no where else.	Ph	some body	67	very much (&c)	99
no nrife	7	some more,	3	viz.	VZ
not only,	<u> </u>	some other,	8	whenever,	
notwithstanding	0	something	5	whensoever,	0
Oftentimes,	7	sometime,s	19	while, whilst.	0
old,	1	somewhat		whether,	0
other, others,	6	some where,	1	whetherornot,	0
older, oldest,	9	some where else	7	whether or no.	00
once,	ور	sundry.asunder,	In	which is to say.	9
once more	ex	thence-forth,	1	why not	0
one another,	es"	thence-forward,	5	why so,	2
or else	90	that is to say.	(2)	withal,	
otherwise,	e,	though although.	85	yea or nay,	8
or otherwise,	1ge	thrice	6	yes or no,	BACCHICO CONTRACTOR 1
over & above,	2	thus far	15	yesterday	8
over & over	99	to and again	12	yesternight	X >
over again,	12	to and fro	+	yet.	10
over & over again	31	together, with.	48	10.	9
over little,	194	,	-	yet nevertheles,	8
over many.	92	too far	7	(notwithstanding)	
over much,.	99	too little	6	yet notwith flanding	
part, ly, apart,		too long	1	yonder	1
past,	18	too many	6		
Louis amount	1		1	The	

アノストーノニートーをいるとことによっているという

The 1.st CHAP. of S. John's Gospel, written by the Shortening Rules, Signs of the English Moods Tenfes, & Perfons, with the Pronouns, Prepositions, and other English Particles. Joining Rules.

Joining Rules fitted to the English Tongue. 1st Joining Rule.

ns,

les.

ules.

2d Joining Rule.

J. Join the English Verb, (or Participle,) to any one, or more of the above mentioned 36 signs of the English Moods, Tenses, Persons, and Negative (Not.) when ever they come together; and that whether the said Verb, (or Participle,) come before, between, or after any of the said 36 signs; because these Signs agree with, and belong to the said Verb, (or Participle,) and are plain, when join d; and, indeed, every Verb supposes a Mood, Tense, and Person, Examples.

(He spoke, he spoke not, spoke he, spoke he not, spoke not he, they would speak, they would not speak, would they not speak, would not they speak. John would speak, God would speak, a Woman would not speak, the people could not speak, thou, art speaking, they have been speaking, they have been speaking, have they been speaking, have they been speaking,

have they not been speaking, have not they been speaking. ye are observing, ye are observed, they paying rent, not desiring to pay, he came to speak, to observe, about to observe, he having spoke, they being observing, they being observed. God having observed, yousee, she will not see, a Woman being observing -ed, the People are ob of when the the serving ed &c .. to the Told Ju vs ~ w 2 dly As you join the Persons, or Nominative Cases, (18997189) to the aforesaid Signs of the Moods, and Tenses, and Verb, (or Participle,) so you must also join these following Nominative Cases, to the same Signs, and Vert (or Participle:) because they are very plain to wit. 1. 12 of me & my 1 & Imy self, &c.) 2 dly All the other Pronouns, which & end with (self,) or (selves.) as, (VZ ~, 22, U, CC, U, my self, my onnself, &c.) 3 dly All the Adjective Pronouns, when they have no Substantive after them; as, (-, 11. rr, 11, EE, TT, my own&c.) 4thly (/(00) 00 0 & this, these, those, that, which, who, whoever, whosoever, whoso, what, whatever, whatsoever, 5thly These Adjectives following, when they have no Sub stantive after them, to nrit, (e 10 1 10 000 J-SXA-VY & 9890 -, one, another, any, any one, other, s, any other, some other, s, no other, either, neither, both, more, any more, no more, some more, every one, much, many, such, all, none, nothing.) 6 thly

All the Nouns that are nritten by Marks, or end with Marks; that is to say, such as are not written by the Letters of the Alphabet. 7thly Any Noun whatever, if the Verb, (or Participle,) which is to be joined to it, begins with a Mark. Examples. 1. (I my self called, of &c.) 2. (himself called, themselves called, 5 &c.) 3d (his own are called, 18 &c.) 4th (nho can recommend, One &c.) 5.th (one shall call, the other shall answer. 6th (the Accompt cannot be reckond, (a Cross will come tug &c) (reflection would have been condemned n. 17) 7th God protects, a King pardons, the man overys, a Woman transforming, 4h, -2, &c.) 3 dly As you join the English Particle, or Abverb, (Not,) to the afores aid Signs of the English Moods, Tenfes, and Persons, and Vert, (or Participle,) so you must also join any one, two, or more of all the Rest of y Particles, whenever they come together, either before, after, or in the Middle of the said Signs, Verb, (or Participle,) to nrit, (and, or, now, never, then, when, therefore, &c. - 9 -e - (0 [&c.) See the 46 English Prepositions, and Words be ginning with (here, there, where,) and Words ending in (=ward,) which are all Particles. See also the Rest of the Particles, set down alphabetically. Examples. (he never spoke, he then spoke, spoke he never, he now speaks. John will not yet speak, they will both sing, and dance, or game; and therefore they can never be reformed now, while they live, and are preserved, and so they will ask, when will they reform, n, 40 4, 2 gn, 1 25 The Egy, out &c.) (come off. on, up. -down, in, -out, - away, - through &c. coming off. - on, - up

6

rg

ds,

0

e

4

n

(c.)

ho,

er:)

or;

er,

78.

All

&c. ve, ve, op, o, o, only remember to join the next Word after / make; ing, made,)(take, ing, en, took,) if they both make but one Verb; as (he makes intercession) (i.e. he intercedes) (he will take no session) (i.e. he will possess.) The same may be said of (bare bearing) as: (he did bear witness,) (i.e. he witnessed,) (he bare record, &c.) (&) &c.) Also remember that the Par= -ticle (forth,) 49 after any Verb, (or Participle,) is made by joining (0) thereto; as, (come, -ing forth, 0000 &c) Observe. If there is a Dot (·) in any Joining, then be sure to make the Dot(·) last; as, (he occasioned it; he com --missioned him, seiz, suz &c.) 2dly Observe. As there are two (p' po) and two (s' 19) therefore write that (p,) or (s,) when joined, which is written when disjoined; as, (he plants, he Supplants, he sleeps, he shakes, It, sov, Jup, Im, &c) 3dly Observe. When I say, that all the Adverbs are to be joined unto the Verb, (or Participle,) as Particles; I don't take in Adverbs, ending in (: ly,) formed from Adjective Nouns; of which there are some Thousands; as, (nrisely, meekly, justly, &c.) except the Verb, either ends with a Mark; or the Advert, ending in (1y,) begins with a Mark, as: (he speaks visely-meekly-justly, he re= serves wisely, he speaks prudently, -coldly, of Dr. v. In], 387, Jan, Inl. 80 Lastly Observe. You see that no Nominative Case (a. greeing with the Signs of the Moods, and Tenses, and Verb, (or Participle,) is joined to the said Signs and Verb; except the Nominative Case of the Persons, or Pronouns, (1 8997189) and the other Pronouns, to wit (2) &c. And that Nominative Cases of Nouns, whether Adjective, or Substantive, are not join'd to the said Signs, and Verb, unless either the Noun, or the Verb, (or Participle,) endor

legin with a Mark, (as was said before.) And indeed tho' the Noun is a Mark, or ends with one; yet if () for (s,'s) is added to it; then it must not be joined; because, as was hinted before, nothing is to be joined after (.) Examples. (Crosses will come, Reflections will never do. n. So. &c.) See Obs. & Specimen.

(,2

0

de

(4)

y

e.

y

n

25.

7

as.

ds

a.

er:

ns

&C.

ve,

rb. or

69990-

3d Joining Rule.

1st Join the Pronouns (governed) to the said Verb, or Participle, (governing them:) and that whether these Pronouns refer to Persons, or Things, or to both, and whether & Pronouns have a Noun Substantive after them (agreeing nith them) or not; and whether they come immediately after the Verb, or Participle, or after the Advert, or Particle (Not,) or other Adverts, Conjunctions, or Particles, or after the Persons (1 x 9 9 7 1 x 9) or other Pronouns; and leave out the (to,) or (unto,) the Sign of the Dative Cases: because the sense and Connection will instantly force you to pronounce or read the (to) or (unto) Examples. (he recommends him, -it, - himself, -his own - my Father they are recom--mending themselves, have they never recommended it unto you, she spoke to you, he came not to you, did you see him? mockest thou me? thou shalt not bow down thy self to them, nor serve them he came to his own, and his own received him not. mock not your own Father, &c. is the say are song, ene song. 2 dly Join also these following Words to the said Verb, or Participle, governing them, and that whether they have a Noun Substantive after them, or not; to wit (150000 0>:) as also, these following, whether they have a Noun Substantive after them, or not; to nit. (一をからしゃとう) ろいれている

--e).

Examples. (he perceives,

this; that man, one, another Person, no man, &c. 3 dly Join any Noun whatsoever (whether it be an Ad jective, or Substantive, or both Adjective and Substan. : tive) to the said Verb, or Participle, governing it: if the said Noun hath any of the Articles (a, an, the,) going before it. Examples. (he rebukes a King, the King, the Kings, the rich a rich man, the rich Queens &c. sky, sky, sky, sky, sky hath not any of the Articles before it; yet if either the Verb ends with a Mark, or the Noun begins with a Mark, then the Noun must be joined; Examples. (he reserves Rent, he conquers Afflictions, Der, Jens, &c.) 5.thly If the Verb ends with one of the Vowels (A 9 x e v.) then you may also join the Noun thereto; because you may soon recollect (by the sense and Connection) whether the Vowel ends the Verb, or begins the Noun; Examples. (heshall see God, Tyy) (thou wilt son Beans, & & &c.)
But observe; if the Verb, or Noun do not so end or begin, &c then disjoin the Noun; as, (he recommends Kings, In a &c.) Again observe, You must disjoin the Pronouns, and Nouns governed, if they happen to be trans -posed, or put out of their proper Place; as when they are placed before the Vert, or Participle; Examples. (him they received not; a King they never will obey. But still the Relatives (0 (0 which, that, whom.) with (0) 0 0 /, whomsoever, what, whatever, whatsoever, this, these, those, are placed and joined before the Verb, or Par ticiple. Examples (which, - whom he sent, of On &c.) 4th Joining Rule.

or Words, that come after them; if they belong to them; and that whether that Wordbe a Pronoun, and have a Noun Substantive after it, or not: or whether it be any Adverb whatsoever, (even those ending in (=ly,) or any other Particle; or whether it be a Noun substantive, or Adjective, or both Adjective and Substantive; or whether the Articles (a. an.) or (the,) go before the said Noun substantive or Ajective, or both: For as these 34 Signs are remarkably plain, so the next Word, or Words joined to them, must also be plain. Examples. (does your Father Speak, does mine speak, did he humbly speak, he did humbly speak, did God recommend; thou art wise, he is not just are just men recommended, shall your kind Daughter be rejected, Did a King recommend him, did the King refuse, cannot a just Man speak, May the rich people reprove, could not he justly reprove &c. my 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, · K

&c)

n:

9.

111

k

25

1,)

ne

er

es.

c) egs,

ns

4

1.

&c.

th

er;

Par

rit,

&c.) But if the next Word, after any of these foregoing 34 Signs, happen to be (to /), or (about to T) the Signs of the infinitive Mood; or some other Word, that does not belong to these 34 Signs; then you must not join them to any of these 34 Signs; Examples. (he commanded you to speak to me, he was about to speak to you, Shall they, without my Leave, receive my Rents &c.

Observe. These 4 foregoing Joining Rules relate to the Construction, or Joining of the Verb, (or Participle) with what belongs to them; to wit, the Signs of the English Moods Tenfes, and Persons, with the Particles, and Pronouns, &c. agreeing with, and govern'd by the said Verb, (or Participle.) & might have been comprised in One joining Rule. See Ols. & Specimen.

5th Joining Rule.

1: Join any Noun-Sub stantive to any Noun-Adjective, going before it, and agreeing noth it; and that whether any of the Articles (a. an. or the,) come before, or between them, or not. Examples. (meek men, meeker nomen, meekest Person, adancing maid, a Shaved face, the great men, all people, all the people, his book, her daughter, their own children, this land, that house, one son, another daughter, which relation. Sc.

2 dly Join the said Adjective and Substantive to the Signs of Comparison, (more, most, or very) going before them; Examples. (a more sly Woman, the most humble Servant. a very humble Servant. My7, 2, 8c.)

a very humble servant. (1500 Be - 12 A 12 C W A 13 - 2 C W A 15 C W A 15 C W A 16 C

Examp (your humble servant, your most humble servant, their own kind daughter, this good man, that jealous noman, & & , & , & , & , & .)

4. thly Join any two Words together, that are put for, or used as an Adjective and Substantive, or partake of their Nature, and that whether any of the Articles (a.an, or the,) come before, or between them, or not. Examples. (all good shall come &c. all the good, all mine, a little one, a little ligger, so wife, too wise. &c.

5thly Join also any one or more of the Particles, going before, and belonging to any Pronoun, Noun-

Substantive, or Adjective, or both Adjective and Substan--tive, or to the Signs of Comparison, (more, most, or very,) or to the said two Adjectives, and one Substantive, or to any of the foregoing Adjectives: to wit. (1000 & &c. this these those, that which what whatever &c. or to any two Words, put for, or used as an Adjective & substantive. In short, Join not only two, or more of these Particles to one another, whenever they come together in the same Sentence; but also join one, or more of them to any Word, or Words, which come next after them, and be--long to them, though that Wordshould be an Adverb, for Particle) ending in (: ly;) and whether the Articles (a, an, or the,) come before the said Word, or Words; or not. Examples, he recommends him, and her, and you, and them, and me, and their own, and themselves, and John, and the People he preserves the good, and prudent, and the wife, and good people. he will obey you, or more prudent men, or your kind daughter, or that great man. not only riches, but all good shall come to thee. I spoke nifely, and meekly, and prudently, he would not reckon fairly, nor meekly, me

Only observe If the Substantive is transposid and put out of its proper Place, by being placed before if Adjective; then they must not be joined. Examples. (the Place appointed is not observed: A Counsel skilful in matters criminal. &c.

7/00

Lastly Observe. This 5th Joining Rule relates to the Construction, or Joining of the Noun, (or Pronoun put for it.) with what belongs thereto; to wit, the Articles, and Particles, which go before the said Noun, (or Pronoun.)

See Obs. and Specimen.

6 th Joining Rule.

above	a	beside, besides.	1	on unon	e_
about,		betrict between,		out, out of	N
according,	/1	beyond	8	over,	19
according to		but.	2	over-against,	-
after,	A STATE OF THE STA	by.		round-about,	1 .
against,	74	except,		than,	_
				thorough	
away, 5	11	for,from,	L	throughout.	
around, round,	2	in,	`	to into unto.	
as to,	1	instead,	×	toward,	
at, away with,	7	instead of, \ near, near to,	_	under,	The state of the s
before,	16	nigh nighto,	-	underneath.	
behind	>	next next to	2	with.	1 0
below		0.0h.		within,	See State of the S
beneath,	4	of off	e	without	19

Adjective, or both Adjective's Substantive, or two Adjectives, and one Substantive, (as in the Fifth Joining Rule,) comes after any one of the foregoing 46 English Prepositions, and do belong to, and are governed by that Preposition: then join them thereto: whether the Articles (a, an, or the,) go before the said Noun, &c. or not. Examples. (he came against me, before you, betwixt themselves, nigh his own, on land, to wards the Sea, over a river, beyond bounds, in him, from the time, at a place, above all, under some, below the wise, about great men, beside the rich Lords, by your hind son, for this, &c.

2 dly Join also, to any one of the 46 Prepositions,

any Participle, with the Pronoun governd by that Participle, if they come after that Preposition, and do belong to, and are governed by it. Examples (in recommending him, he &c. the fear of speaking to you, was &c. by reproving your daughter, they &c. for reproving every one but you, she &c. he was against protecting himself, or any other Person, except you, &c. 102, 86c. 17 My 18c. 18c. 18c.

3. dly Join also any one, or more of the Particles, going before, and belonging to the said Preposition, & Pronoun, and Noun Governed by it. Examples. (and against him, and for you, neither for you, nor for himself, either amongst the rich, or amongst the wife Men. not only against God, but also against the People. &c.

0

es

in

ne,

0 =

m

he

Observe. This 6th Joining Rule relates to the Construction, or Joining of the 46 English Prepositions, and the Pronouns, and Nouns coming after them, and governed by them, with the Particles going before these Prepositions, and belonging to them. See Ols. & Specimen.

The END of the Joining Rules.

A Large SPE CIMEN of the Writing, done after the Shortest Way, by the Shortening & Joining Rules, and SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Pronouns, Particles, TABLE of Shortened Words, & By which is joined, in every Sentence, at least 2.3, 4.5, 6.7, or more Words together, without taking off the Pen: And each of these Joinings are written in almost half the Time, and half the Room, that they take disjoined; and are a great deal more plain, and Legible, than if every Word were written Separately: Besides, every Joining can be taken a sunder, Word for Word, (if required) This Specimen will

nill serve as a Pattern, and School-master, to direct the Learner, in writing and reading the Method. Observe. Though there is scarce any thing, in the Specimen, but Joinings; yet there are only three Sorts of these Joinings; and these three continually occur: to nit, 3. The Joining relating to the Verb, (or Participle) nith what belongs thereto, contained in the 1st 2d, 3d and 4th Joining Rule, and marked (v.) 2dly The Joining, relating to the Noun, (or Pronoun,) with what belongs thereto, contained in the Fifth Joining Rule, and marked (n.) 3dly The Joining, relating to the Preposition, with what belongs thereto, contained in the Sixth Joining Rule, and marked (p.) See Ols. &c.

G

- 5:

?=

ファラフィン

らいるフる

. . .

24 26 27 29 Observe. The Pen, in this Chapter, by my Former Method, is taken off 718 Times: but by this New Method, only 301 Times. &c. See Olo. ACTS. Chap. 26. 3-p6 10 0 13

JOB. Chap XI. ECCLESIASTES. Chap. XII. 200

02,9020 A LEASE of a House in London. 292 ev rez 4 4 n 2 E 5 1.03. e - To pe g. xc. ruz 3 8.D. e 35 Teur - 9 me C.D. ne 35 ene 3 6.0.

Bos Josephon roboth my - John y month 763 163 36.00. 3 8. D. 7 5 35 m 14 7 pan 1.03. 3 8.0. 03L 21 99 91 九小子 Nex of Marga 4,908

5

343500

3. 3.97

00/

A General RELEASE.

~~ > G.A.B. e growing week wy 5 kg 2 2 16.0. e. LAUKIELA まって シン はらっろのし ey RENGIA 38 N 799 10 145 8. D. 3-62012018 2 - 4, 9 ex, 7 92 eores 1. 2 se.

A Letter of ATTORNEY.

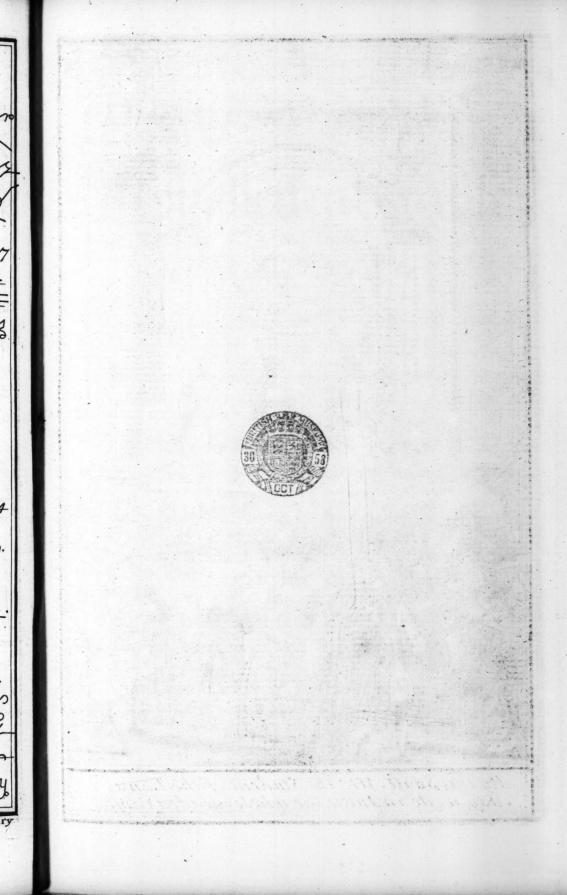
12 ph 321.03. 4 - NS. 7 6 82 7 5 2000 1274321.03.49 ナトルからつりもりつろ 39295-E 6.D. EE 25 2 W/W/9 4-7-7463412 e 8.5. e & 2 - 7 eq 2 -The LORD'S Prayer. Matth. 6.9. 4 TO SEA TO SE TO -32/12/230 4 g - LLe mi 5-5 6 2 hoods

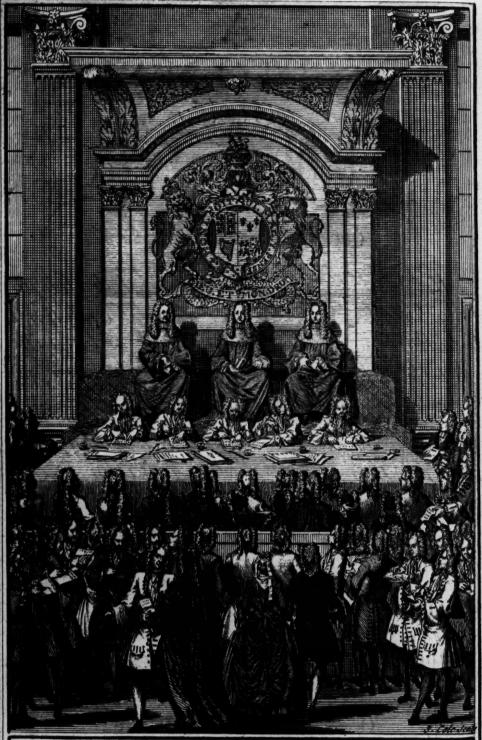
The Ten Commandments. EXODUS. CHAP. XX.

409 mon my my 2me 13 749 2 x CON-3 80 2 e 4 V-1 4 43 46 67 lyc out 6/ = Revy you No 7 12 2 Je Suto 7 20-03 75/10/20 5-45 5-451-25-84

The CREED.

345NM & 31802 mes.





By this Swift Art, the Student of the Laws, May write in Little the whole pleaded Caufe.

DICTIONARY,

Alvhabetical Cable.

CONTAINING

Almost all the Words in the English Tongue, With the Short-Hand over-against each Word; So that no Perfon can mistake, or be in the least Doubt, how to write, or read this New Method.

This Table is Fitted

To any Profession, Art, or Science whatsoever, whether Law, Divinity, History, &c.

AND YET

The Words therein are not in the least burdensom to the Memory; because the greatest Part of them are made by the RULES, And so serve as Examples Suited to the said Rules. And the Rest are Shortned after such A Rational, and Easie Manner, that the Learner may attain them by reading them thrice over; and nriting the short-Hand once over, as is evident from the Observations on this Table.

Vox audita perit, Litera Scripta manet.

明風の日本 神経をというというは あるとう とはなんというに VIII () () () Mille thank in The English Fine in Week the more thank in a represent really the sail there in Forting over might be will the 19 10 and the confidence of the second of the highlight Tilled as well as the contract of the contract of The first of the second of the second fitzen engin at the imprise about of the Throng to Some No hallowill a great the and then the finance and williage ! Compressed to the right of prince the aldill will an amine prairie

An Alphabetical TABLE of Words commonly used in the English Tongue, SHORTENED in the most natural, rational, and easy Manner, by the Letters, Prepositions, and Terminations.

See Observations hereon.

Abandon To accomplish actord, cord abforeriate TV accord, cord abforeriate TV accord, cord adjourn To adjudge, judge adjudication adjust just adjust just adjust just adjust adjust just adjust adjust just adjust adjust just adjust adj				V		100
abbreviate	11 1			4 h		
abdicate		1. 10. 15. 15. 15.			adjudae judae	1
abonore-ence, abjure acoutrement of adjust, fust about about and accuracy; rate, of administrator abound abound accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom administrative administrative accustom custom accustom custom administrative accustom custom accustom custom accustom custom administrative accustom custom accustom custom accustom custom accustom custom accustom custom accustom custom accustom accustom custom custom accustom custom cust			' ' '			
aljure			accoutrement	2	ANIMET INST	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
abound abound accure, rate, accuracy, rate, administrator advantage, and accured cursed administrator administrator accure, ration, accustom custom custom administrator administrator accustom custom custom administrator administrator accustom custom custom administrator administrator accustom custom administrator administr	abjure		accrue, crew.	m	admeasurement	1
abortive		CONTRACTOR		1		
abound abundance; and accustom custom admire; able admiral; lity admire; lity admir			accuracy; rate,	35		7
alridge alridge acknowledge. alridge acknowledge. alridge acknowledge. alridge acknowledge. acquaint; ance, admission. alsoence acquires where, admonish. alsoent acquisition. alsotruse acquit, quit, acquistance. alsotruse acquitance. acceptable acceptable. acceptable. acceptance. acceptable. acceptance. acceptance.			accursed curses	۴.		
abridge acknowledge acknowledge acquaint; ance acquiefce; ence		1 1	accuje, - ation,	13 3		Contract Con
abrogate			accustom, cujton	. S.	admirations	Y
absence acquirefice; ence, admonish adopt, tive, adopt, tive, adopt, tive, adopt, tive, adopt, adopt, tive, adopt, adopt, tive, adopt, tive, adopt, adopt, tive, adopt, adopt, tive, adopt, adopt, tive, adopt, advantage, eous, advantage, eous, advantage, eous, advantage, eous, advertise, acceptable, acceptable, acceptable, addition, nal, acceptable, addition, nal, addition, addition, advertise, advise, adv		1 111			admit, tance.	3
absence acquire, where acquire, where adopt, tive, advance advance advance advance advance advantage, eous, adventure, venture advertise advertise advertise advertise advertise advertise advice, advise advice, advise advance advice, advise advance advice, advise advance advance advice, advise advice, advise advance advance advice, advise advance advice, advise advance advance advice, advise advance advertise advertise advice, advice, advise advice, advise advice, ad		1000			admysion	'5
abstain acquisition. abstain acquit, quit, adorable advance advantage, eous, active,			1			
abstinence, ent; acquittance a	absent	T		1 -		
abstinence, ent; acquittance of advance of advance of advance of advance of advance of advantage, eous, acceptable acceptance accept	,		1		adorable	9
abstrufe					adorn	9
abourd,-dity. abroad	abstrufe	T	acre, acres	25	advance	
acceptable activity adversary, adversary, acceptance accepts on acceptance acceptance accepts on acceptance ac	absurd, dity.	Th	action, nable,	1		
acceptance actor, actrefs. 2 adverfe, sity, accepts on acception addition, nal. advertise advertise advertise advertise advertise advertise advice, advice, advice, advice, advice, advice, advice advice advice adjacent, jacent adultery adultery			active	1	The state of the s	
accefs; -sible accefsion accefsion accident; tal. accommodate accommodate accompany accident; tal. addition; nal. advert; ency; advertise advertise advice, advise advifeable			activity	V	adversary,	
accident, tal addition, nal. 3 advice, advise accommodate accompany adjacent, jacent 1 adultery 3		37	actor, actress.	3	adverse, sity	2
accident, tal address, dress. 3 advice, advise accommodate accompany adequate 5 advise advi	V 4 .	197.		1 7 1	advert; ency,	
accommodate accompany adequate adviseable advis	V	140	The second state of the se	1 .)	aaveruse	
accompany adhere; nce; nt, 3 adulterate; rous adjacent, jacent 2 adultery		2			advice, advise	5
company adjacent jacent 1 adultery		ان	1 ./			
		4		1	adulter	5
adv: 64	, .		10	1	adulterer-els	55
	accompace	4	and construct	m	adv:	4

Restrict and between the					
advocate	30	amazement.		antichrist ian	X
advonson	N	ambasador.	1	anticipate	1
affable-ility.	9	ambassage	1	antipathy	
affair 10	0	ambiguous; ily		antiquate, ity	1/0/
affidavit	9	ambitious, tion		antitrinitarian	1
affering	0_	ambush-scade	1	antitype	2
affirm, ative,	00	amend, mend	2	anxious,-xiety	
afford afraid		amerce, ment	12/2	ape; apish	-
affront-tive.	0	amiable	711		
afore hand	9	amount; mount	5	apocrypha al apology, gize. apoplectick	20
aforesaid	مح	amplifie	10	apoplectick	4.6
afresh, fresh.	لم	amplification	6.	apoplexy	2
agency; agent	14/4	amufe, muse	4		
aggrandize	18	anabaptist	1	apostate, tixe	1
aggi al acci.	1 4	analogy, gical		apostle, lick.	10
aggrefsor	1 %	anathema; atize	7	*** ***	
aggrieve, grieve,	4	anatomy, mize	1	aposthecary	Pro
agony	14	ancestor	1	appear,-ance	200
agreeable	4	anchor, rage.	The state of the s	appellant	Po
ague, aguish.	14	ancient	1	appellative	Coc
alacrity	w	anger, angry	-	appendent	2
alarm	5	anguish	Th	appendix	6
alderman; men		animadvert.	1	appertain, ance	P
alehoufe		animal	2	apply-licable.	
algebra-aical,	74	animosity	1	application	5,0
alien,-nate	~	annihilate	1	appoint: ment	5
alimony	28	anniversary.	1	apprehension	32
allegation	2.0	annoy,-ance	Ne	apprehend; nfive	170
alledge giance	4	annual, annul	1	apprentice	4
allegory,-ucal,	14	annuity	1	approach	05
allevrate	w	anoint	-	appropriate	20
alms, house.	12	anonymous	1	approve	80
alphabet ical	25	answer, able.	1	approbation	P
altar, alter	4	antagonist	1	appurtenance	20
alternate, tive,	4	antecedent	14	arbitrate trary	N
amanuensis	-	antediluvian	11	archbishop	1
S Kara				ar:	2

architect	16h	atheist; tical.	19	banquet, bent	<
rdency, ent	BALLES WILL FOR CO.	attach; ment		baptize	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
rgument; ative	1 . / /	attendance;ant		baptifm, mal	4
right, right		attention, tive		baptist	4
withmetick, cal		attest; tation	15	bar, baratry	
army, armies		attorney,-5	00	barbarous, rity	
arraign	1 0 .	attract; tive		bargain	BERNSON .
arrogate, nce, nt,		attribute	1	barley	
artful, artist.	1 1	avarice; icious	K	bafiful	Sec
article; culate		auction, neer.		baftard; dy; dize,	1%
artifice; cial	12	audacious	-	bear, bearer	\$100 (100 to 100 to
artillery		audible		beatify - fick .	
ascension, ascend	10	audience		beautifie	
ascertain, certain		auditor, ry	1 C	beauty; tiful	
ashes		augment	1 -	became become	51
ashore, shore.	1 -	avoid, void.	1 - 4/	befriend	120
asteep, steep	17	avouch, vouch.	I V	began begin begun	15
afpect	1 4	avon, von		beginning	
asperse, sion.	10	auricular	1 0 1	begat, beget	10.00
asperje,swn. aspire	133		11	.0 . 1/	
aßaßinate	1 4	auspicious	4	begot, begotten	
0 0		austere, rity	1/	behalf, behove, behave,	
assemble-bly		authentick; can	1.0	1 1 1 1 1 1	STATE OF THE PARTY OF
assertion, assert	17.7	author, - rity.			
asseveration.		authoritys, rize			
assignee, s	189	auxiliary		believer	
assistance, and		awake, walk.		below	
asire, associate		award, ward.	17	beloved, beston	1
asume, asump/u	41	5 B	13	benediction	15
assurance	· kc	0111	1	benefactor	/
asmage	14	Balchelor	1 8	benefice benefit	15
astonish	12	backbite	150	beneficence	1
aftray, stray	h	backslide	1	beneficial	15
astrology; gical	11	balance	150	benevolence;nt	STATE OF THE PARTY NAMED IN
astronomy:ica	121	balsam; mick	14	benign; nity.	<
atchievement		tanish		bequeath	
atheism	. 1	bankrupt; toy	1	befeech	. <

		and the fall transfer of			
besought	4	brethren	4	censure, orious	-4
bespeak speak	10	british brutish.	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	ceremony, nious	
beforinkle sprinkle	3	buggery	3	certain, nty	
beston, beloved	8	bullock	18	certifie, ficate.	k
bethink, think	5	burden, some.		challenge	
bethought, thought	5	burglar, ry		chamber	50
betray	15.	bury borrow	4	chancellor	FE
bigamy	\Su	bufiness	4	chancery	2
bipartite	8	by-lan,-s,	3	chance-medley	0
birthright	51	by-word; way,	503	change; able	50
bishop oprick	50%		11111	character, riftick	Em
blackmoor	Sn.		1	charge, able.	88
vancava	TV.	Calamitous; ity	0	charity; able	
blameles	3	calculate	2	charter-party	201
blaspheme, my, ous,	<	calf, calve	500	chaste; tity	
		calm, ness	13	chasten, tife	8
bleed, blood; dy	<	calumny, niate		cheap, cheapen	2
2		candle, stick.	7 15 /	chear, ful	55
blind fold				cherish	12
blifs, blifsful.		capacity, itate	9	child, hood	95
block-ish		capital-tulate	30	childish, dren	35
blockhead		captain	ne	chimera	N
bondage	4	captive, vate, ity		Christ-ten-tian	XX
bondman, men	-	cardinal carnal	5	christendom.	3
borough,borrow	4	careful, Iness	EE	christianily.	8
bottom, mry	15	cargo, carriage	4	chrytmas	×
viake, vieux	10	cargo carriage carpenter cash, cashier.	\$	Christ Jefus	37
, , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		cash, cashier.	12	church yard.	50
branch	4-6	catalogue	20	churt lish	20
brevity	5	catechize, ifm	14%	circle, culate.	n
bridegroom	4	categorical	2	circumcifion.	٢.
bridle	3	caterpillar	20	circumspect	4
brief, benefit.	2	cathedral	7	circumstance.	<u></u>
brimstone	15	catholick	93	circumvent	TIV
brother, rly	3	caveat, caught	/	city, citys	8
brotherhood	1/2	celebrate; atton	KK	cutizen	2
•	, ,,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Timil line like	1.	anisale.	10	comfaignant its	C
avil, lize, lity	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS.	comply	8	conspicuous; ity	
clamour, rous		comprehend five	4	conspire racy.	ず
dandestine.	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	compromuse.	6	constable	
darifie, clear		concomitant.	6	constant; ney.	3
clash, claufe.		concord, concur	2	constitute; ution	99
dave, cleave.		concourse	(4)-3) 12	confulstantial.	
dergy knowledge	4	concubine	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	confuls tantiation	STORY BENEFIT OF THE PARTY OF T
derk	2	concupy cence; ble		confume, mate.	
cloath, cloth.		condescend-nton	55	consumptive.	9
coefficient	۲	condition; nal.	5	contain contend	c
coequal	4	confabulate, ry	Š	concenaous)	
coessential	۱ ۲	confederate; cy	5	contemplate:tive.	
coeternal	57	confest; sion.	53	contemporary	8
coexistent	00	confide;nce.nt.	56	contempt lde ous	C
cognifance	d	confirm	5	contend	C
cohabit	5	conflagration	5.	content	5
coheir, cohere	2	conform; ity.	24	contest	5
coheires	7	confront	C	contiguous; ity.	18
coincident	الم	congratulate; ry.	12.	contingency; ent	1/2
cold; dish	03	congregation; al		contract	
colloguy	30	conjeture; al .	gr	contradict: ory	S. Const
comfort; able.	190	conjugal, gate	9	contradiftinguish	
comical	199	conjunture	4	am to dilination	nc
commandment	- /	connive; ance.	and the second	contrary: riety.	
committment)	6	conquerable			Ç
commemorate	12	conquest	15	contrite; rition	CE
commensurate	0-	consanguinity		contrive ance	1
commerce		conscience, ntions	174	controvert; roy	
commission, nate		V	54	contumacy, cious	1001
common wealth	197	consecrate	19	conveniency.	3
communicate; nt	- /	confent	Ich	convenient	Sve
company	99	confequence; nt; au	15	convention; al	12
compartive	9	consider; rate.		converse, sant	
comparison.	Tin	confign; nation			
compassion; ate	.4	confift; nce; nt.	190	convict	VV
	4	confort, refort		convince	12
compensate	Y_	wigord, rgord	47	conv.	. 7
		The second secon			

Scale Lynnamian Company Colonia

SCATON CONTROL	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.				
convoy	5	crucifix - ion	+0	dehort	R
convulsive	Su	cruel-by	120	delectable	201
co-operate		cuckold	0	delegate	541
copartner	1				
	8			deliberate, tive	
copulate; tive		culprit	3	delicate; cacy	
copy-hold	30	cultivate	t	delightsome.	9
corporal; real.	180	camber, some	10-0x	delinquent; noy	5
corporate; ton.	و و و	cunning		deliver; ry	3
correct; twe	FOR	curious; ofity	ξ	demandant.	5
correspondince nt	ξ.	curlory	8	demolish	
corrigible	क्	cushion	80	demonstrate; ive	3
corroborate; tive	1 - V	custody		deny	2
corrupt; tive	£ 60	00	A CONTRACTOR	denominate.	
covenant	1 1		-	depart; ture.	1
cover, covert.		r \mathbf{D}		dependence nt.	0
covet; tous	2	damnable	2	deplore rable.	-
countenance.	6			depopulate	
counterballance		danaer-rous	7	deposition	2
counterfeit	12.	damnifie danger; rous debauch; ery	2	deprave, prive	2
courage; gious	104	decay, doctrine	3	deprecate	
courfe, curfe,s		declare; ry; ive	-	depretiate	
court, teous	1 99	decreafe, decree	A SECTION OF SECTION	depression	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF
courtesy	m	defame; matory	1 11	depute; ty	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O
cousin, cozen	12	default	5	derive; vative.	A - ALL WILL WILL WILL
convard, dife.		defect; tive	3	derogate; tory	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
craft ty	2	defence, nfive.	111	descendidant.	
crave, cleave.	2	defend; dant.		desert; tion	
credential,s	m	deficiency	53	design, nation.	IF E
credible, lity.	10	deficient	5-	1 1 1.	199
credit; able		defie, edifie	5	defire; rous	15
creditor	13	definite, tive	5	defist	12/2
credulous, lity	18	deform; mity		desolate; ation	150
crime; minal.	1	defraud fraud		despair; perate.	
critick; cal		defray	مردا	despicable	18
criticize; cifm	1	. , ,	5		13
		degenerate; acy	14	despise, dispose	
cross, crucifie.		degree; s	99	despondincy nt	12
-			111		10

1	INCOME.	STATE OF THE PARTY		CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	T
destine, nate, ny	3	discomsit; ture.	15	dispirit	工川
destroy, ruction	221	disconsolate	5	dispose ition	
detach	2	discontent	5	dispossels	4
determine; ate	3	discontinue	5	disposses	97
detest; able	31	discord course	C	dienmans and	COMMUNICA
detinue detain	03	discomfit; ture. disconfolate discontent discontinue discord; course discourage	٤	disproportion ble	3
deviate; ation		discourse	CONTRACTOR OF STREET	disquiet	80
	7 1			disquiet	5
devil; lish	En	discredit	MINISTER WALL	disquisition	75
devour, defiver		discriminate; tive	No. 1000000000	disregard	
dextrous; rity		disdain; ful	Mary Colonia	difrespect; ful.	2
diabolical	The state of the s	disembark	2	diffatisfy; ctory	
dictate; tionary		disengage		disserve, disserse	
difference, ent.		dusfigure		dissemble	5
difficult; by	5	dishearten		disseminate	٦
diffidence:nt.	55	dishonest; ty.	120	dissimulation	7
digest; tion	25	dishonour	20	distrade; a five	02
dignifie	17	dishonourable.	5	distance; ant	3/1
dionity	14 0	disingenuous; ly	प	distaste	3
diligence; ent	2	disinherit	12	distemper	2
diminish	5	disinterested.	1/2	distinguish; not	
diminutive.	2	disjoin	20	listing alien	3
direct tory	2	dislacate	13	distribute, tive	2
difable-lily	5_	disloyal-lty	امح	distrust; ful	22
difadvantage,ous	2	dismay, dismil	120	disturb; ance	55
dilarros	10/	dismission	15	disunite	2
disallon	14	disobey nce nt			32
disannul	20	disablige	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	diversity	
disappear		disorder	114	divertisement	
disappoint	30	disonn	122	divide; vision	
disapprove	13	disparage	54	dividend	25
disbelieve; lief.	12	disparity	134	divine, nity	2
disburden	35.75	dispatch	3	divisible	2
disburse	5	dispense	37	1.	2,
discharge	3	. · · ·	120		2u
disciple	13,	disperfe, despair		divulge	22
disclose	12		11 40	doctor, doctres	3
wocuse	12	displace, displease		doctrine, nal	5
	-	-		And the second section of the party of the second section of the sectio	

かんないないできていていていているというできていることというから

dogmatick; cal	2	afficacious	5	enjoin. join	٦
domestick	35				
domineer	2	efficient; ncy.	4	enjoyment	
dominical	5	effort, fort	7	enlarge, large	U
dominion	3	effusion	C Lin	enlighten, light.	4
dormant	2	egregious ejaculatory eject elaborate	h	enmity	
double	The second secon	gaculatory	1	ennoble, noble	
daxology		gect	1	enormous; thy	\$550 L.O. (1975)
draught	30	elaborate	K	enquirenhere	F-1000000000000000000000000000000000000
dropsy; sical.		elaest	5	enrich, rich.	
drudge; ery		elective	The second second	enfign	
drunkard	1	elector; ral; rate		entangle	10
drunkenness		elegancy; ant		enterprize	4F
dung		elevate; atton		entertain	4
dungeon	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	eligible			
dunghill		eloquence;nt.	12	envy, tous	
duplicate	23	embargo	574	enumerate	
Lutiful Loubifu	01	embellish	3	envoy	_
duliful, doubtful	1 /	emblem	7	epicure, rean.	
dwarf; fish	1/2	embrace	15	epicurize	
E		emerge; ency; nt	14	1 . 1	1 10
Earthquake.	ممز	emission mission	7.	episcopacy;pal	4
eafy by ness.	1 6	emperour	10	epistle; tolary.	
ecclesiastick; l.	30	emphatick cal.	K	epitaph	भू
eclipse	M	emphatick; cale	20	epithet	Ep
edict, educate.		encomium	79	epitome; mixe.	07 1
edifie, defie.		encourage, courage	ξ,	equal; ity; ixe.	4.
edification	15	encrease	100	equanimous, ity	か
edifice	15	endeavour	3	equation; ator.	方う
edition, editor.	25	endon, endue.	- V	equidistance; nt	1
educate; ation	- /	enemy; s	N	equinox; octial.	7
effable	プス	energy	-ry	equip	7
effective	N	enervate		equilibrium-	4,
effectual	2	engrave, grave	4	equitable	75
effeminate acy	4	enhance	1	equivalent	9
			15	cq:	N

equivocate 7	r exclaim-atory	1 exp	ound	7
erect		> exp	resive.	2
erroneous Y	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	The second second second second second	uisite	
errour		2 ext	ent, extent.	احر
ascheal, cheat	execute-tion.		mpore, rary	
eschen, sue		To exte	end-nfive	2
especial, by d	- executrix	So ext	enuate	TO A
espouse; sals. }	exemplar, any	8 ext	enuation.	20
essay, say ing	- exemplifie	IN PART	inguish net	احم
essential	exemplification	Lent	irpate	20
establish 3	h exempt-ption	Lace exc	ortion	2
esteem; imate.	exercise	25 ext	ract	20
estrange, strange	2 exhaust	. o ext	rajudicial	A
eternal; ixe; ity.	exhibite-ition	20 ext	raordinary.	20
evacuate evict	p exhilarate	. C ext	ravagancy, nt	20
evade; sion V	v exhort	. Sext	reme, mity.	20
evafive	exigence, y, ne	ext	ricate	8
errangelick als	exist-ance-an	o exi	rinjecal	25
evangelist	exonerate	. a exu	werance,nt.	50
event, vent V	> exorbitancy, n	420	F	
	expatiate	20		1000
	expect-tant	Fai	de,-ulous	
evidence; ent V			rick,-cate	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN
evil, ill	v expedient	. Q fac	e, facetious.	155
	expeditious.	E fac	rilitate-lity.	12
eunichv		1 70 /au	carus	0
exact	experience		ctor,-ry	
exaggerate	experimenta	THE RESIDENCE MANAGEMENT	culty	1,04
examine	expiatory		int-heart	1
exasperate	expire		ith ful	100
exceed	explain-nator	AND RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON	ithfulness	03
exception-ble >	o explication		ithless	1.0
excefs;-sive	explicit	THE RESIDENCE OF THE RESIDENCE	llacious	14
exchange	export	- 6 Par	se fallacy.	
exchequer	expose		lsity	7
excisable	expostulate, or	y of fa	lshood :	13
			- ja	

JAN KARASANAN SESO ON DE POPPETING S

falsifie	ŗ	filth; y	40	forlorn	4
familiarity ige	4	find, found	5	formal; ity; ixe.	工,
family; s		finger	1	formidable	7
famish	5	finis, finish		fornication	5
fanatick; cal.	Lh	fire fiery	<u> </u>	fornicator	TY
fancy, ciful.	F	firm	4	forsake; sook	7
fantastick; cal.		firmament		forswear	1
fashion; able.	The second second	first; born	15<		4
farthing	52	fish:es	44	forth-coming.	The contract of the contract o
fasten	5	fisher, ry	4	fortifie; cation	77.
fatal; ality	7	flagitious	44	fortune; nate.	上
farthing fasten fatal; ality father; ly	7	flagrancy; ant	L .!	fortuitous	
fatheries		flatter.ry	54	found; dation.	(722)
fault; by		flegmatick	24	foundling	
favour able.		flexible, lity		fountain, font	
favourite	191	flourish		fraction; nal.	
fealty	y	fluctuate		fractions	5
fear, ful		foment		fracture	4
fearles	ית	foolish	179	fragil; lity	74
feeble	4	footstep		fragment	14
feign	_	foppush	h	fragrancy, ant	
felicity	4	forbad, forbid	上	frail, lty	1.70
fellowship	4p	forbidden)		franchise	
Jeion, nious.	4	forbear; ance.	-	frankincenfe.	
felony	ILE	fore close	坎	fraternal, nity.	
feoff-fee			1	fraudulency;nt	
fertile, ty, ise.	2	fore head	13	freedom	L
fervency; ent	W		101	free hold	13
festival	7	fore knowledge fore ordain	Tan	fresh, flourish	כאל
	0	fore or winner	1	friend offend	h
fictitious		forfaiture Ha	1	find, found.	5
fiduciary	12	forge some	17	friend ship	L
Gatnes .	1, 7,	forgat get ant	1,4	fright ton	P
figure rative.	צע	forgat; get; got.	7	frightful	וקן
filacer	14	1	7	fretful.	7
The state of the s	14	forgave; give.	17	fr:	

				TO BE A REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Per management of
frivolous	4	genealogy,ical	لل	grateful	7
frolick some	1500	general, ty, give. generous, sity	11	gratifie	4
frontisepiece	4	generous, sity	74	gratitude	4
frost-ty	14	gentry	4	gratuity	32
froth, y	150	genuine	4_	gratulatory.	4
fructify	1	gentry genuine geography,ical	4	grave, grieve.	
frugal-lity	4,	geometry,-ical.	4	greedy,-ly	
fruit-ful	4	german	2	grudge	4
frutton	71	giant	4	grief, grieve, ous	Control of the latest and the latest
frustrate-tion	55	gyt, gel	47.	grievance	4.4
fugitive	5	94054	40	grocer, ery	14
100,00	L.	girl-lish		grumble	12
fulsome		give, gave		guarantee	1/3
fulminate, ry	L	general		CALLET ULL	14
function	1	glaze	0	guilt; ty	14,
fundament, al.	15	globe, bular		guiltles	4
funeral	10	glutton,y,-ous		guinea,-s	4 74
furnace, nish.		gnash, gnan	1	н	127
furniture	17	goddefs, Gods	44	77.1.1.0	Tn
further,-ance.	1	Godhead	h'	Haberdashery	
future, ruty	7	godly-lines	278	habit-tation .	55
G		gold, den	4	habitual, table.	
2::61	4	goodness,-liness	1/3	hallow, ed	
Gainful	ly -	gorgeous	h	hainous	The second second
gainsay	18	gormandize.	h	halt	
gallant,-try	4	gospel	43	hamlet	4
gamesome	14	gotten, got	9	handful	1
gamester	14	govern, able	2	handkerchief.	1
garment	4	government.	2/	handy-craft.	1
garnish	19	governour;-es	42	handsome	2
gardener	14	graceful, less.	4.4e	happen	2
garrison	4:	andusto stin	14	happy,-ily	8
asther.	44	graduate, ation	44	happines	5
gather	4-7	grammatical.	44	harangue	生
gavel, kind	4/14	grape	4	harbinger	1
gaze	1	grass-hopper.	mp	harbour	1

ここ

-

harlot	m	hereditament. 2	horrid, horrour	909
harmful-less	nn	hereditary 7	horfe, worfe.	91'
harmony, ious.	re		n hosanna	٩_
harsh	1	heretick,-ical.	hospitable	
harvest	h	heritage	hospital-lity	2
hasterenty, by.	1	hermaphrodite.		55
hatch	11	hermit		
hateful, hatred	111	hero, oick, cal.	e hostler, hot	é e
haven	WP	hesitate	house-breaker.	Z
haughty,-ily		heterodox, -y. 3		NX NX
haunt	2	hid hide, deous 3	4 4 45	mp
havock	N	hieroglyphick h		Zns
hazard-dous.	1	hilary term	humane, ity, ize.	n
head, heed, hide	1	hill, heal, heel v		111
head-ach	1	high-ly,-ness. 1		W
headstrong	47	hinder, -ance. 1	humoursome	m
heal, heel, hill.	10	hinge, hint, 1	hunger, ry	V
healthful		hire, hireling . 1	huntsman	VZ
heap	17	history-cal-ian h	h_ hurrican	W
hearken	1	history ramaher h	hurtful-loke	77
hear say	7	hoar frost	husband,-dry.	N
heat	17	hoarse, horse. on	husbandman.	5
heathen-nish		hoar-frost of hoarse, horse hog-gish	huzza	15
heaven, by	·V	hole, hollow e	hyperbole; cal.	1
heavy, ily	- W	home, homage.	e hypochondriack	22
heavines	· Vo			b
hebren,-ism	1.0	homily,-ies e	hypocrisy, ite, l. hypostatick, cal.	
hedge, heed.	1943	honestity,-thy e	hypothesis, tical.	1
heedful,-less	133	honeye	x hysop	11
heel, hill	10	honey-comb.e	T9 T	0
heifer !	-11	honour,-ary.e	_ 1	1
hell-lish	1 6	honourable	Jacent	1_
helmet	53	hopeful-less T	Tacobite-tish.	h
helpful-lefs.	· up	horizon,ntal. 9	idea,-s	151
herald, dry	rs	horn, adorn 9		127
herdsman	12	horrible	identity	13
	1		id:	

idol-lize distater, ry, ou pealous, sy moral-ity maccefsitte mamoral-ity maccefsitte maccefsite maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsite maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsitte maccefsite maccefsi	Tild line	1	in no mal ital		inalrilita	
Jehovah		CI		11/1	in accessible	3
Ichovah					And so eforther	Wands
jejune						
jesuit, cal				0	<i>1</i> . <i>v</i>	
impartial-ity inaugurate 4 infallible-ity impartial-ity infallible-ity impartial-ity infallible-ity imperation impartial-ity imperation i	114			17		
Lefus Christ						A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Christ lefus String Impeach Impenite Incornate Incornate Impenite Incornate Incornat				20		
Christ Tefus S impenetrable impenitary impenitary impenitary impenitary imperative sincenfe S inch incifion S imperative sinch incifion S include sinch incifion S incognito sinch include sinch incifion si				44	inorea	5
Include the second continued to the second continued						
imperative imperative inch, incission imperceptible imperceptible include, able include indicate, able indicate,						
imperseptible imperseptible imcline-able imclose						G Bloomy and Districted 1 in
ignorite						
ignoramus	1010,0,0000					
ignorancent implicit implicit inculcate incumber; ance illegal; lity importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate illustrate, ious importune, nate indelible indenture indicate, ation			1 . /			
ignorance,nt	114.	-		1.		A STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE
ill, evil,	ignoramus	4		114		
illegal, lity with important and important and incumber, ance incumbent with indelible with indelible with indentify; ity indicate, ation with important and important and important indicate, ation indicat		4	implacable to	100		
illegitimate, cy. illiterate	ill, evil	ひ	implicit			
illiterate	illegal,-lity	24	implore	1 \ \		
illuminate-tive illustrate,-ious. image-gine imaginary-ble imaginary-ble imaginary-ble impregnate-ble. impress; sion imbellish imprison, prison improbable, ity improbable, ity improbable. im	illegitimate,cy.	W/	importune,-nate	1 4	indelible	
illustrate, ious image, gine imaginary, ble imprecate imaginary, ble impregnate, ble impregnate, ble impress, sion imbargo imbellish imitate, meet imitate, meet immaculate (maculate) immoderate improve	illiterate	17	impotency,-nt	12	indemnify; ity	12
illustrate, ious image, gine imaginary, ble imagination imbellish imbellish imprifon, prifon improbable, ity improbable improbable.	illuminate, tive	2	impoverish.	150	indenture	12
image-gine imaginary-ble imaginary-ble imagination imbellish imbellish imprefix-sion indigence-nt indige	illustrate,-ious	4	impracticable	1 1	indicate, ation.	23
imaginary,ble. impregnate-ble. imprefs; sion. imprefsible indispensable industry; rious. improper; riety improve improve improve imprefable imprefabl	image,-gine	1,	imprecate	17	indict,-ment.	
imbargo	imaginary, ble.	,4	impregnate, ble	14	indigence, nt.	1
imbargo	imagination.	4	impression.	14	indignation.	193
imitate, meet. improbable, ity improbable, ity improbable, ity improbable ity improbable ity improbable industry; rious. in aculate improper, riety improve im	imbargo	2			indispensable !	127
imitate meet. \ improbable.ity \ improba	imbellish	219	imprison, prison	1 4	individual	15
immaculate	imitate meet.	7			indulge-nce-ne	45
immaterial	immaculate	w		.1%	industry, rious	: 54
immaterial immense; ity imprudence; nt impudence; nt im	(maculate)	w		180	ineffable	1
immense, ity. imprudence, nt inevitable \ imminent impudence, nt infallible, ity. infallible, ity. infamy, mous.		1	the first of the second	1	inestimable	
imminent impudence-nt & infallible-ity. \\ immoderate. \\ impugn \\ infamy-mous. \\ \\		(1	inevitable	.KV.
immoderate. \ impugn \ infamy.mous. \						. 2
		5		100	infamy-mou	17
inf:		5		5		17
	100,09	7	and and a	5	ing	4.

ب کی کی ۔ او

7 2 7

BOOK TO THE THE PARTY OF THE PA				THE STATE OF THE S	1, 100
infant; try		innuendo	5	intermit,-ision	44
infect,-tious		innumerable.	**************************************	interpose-ition	49/1
infeeble		inoculate	res	interpret	6
infeoff	1	inordinate	3	interrogate, ry.	1
inferiour,-ity.	七	inquest, quest.	7	interregnum	
infidel-tity	17.	inquire, ry		interrupt	49
infinite-tive	45	inquisition	-	intersperse	4
infirm-ty-ary.	1	inquisitive	14.	intervene	2
inflexible, -ity.		inrich, rich	12	interview	W
influence	7	insert,-tion	13	intestate, able	7
infold		insignificancy.t	Sr	intestine	0
infringe	1	insipid	24	intimate, -acy.	1
ingenious,-ity		inslave, slave	W	intimidate	1
ingratiate	1 4	insnare, snare	2	intitle, title	3/
ingredient	14	insolvent-ney	7	intoxicate	>
ingress, ingross	Y	inspire	7	intricate,-cacy	20
inhabit, habit	1 2	instal, stall		intrinsick, cal.	7
inhabitable, and	152	instance	2	introductive-ry	
inherent	حدا	instant-ly	1	intrude,-ufion	7 2
inherit-ance	n	instigate	1	invade,-afion	1
inhibit, ition	> 3	institute,-ution	977	invalid, date, ity	200
inject,-tion	144	instrument; al.	1	invective	W
inimitable	5	insuperable	2	invent,-tron	VV
injoin, join	1	insurrection	n	inventor, ry	77
iniquity, s	רנו	integrity	35	inveterate,-acy	14
initial,-itiate.	17	intellect,-ual	3	invidious	S
injunction	1	. 4	24	invigorate	
enlarge, large.	U	intelligible)		invincible	VC
inlighten, lighten	1	intend, tend	5	inviolate, able	W
light	9	intent, tent	4	inundation	7
inlist, list	14	intension-tion		invoke,-cate	V
inliven	w	intercede-ession	1 /		V
innate	7	intercessor	4	joint, heir	17
innocence	7	intercourse	1/8	joint tenant.	-
innocent	1	interlocutory	1/0	journey, s	
innovate	1	intermedale diah	15	joy,-ous,-ful	66
	1			ir.	<u> </u>

			-		
irksome	2	land-lord	5	literate, ture .	7
iron,-ny,-ical	1-	language	νĭΙ	litigate, gious	4
irritate, ation.	7 H	languish	5	liturgy	44
ifle island	כשני	larceny	41	livelihood	ys
ysue, itch	Vh	large, enlarge	U	livery	W
itinerant, rary	2	love-ly		local lity	w
jubilee	2	lascurious	4	loft-ty,-tily	4
judicatory-ture	31	latitat, latitude	74	logick,-ical	on
judicial; aous.	17 6	latter, letter	5	logician	SI
juncture	P1_1	laudable, laugh		longitude	2
jurisdiction	12	laughter	4	loquacious-thy	7
juror	11	lavish	M	Lord Jefus. Christ	44
just-tice-fie	1	lan,-yer	NA	Lordship	Sp
justification-ble.	[].]	lazy,-ily	8	lothsome, lotion	5
justiciary	190	leacher, ry, ous		lottery	1
K	1	lecture, er	ww	love, loyal-ty.	
		legacy	44	lucid intervals	3
Kindle	می	legal, lity	y	lucifer; rous	44
kindness	2	legatee	10	lucre, rative	25
kindred	لاس	legislative, ure	41,	La haman	Sc
kingdom	1	agreement, my	TUR	ter are ter me	5
kinsman-men	7	leprous,-sy	W.UT	lumber	4
kinswomanien	7	leson, lethargy	1 7		
knave, ry, wh	7	letter, levrathan liable, libel,-ous	N.M.	lump, - ish	S
knee,sknife	2	liberal-lity	w	lunacy	2
knight, hood.	77	liberty, tine		lungs, luscious.	5
knowledge	01	library		lustful	54
knock	-	licence-tiate-ous	1 /	luxury,ous,-nt	100
		light-en some.	44	ituatis g, viu, ric	0,2
L		likelihood	is (M	
Labour, - rious	U	likeness-liness	5	Magazine	4
lady, ship	Sie	linger, lion		magick,-cal	1,-
lamb	5	liquid, ity, date	25	magician	1/2
lament,-able	0	liquor	w	magisterial.	14
land-lady	S	literal	4	magistrate-acy	1/40
			0	ma:	7

如果如 10 112

ノ、05 1、05 とういうできないのできる

	q			101	1
magnanimous; by		matrimony, ial		mindful	5
magnificence, nt		mature-rity	7	mingle, mangle	4
mahomet; ansm	h	maxim	10	munyter,-val	1
majesty, ick; cal mustery-ous-cal	Y	mayor,-ralty.	1/	(administer)	7
mystery; ous; cal	0	meadon,-s		ministry	7
mainprise	10	meaning		minor,-rity	2
maintain, ance	19	measure	7	miracle, culous.	w
maintain, ance major, rity	7	mechanick;cal	1	misadventure.	2
malady,-s	Sper	mediate, ation	22	mifadvice-vife	7
male content.	1/c'	medicine, nal.	5	myapphy	10
malefactor	Vr	meditate, ation	12%	mifapprehend	8
malevolence-nt	W	mediterranean		misbecome	5
malice,-cious	44	melancholy, ick		mifapprehend mifvecome mifvehave miscarry	3
malignancy;nți		meliorate	1	miscarry	5
maltster	4	melody,-ious.	rop	miscellany, eous	12
manage	V.	member, memory	1.4'	mischance	
mandamus	5	memorial, able.	W.	mischievous	V
manful-ly	1	mental	1	misconstrue	02
manhood, kind	50	mention, manfion	1	miscreant	
manger, manner	1	mercantile	5	mifdemeanor.	
mangle, mingle	4.	mercenary	12	miferable	M
manslaughter.	12	merchandize-ife	14	mifery,-ies	Th
manslayer	17	merchant	10	misfortune	15
manufacture, ry	5	merciful-less	11h	misinform	マ
manumission		mercy, seat	10	misinterpret.	15
manufcript	14	merit, torious.	N	mifinform mifinterpret mifmanage	4
margin, nal.		message, uage.	17,	misnomer	
marques,-sate.		messenger	1	misprision	151
marriage, able		metamorphose.	15	mifrepresent.	T'E,
marshal martial	14.	metaphor,-ical	1	mysion, emission	1.1
marvel,-ous		metaphysicks;cal		mistake, took.	12
mason, ry	1	method, cal, ize		mishape	
masquerade	m	metropolis, iton		mistres	h
massacre	m	might, ty, nefs	P	mistrust, ful .	127
matchles	2	militant	(%)	mifunderstand	1/4
mathematick;cal	15	military	15	mifunderstood	
	1	9	7	mis	
		1/2	700	1	

	-				
mifufe	N	municipal	7	nominal ate.	~
mitigate	7	munificence.nt.		non, age	
mittimus	7	munition	BOOK STORY OF THE PARTY OF THE	non-plus	
mobility	-	murder, er	12	non-residence-nt	
mock-ry	n	murmur	10	nonfense ical_	-
moderate-or.	ング	musick-cal	1	nonsolvent -	
modern	>	musician	5	north-ern	70
modest ty	>	mustard		nostril, note.	
modifie		mutiny, nous.	7	notable	Shower ARC I
morety		mystery-ous, cal	~	notary-torious.	7
molest	1	majesty-ick-cal		notary publick.	79
mollifie	L	3.7		notifie	マ
moment; ary.		N	3165	notion, nal	
monarch, y, cal		Nakedness	-00	novel-by	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH
monastery		namesake	7	novelist	W
money, many	9	narrate, tive	7	nought, naught	
monopoly-lize.		nation -nal	=	nourish, nurfe.	7
monosyllable.	1x	nature, alive	3	nugatory	
monster, rous.	7	navigate, able.		null; ty; ifie	~
moral; ity; ize.	N	navy		numberles	
mortal; lity.		necessary, sity.	5	numeral, ical	N
moralist	M	necessitous, tate.	57	nuncio	-6
mortgage	my	needful-less		nuncupate, tive	
mortmain	2	negative		nurinery	- X
mosaick, cal.	n	neglect;ence.nt.	1-9	nuptial	Po
motheaten	07	negotiate	ΓŸ́	nurse, nourish	
mother,-ly	F	neighbour, hood	_3	nulance	
motion	1.	nephen, neece	3	nymph,-al	-
motive move.	V	nerve, vous	N	0	1
moveable	M	neutral, hty	1	U	
mount-tain	7	nenness	3	Obdurate-cy.	カ
mountebank	7	nimble	7	obeisance	+
mournful	N.	nisi-prius	4	object, ave	3
mouth-ful	99	noble-ty-tate.		oblige; gate, ry .	14
mulct	5	nocturnal	-	obliterate	ty
multiply cation	mm	noyle, - y		oblivion-vious.	tiv
V V V				obt.	No. of the last

つって アンス つかり

してつかしいか

obloguy	tu	opprobrious.	8	paid, pain	BR
obnacious		oppugn, option.	20	painful	P
obscene,-ity	+_	oracle, cular	30	palmtree	PP
obscure-ity		oration	9	palpable	249
obsecration		orator,-ry	997	pamper, pangs.	20
oloequies,-ious.	1	orchard	95	pamphlet	2
olserver, ator.	100	ordain-dinate	92	panegyrick-ize.	P .
obstacle	14V	ordinance	11 15	papacy, papisl.	45
olotinate, acy.	14	ordinary, rily	9	parable, lical.	9
obstreperous.	4	organ, cal, ixe.	94	paramount.	
obstruct; tive.	10	origin, nal	94	paraphrase.	04
obtain, obtest.	4+2	ornament; al.	9	paralytick-cal.	A THE RESERVE OF THE
obviate, ious	17.10	orphan; ism.	92_	pardon-able.	02
occasion, al	tv.	orthodox,-y	95	parent-tal	0
occupy, (keep)	100	orthography, al	192	parentage	04
occur,-nce,-nt.	er	ostentatious; on.	25	parish; wener.	0
ocean, oculist.	een	overt,-ture	17/	partiament, y.	107
oeconomy;cal.		overt-act	1,25	parity	01
offend, friend	1	over-an	19	parochial	20
offenceswe	-	over-balance.	92	1/	004
offer, officer.		over; charge.	1981	part-ty,-apart	0
office, crate		over flow	192	partial; ity	00
officious; ces		overhear, rd.	9797	participate	02
ountment		overplus	90	particular, by,ze	
old other olive	1 - V	overfee, er	19997	partition	01
omega	111	overthrow	197	partner, ship.	ofp
omit, omysion	66	overwhelm	190	party,-s	021
omnipotence;nt	1 ()	ounce	ور	passenger	Pol
omnipresencent	102	out-land, ish.	14	passion-nate	14 P
omniscience-ne	0	outlan; nry		pasive, sover.	Pala
onerate	es	outrage, ious.	1/2	pastor,-ral	1
operate-tive.	1	oyer & terminen		patent-tee	PZ
opinion-ative		oyes, oyez	81	paternal,-nity	
opportune, ity	8	Ъ	1	path;etick;cal.	
oppres sive.	P	7 .0	0	patience, nt	PP
oppression	12	Pacifie-fick.	1	patriarch; al.	15/2
	1			pal	1 01

patrimony;al.	8	perpetrate	08	pleasant;sure.	P.P.
patron, ize	P	nernetual-ate-ty	of	pledge, plague.	PO
patronage	P	nerplex-ity	do	plagiary	44
pavement				plenipotential-ry.	
payment	6			plenty-iful	676
payable	0	persevere,nce.		plough-man	076
peaceable	2	persist, personage	0104	plunder	ce 1
pearl	ou			plural-lity	Par
pecuniary	R			poem, poetry.	
pedant,-tick.	30	perspire	00	poet, ick, cal ::	0
pedigree	1 4	nerinmdo.no.mi	127	naican nauc	10
peerage, res.	0401	pertain, part.	01	policy, polite.	P.P.
peed wit	И	pertinent	100	politick-cal	30
penal, lty	اگ	perverse, vert.		politician	5
penetrate, ble, ve.	2	peruse, sal		polish	ee
penman, ship.	PE	pestiferous	10	polygamy	Cy
pennyworth.				polysullable.	P
pension-ary; er.	90	petition tory.	0	pomegranet.	26
pensive	1	petitioner	120	pomp,-ous	120
pentateuch	2/5	netty-larceny	P	ponder, rous	15
pentecost		pharwee, wal.	OLUS !	popery	100
penury, rious.		philosophy, al, ze.		populace, lous.	100
perambulation.		philosopher	1000000	popular; ruy.	P
percewe, ble.	N	phrafe, physician	l y a	portable	No
perceptible.	0	physick-ical	In	portage, terage.	
perdition	00	picture, pierce.		portion, er	
peremptory, by		prety-prous	PP	position, sitive.	PP
perfect, we	1	pilgrim, age	Cy		199
perfidy, ious.	20	pillory, piracy.	Pag	possible, lity	101
peril, low period, ical		pirate, tical	018	posthumous.	5
		pity-yul	20	postpone	Up.
perwh; able		plague, y	19	postscript	RO
perjure, ry	of	plaintiff	Cip	potent; ntate	3
permit, ision.	2	planet, tary	5	potion, poverty.	PP
pernicious	P	platform	10	poultry	12
perpendicular.	0-	plausible, ity.	14	power, ful	1660
				pr	1

practice; tife	prestyter ral	5	proctor; create.	00
practical; ble	prescribe, ipt.	5	procure oy tor.	SER
practitioner, ser.	or presence; ent.	1	prodigal; ity.	2
pragmatick. L. 4	preserve ative	4	prodigy : ious.	3
praise worthy 4	prefide; ncy:nt.	14V	produce; ct; ve.	3
preach	To presume; ive; ous.	1 .	profes: fuse, ion.	2
preamble 7	presuppose	4	proficiency; nt.	204
precarious 4	pretendince on.	12%	profit; able	05
precede; nce;nt. 2	preternatural	14	profligate	2
precept, tive. 4	pretext	4	profound; ity	35
precinct Z	prevail; nce; nt.	1	progeny	54
precipice	principal; ple.	4	progenitour.	54L
precipitate; nt.	- prevaricate	4	prognastick ate	54
precise	prevent; tive:	1	progres, sive	54
predecessor	private, privy	17	prohibit; tory.	1
predestinate. L	F pride, prior, by	144	project	Th
prediction	priest; hood.	144		34
predominate; nt;cy [A (chief priest).	53	prolocutor	30
prefatory L	(high-priest).	147		5
prefer; able	L primative	47	promife-sory.	6
prefigure; fix. 4	prince cels.	41	promote	45114
pregnancy; ant	principal; ty.	175	promotion	6
prejudice ial	prevail	7	// /	0
prelate; tical. Z	print	4		00
prelacy	prior; rity	14,	propagate	04
preliminary. Z	pryon; er	64	propense; ity.	ol
premyle; ses.	pruy; acy; ity.	1	proper, ly	0
premium L	private prevent	7	property-riety	0
premonish ton L	privilege	14w	prophecy, sy.	04
premunire	- probable; lity.	67	prophet, ical	01
prepare ty ve.	1 problem; tical	0	profit; able	-
preposition Le	proceed	03	prophetels	07
prepense	f procession.	00	propinguity.	of
preposses 4	proclaim	0		of
preposterous.	f procrastinate	6.	propitious	0
prerogative 4	y procreate tion.	88	proportion; al; ble	00
	<u> </u>		prop	

C	00			BOST SHEET,	British Chi
		purvey, view.		ransom	2
proprietor, tary.	02	pu/h	1	rapacious, ity	rp
prorogue	0	pufillanimous; ty	29	rapid-dity	10
prosecute	on	putrefy, faction.	90	rapid-dity	xp5
profelyte	0	and the second	-5	rarity, rarifie.	
prospect,-twe.	5	Q	200	rafcal-ly-ity.	
prosper, ous, by.	00	Quack-ry	h	mtifie, cation	nn
prostitute	0)	quadrate		ration; ality.	Y
prostrate	02	quadripartite.	7	raven; nous	n-
protest, ant	00	quadruple	3	ravish, raze.	mn
prothonatory.	OT	quakerism	20	ready, ily	Marie Company
proud, prude.	60	qualifie, hity	m	real ize lity.	W. 1974
provender		equal	U	reason; able _	
provert; ial		qualification.	7:	rebel;ion; ious.	ALC: UNITED TO
providence ntal	6	quantity	7	recapitulate,ry.	The state of the s
province, ial.	ec.	quarrelsome.	m	receive, ble, ve	STREET AND ADDRESS.
provision; al.		quarter, where	7	receptacle	nu
provoke, cative		quash querk.	77	reciprocal; cate.	18
proxy, ximity		quench able.	'כ	recognize; ance	120
prudence; nt; al.		querulous	2	recognition	70
Psalmist; ody.	35	questionless		recommend, ry.	nos
publish;ck;can pulpit	p	quibble		recompense, nce.	no
		quick-en-by.	5	reconcile, able.	19,
punctual, ilio.	Par	quiescence.nt.	7	record recourse	TE
pungent, noy	2	quintessence al	ے ا	recreate-tive :	1
punish, able.	RO	quit, quite, quiet	フ	crecriminate	m
pupil	9	quit-rent	7	rectangle-ular.	2
purblind	8	quit-claim	7	rectifie	2
purchase	pe	quotient	7	rectitude	3
purgative ory.	bv 67	R		rector, ry, ial.	W.
purifie, purity	pr p	7 (recusancy;ant	2
purport	HO	Radical; cate.	3	redeem; ble; ion.	カカ
purpose	3	raiment	1	reduce-ible-ion.	ממ
pursue, nce, nt.	3	rain, rainy	7	redound, cy.nt.	2
pursuit	9	rakish	11	refract, tory.	20
pursevant	96	rancour	2	refrain; fine_	n
	7		re la consti	ref:	

Designation of the little states with the					
refresh	ng	reprieve	7	revenue	-
refuse, sal	12	reprimand		reverencentend	
regal-lia-ity.	ni	reprise al	33	neverfe, vert.	2
regardful; less.	DP	reproach; ful.	10	revive	V
regenerate	M	reprove proof		manacha antital	N
regency: gifter	my	reprobate			2
regular, rity.	my	republick-can.	里		
regulate, tion.	my my	repugnant; ncy.	rg	rheumatick; al.	カカ
rehearse; al.	1 n	repute; able	y	1 334 2/4 22/12 / 22/21	2
reject, rejoyce	my	request; yite	n	right, ful 7	
rejoynder	7	requite; tal	7	righteous; ness n	1/18
reiterate	7	rescue, rescous.	m	*** **** **** ****	ní
relapse	rup	resemble-nce.	n,	mot, motous	n
relative; here		residencent.	13	rwer,s	Va
release	re	residue, ual	13	rogue, ry; wh.	ry
religion, ious	my	resign, nation.	199	romance tick.	-
relinguish	127	resistance.ble.	17	romish, rough n	n
relish, relict.	ms	refolve, lute	カ	royal, list, lty.	
reluctancy.nt	no	refort	n	rubbish	4
remainder	n	respect, ful; tive.	10	rubrick	1
remark; able.	1 m	resplendent, ney	ln'		
remedy, s		respond; ent.	30	ruminate r	0
remember, nce		response al uble.	12	1	F
remut, mission		rest; less	nn	ruftick; ucal	2
remonstrate;nce	Marie Contract	restitution	10	S	
remorse		restore, rative.	r		100
rencounter	Tol	restrain, nt	r	Sabbath, cal sm.	1
renew,-al	re	restrict; tive	70	sackcloth	0
renovate	m	resurrection	no	sacrament; al.	/
repair; able.	100	retentive tinue.	n'	sacred	20
repetition	200	retribution	n		n
replenish	100	retrieve able.	7	sacrilege, wus.	10
replevy; vin.	rey	retrograde	24	sadducee, s 5	7
replication	175	retrospect	1	safe conduct.	1.
reprehend, sible.	1 2	return; able	7	safe guard	34
represent, tive	R,	revengeful, vive	In	sagacious city.	13
			-	Jac.	

		las	. , , .	,
salary	security		signal, lize	4
salwate	sedition; itious.	Break Married	signifie, ney, nt.	4
salivation	sevre, seifin		signification, silver	lila
Savoutor	seminary	(3	similitude	1
salute-tary 4	senate, sent		simple, licity	5
sanctification 9	senior-rity		sincere, rity	10
sanction-tity.	senfible	-	sine cure sinen;	Sec. A
sand, dy	sensless	5	sinen;y	3
sanguine, ary.	senfual; lity.	-	sing, song, sung.	
satiate	sentence, hous	1	single, signal	4.
satan;nical.	sentiment	15/	singular, rity.	
satisfaction.	separate-able.	d		2
satyr,ical-ize.	sepulchre, ral.		siniftersister-ly-hood	211
SATICAL-ILAI	sequester		situate, ation_	
savour; ry d	serene, nity		size able	
san, see, ing . b b	serjeant-y	B. S. Con. B. C.	skilful	11.
say, ing }	sermon	11/	skirmish	hill
scandal; ous; ise	serpent; tine	1 1	slander, rous.	m
scarlet	servant		slave, ry, ish.	
scavenger	service; able		slaughter, slay.	
scene, seen L	session		sleep;y	10
scentar schama blo	conono conoral		slender	5
schedule	shadow;s	12/2	sloth, ful	
1. ((n); m.1(p.(n))	shamefac'd	1,5,5	sluggard; ish.	Mary Company of the
school; aftick.	shelter	13	slumber	
science	shelter	14	slut, rish	
scornful w	sheriff: wick	132	sober briety.	J'
scourge hy	sheriffalty			7.1
scripture, ral. >	shew show, so	1 6	society;s	6
scrivener 2	ship-wrack.	6	sodomy, ite, cal.	9
scruple, ulous ho	short-hand.		sojourn	12
scrutiny, nize. m_	shoulder, soldier	1 h	solemn; ty; ize.	17-
sculpture My	shower; ry	1 13	sollicit, ous.	16
sea; faring	shrink	1.9	soliloguy	14
seafon, able.	sickness; lines	11 0	solitary	15
	sigh say sighs	1/20	soothfayer	41
secretary 17	signestry signs	01	sop:	7

sophistry, ical states general / submission.	
7, 10,000	
import over 1 states man /) submitinate	
sordid stationer; y Suborn	[
sortid stationer; y suborn sub-poena sort; sub-poena steady; ily subsequent subsidy; diar	
sort, s steady, ily subsequent	
sottish stenography. 2 subserve, cy, no	
sovereign; ty. Step-father. Ly subsidy; diary	
source south m. In & step-mother. Fy subsist; ence	
sow; er, sown . & steward ship . Silstance; tial	
spark, ish of stiff-necked By substantive	
special-ity & stigmatize-l substitute	4
specifick-cal of still-born 46 subterfuge.	
consists and the contract of t	nLL
specimen stomachful subtil-lity	
spectacle stone, y substract trac	to
spectator speaker in storm; y I suburbs	
speculate tive or strangle successive fu	
speech lefs of stratagem succession speech-y-ily of stretch succession	- 6 1
speed-y-ily Stretch 42 succinct	120
spend-thrift. I strive, ove, ye.] sue, suit, suit	2.1/
sphere ical _ structure suffer ble no	2 2
spikenard Struggle 2. Suffice, noy, no	
spinner.nfter. J strumpet J suffocate	12
spiteful of stubble TY suggest, stion	2. 4
splendent, noy stubborn S sulphur, eou	1.11
splendid study s. iows _ T summary ru	4 14
splendour stumble 3) summons	
spokes-man. o stupendous sumptuous-hy	(-\)
spontaneous. 2 stupid; ity superabound, ce.	40
sprinkle stupifie superannual	201
squadron \ sturdy-ily The supercargo.	OE
squeeze \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1. 074
stable, lity .) subject, tive & superficies, ia	6.04
stagnate nant J sublime, ity superfluous:ity	
standard Sublunary Superintend; cy;	2003
stander by I submit; if we superiour; oru	101
July 3th	p.

superlative ov swift, sworn. test (contest & contest &	10
sunernumerary o sycamore testator. tric.	
Superiumeruy o Sycuriore Vy would the	
numericale cas - scallable / telpho-monard	イクリ
superstitious of syllable testimonies	10/
superstitions of symbol, calize testimonies superstition of sympathy; ize texture	اصرا
company company thankful	
supplement; l,ry of synonymous. thanks giving thatch; theatre	664
unnlicate nt.mi	
supply, s theology, ical	
Takomarla / thick ish	104
	20
supposition of table tabular. h, thigh thirstely	166
supreme, acy. o tacit; ly thistle, thorn;	60
tarity in the man to the man to	165
unety thin of talk-ative b thousand	-/-
() tanestry A lareat-len	
curren ery La tovern tought I threshold	6
surmount tautology by throng, thron	MEL
arnhiciane of teach-alife I amber amon	2//
surprize; al p temper; ate, nce & tincture	17 70
surreptitions. tempest; tuous of apotaff	- 2
surrogate temple; poral , athe; avie	/
survey vive 1 temporary rise or tobacco; onis	t. 2
susceptible w tenant, able tolerate, able	2. /
suspect; ful q tend, tendency 4 tongue, tootha	ch LA
The state of the s	ne VI
suspension tenement touch, town	- 17
suspicion tenet, tenet = - truit; wite.	11/5
Cumicinus 9 form minute A tradition-nau	- 3
sustain ance. 9 terraqueous. traffick	- 6
suitable I terrestrial / braitor; erou	5- /
swallow w terrible tranquillity	1.
sway sweetsh. Lerrifie, terrour. Lf transact	
swear, er by territory, s hy transcendicy	rt.
	THE STREET
M.	1

とて サーンで

transcribe, ipt.	2	turk-ish	5	victim	V
transfigure		tutor; ress	114	victory; rious	V
transgress, sion		twinkle	20	victualler	V
transition			7	vigilant; ancy.	MI
translate	41.	tyranny;cal;ze.	5	vigour, rous	M
transmit	J	igraning, eac, se.	/	vilifie	M
transparent; cy.	10	VU		vincible	N
transulstantiate		Vacancy; ant.	5	vindicate; ctive.	. –
travel, trivial	1	vade-mecum.	冷	vineyard	V
traverse	A	vagabond	6	vinegar	V
treachery, row	15	vanish	2	viol violate.	n
treason; able.	1.	vanquish	V	modencent.	M
treasure, y;er.	26	vain; y, s	v	virgin; nity	-
treat, y.s. ice.	22	valid; dity	WS	virtuous	
treble	117	vapour, row.	VP	viscount	9
tremble	7	variable	Vr	vifible	1/6
tremendous	2	variance	20	vision; nary	V
trespass	5	various; iety.	29	ultimate	N
trial	2	varnish	2	umbrage	M
triangle; gular.	tu	vegetable	W	unanimous; iby.	V
trouble;som;ous.	K	vehement; ency.	V	unction	1
tribulation	K	vehicle	V	understand stood.	u
tribune, nal	K	velvet	V	union	<u>e</u>
tribute, tary	5	vend; dible	V.	universe, al, uty.	9
trifle	5,	venerate, able.	V	unspeakable.	2
trigonometry.	14	vengeance	V	vocal	1
trinity-tarian.	1	venifon	1	void, able	S
tripartile	10	venom; mous.	V	volume; inous.	W
trivial, travel.	W	veracity	N.	voluntary;ily.	W
triumph;al,nt.	1	verb; bal	9	voluptuous; ary.	W
trouble,som,ous.	K.	verdict	18	vouchsafe	V
trump; pet	10	verifie, versifie.	94	von, voyage.	ve
trustee, s	10%	vestry, vesture.	12	urge, ency; ent.	N
tuition, tumble.	1.4	vex - atrous	in	usage, usance.	14
tumult, tuous.	C	ugly;liness	MM	ufeful; lefs	И
turbulency;nt.	K.	vice, vicious	ИИ	usher	14

using with the second of the s	F					
utility utter; ance uxorious W.Y.Z. Wander, wonder nvanton nvanton nvariant; ty; ze nvashe; ful nvave, nvave, nvave nvale, ful nvave, nville nvave, nville	ufurp	4	wonder wander.	7	Edmund Edward	30
utter; ance uxorious wormwood norse horse norship; ful provides no	uhimi-erer	NN		7		\ /
worker, and worse, horse worship; ful 77 Francis worship; ful 77 Frederick Gabriel, George washing ful 77 Frederick Gabriel, George worship; ful 78 Gilbert, Godfrey worship; ful 78 Gilbert, Godfrey worship; ful 78 Jacob, James 17 Jacob, James 18 Jacob, Jacob	utility	or.	northman shin	2	Elisha E. sou	75
worse horse to be provided to the fill the proper Names of whose whose workers and the proper nation that sunday whose master whose mas	utter ance	10	nearmneard	To	Eleneger	hh
W.Y.Z. Wander, wonder nonder nonthless protection worthless protection protection worthless	urommis		nrouse house	Ny	Enhraim	0
Wander, wonder nanton narrant, by ze northless	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1/20		391	Francis	7
Wander, wonder nanton narrant; ty, ze narrant;	W.Y. Z.		1.1.	16	Twodorich	7
nvanton 7 north.ful 70 Gilbert.Godfrey 19 nortech, rich 15 Henry, Hugh 16 north.ful 70 nortech, rich 15 Henry, Hugh 16 north.ful 70 north.ful 70 Jeremiah 17 Jeremiah 18 north.ful 70 Jeremiah 71 Jeremiah 72 north.ful 70 Joseph.Jonas 72 north.ful 70 Joseph.Jofias 19 Joseph.Jofias	Wander numder		· U.	101		מל
narrant ty:ze nretch, rich roll roll reach; ful nrinkle roll roll roll roll roll roll roll ro		2	4			19 19
nvalch: fill 77 nvrinkle 7 Jacot James 1 November 1 Jacot James 1 November 1 Jacot James 1 November		7				
nvave, neave notate, ful nvrought nvrou	4 4	73				10
neather, wither of weather, wither wedlock welcome of neigh, neight, neigh, neight, neigh, ne		1	- 1	r	Tarah Tamas	12
neather, wither of weather, wither wedlock welcome of neigh, neight, neigh, neight, neigh, ne		19h		72	Tanamaich	51
neather, nather needlock weldock yoke, yolk, oak of Joseph Jofias of Nathen, Matthew, Milliam, North, Matthew, Milliam, North, North, Matthew, Milliam, North, North, Matthew, Milliam, North, North, North, Matthew, Milliam, North, N		V			Jeremuan	17
nvedlock yoke, yolk, oak of soseph Joseph Jo		70			Tonathan	七
neigh neighty of young er ster of Nathen Matthias n'himsical youngest on Matthen Matthias n'himsical youngest on Nathen Nathan niel Nathen Nathan niel Na		1	. 0	UU		10
nchimsical youth ful Some Matthew Matthew Nichael Nathan niel Nehemiah Nicholas Nehemiah Nicholas Nehemiah Nicholas Nehemiah Nehemiah Nicholas Nathana Nicholas Nathana Nicholas Nehemiah Nicholas Nathana						L-1
nhimsical nhirth wind whire wind nhite, ish nhite, ish nhite, ish nhite, ish nhore monger nhore mafter nhore mafter nicked, nefs nill ful nhill ful nhife, nrisdom, so notice,			young, er, ster	0,0		1 10
nchire noind nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchisper nchore magter nchore magter nchisper nchore magter nchisper nc		6	youngest	0'		11
nchisper Nehemiah Nicholas Notice ish Men Women Places, to Obadiah, Oliver Patrick, Peter Phore monger Nore monger Nore masters New Men Women Places, to Obadiah, Oliver Patrick, Peter Pa		Nu	yourn; fut	न्त	Muchael	100
nrhite, ish		OZ	Leations, lot.	ZZ		
mhitsunday nhotesome Shortned See Ols. Patrick Peter. Pop Nhore mongen nhore mafter of Alraham Tr Robert, Reuben Nore mafter of Alexander of Sebastian oridon; hood of Anthony of Anthony oridon, s of Anthony oridon, s of Bartholomen orinter, no ful orige, nrisdom. To Christopher of Arabella of		a	70	-		h
ntholesome Shortned See ols. Patrick Peter. of Ralph Richard Robert Reuben Nore mafter of Alexander Sebastian Sebastian Stephen nildernefs Andrew Stephen Stephen Stephen Stephen Stephen Shomas Timothy Natter, William Natter, William Natter, wife, nrisdom Cain, Charles Arabella No.		0				2
whore sh, dom. whore monger whore mafters Note the select of the sele		9	44			
nhore monger nhore monger nhore mafter \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		2	ShortnedSee	e Olo.	Patrick Peter.	99
nhore masters Alexander Samuel Schastian Sebastian Sebastian Stephen Step		m		E 1888		nr
nicked, nefs 33 Andren Sebastian Stephen Stephen Malter, William 77 Nicked, nefs Bartholomen Malter, William 77 Ninter, noful 77 Christopher X Arabella M				Tr	Robert, Reuben	之?
nilderness 25 Anthony ^ Stephen 1 nilderness 25 Archivald 1 nilderness 25 Bartholomen 27 Walter, William 27 7 nindon, s 27 Cain, Charles 2 nife, nisdom . 27 Christopher X Arabella 1		OX			Samuel	1
nrilderness 35 Archibald A Thomas, Timothy & Thomas, T		33	Andrew	1	Sebastian	170
nvill-ful 75 Bartholomen. 27 Walter, William 77 Nundow, 5 7 Renjamin 2 Zachary 2 Zachary 2 Nater, nvile, nvisdom. 27 Christopher X Arabella N		75	Anthony	10	Stephen	12
nindon, S Z Renjamin Z Zachary Z ninter, nvoful . Z Cain, Charles . C G Arabella X		33		1	Thomas, Timothy	61
nindon, S Z Renjamin Z Zachary Z ninter, nvoful . Z Cain, Charles . C G Arabella X		55	Bartholomen.	5	Walter, William	ララ
wife, wisdom. 7 Christopher X Arabella No		77	Benjamin	20		2
nife, nisdom. 67 Christopher x Arabella	winter, woful.	35	Cain, Charles .	cs	-	->_
	nyfe, nisdom.	67	Christopher	X	Arabella	Ku
witch craft Cornelius, Cafar E Barbara	witch craft	277	Cornelius, Cæfar.	1.3	Barbara	5
witness, s. ing . 7 5 Daniel, David . 2 , Catharine 2		75		20	Catharine	2
		16 6		V	ch:	1

Christian	X_	Gen	4	Hag.	14	Feb.	7
Elizabeth	vz	Ex	10	Zech		Mar.	4
Magdalen	4	Lev	w	Mal.	3	Ap.	P
Margaret	h	Num!	7		U	May	1
Mary Magdalen		Deut	2	Matth.	8	Jun.	1
Rebekah	200	Josh	h	Mark		Jul	U
Sarah	n	Judg	ü	Luk	S	Aug	14
Sufanna	12	Ruth	70	John	1_	Sep.	6
	(A)	J Samuel	ji.	Act.	9.	Oct	5
Africa	2	2 Samuel	26	Rom	n	Nove	-8
America	1	J King	10	J Cor	18	Dec	5
Asia	12	2 King.	20	2 Cor	2 8	Lord's Day	S
Balylon anish.	1	J Chron.	Jm	Gal	4,	Sabbath.	
Bethlehem	8	2Chron	20	Eph	2	Sab.day.	3
Britain, tish	25	Exra	n	Phil	4	Sund	5
Great Britain.	2	Neh	7	Col	P	Mond.	5
Ed. ie. Edinburgh	5	Esther.	1	1 Thes	11/	Tues	-
Egypt: tian	44	Job	2	2 Thes.	2/	Wed	7
England-lish.	الملا	Psalm.	L	J Tim	11	Thur	Je
York, shire	74	Prov	6	2 Tim	21	Frid	'מל
Ethiopia	22	Eccl	or.	Tit.	1/	Sat	1
Europe	mp	Song	L	Philem.	142	Exam	
Holland	8	Js		Heb	94	324 en	1745.
Jerusalem	h	Jer	7	Jam	1	L. sh.	1 6
Ireland, Irish	120	Lament. Ez	6	J Pet	19	U h	2.1
Israel-ite,sh.	12	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	JZ	2 Pet	28	as, 30	2%
Judah, Judea	1/2/14	Dan	2	JJohn.	11-	10,0	211
Jens. wh	12	Hov	9	2 John.	21_	26 Queer	
London	-	Joel	U	3 John.	31_	3. King	seo.J.
Middlesex	7	Am	1	Jud	3	26 UZ.	
Samaria; ritan	ILT	06	+	Rev	IN	Coke Le	
Scotland	15	Jonah.	11	Exam	The state of the s	4 Coke I	
Scot, tch tish	3	Mic.	8	46.	9	M12.	41 39
Ston, Zion	15	Nahum	7	197	6	Omitte Grand-fa	
Wales. Welsh.	139	Hab.	T	r		Great Gran	
Westminster	1	Zeph	2	Jan.	1	2294	. &c.
						1. 101	Terms

l'ERMS and PHI	RASE	s used in Law D	ivini	ty, Politicks, &c. J.	ee Obs.
Advonson	N	book of rates	<m< th=""><th>consistory</th><th>5</th></m<>	consistory	5
agent & patient	4	brandy, brewer	-	consolidate	19
alpha & omega		breve, brave, ry		constituent	150
amicable	12	bridge	Sy	contingent res	
anathema; alixe	12	brocage brokenge		= mainder	BE SEED OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
_ maranatha	-	brothel-house.		controller general	15
apartment	a	bullion		copartener	CASE STORY
apportion	P	bulwark	50	cottage	80
art and part.		burgage, burges	1	coverture	
asault & battery	1 /1	burgh borough	4	covert-baron	gr
assets	11	by reason, of	1	covin	94
attorney at Lan	21	Capias, capite.	1 1	counsellour	3
general.		certiorari	16	at Lan.	8
attornment_	124	chair-man	175	counter part.	
audita querela	1	chaplain	3	counter plea.	2
average		champion	10-0	countersign.	93
averment_	24/	charter	DESCRIPTION AND PERSONS ASSESSED.	countervail.	
Bail or mainprise	13/	chattels	17%	intes	8
bailiff inrick.	3	church warden	Č	urier	
banker	25	circuit	12	court-baron	10
bargain & sale	4	circumstantibus	2	cursitor	36
baron & feme.	1	citation	7.3	damage	120
barony, barones	23	demency; ent	1	damn, damnation	3
barrator,-retry	3	dient	2	days man	13
barrister	3	codicil	12.0	de bene esse	13
battery	52	collateral	2	de facto	1270
batterybandy-house	18	collect; tive	h	de jure	In.
benefit of clergy	< 2N	commendatary	20	demurr, - rer.	10
billofexchange	124	compurgator.		deodand	15
black-rod	5	condemn;natory		dilatory	5
blench	200	condemnation		disfranchife.	12
bona fide	25	confiscate	15	distringas	13
bond, bound-	5	connect; ion.	575	durels	I.
book keeping	470	conservator; ry	1010.	dust and aftes .	2
	1		<u> </u>	1- 1-	1

Call Street					
dower, donry.	4	forma pauperis	4	Idiot, : tism	33
dower, dowry.	2	formedon	4	Jeofail	1
dry rent		free-bench		Jeofailimberzle	3
duel	5	frier	4	impanel	2
duke, dutches	25	from and after Game-keeper.	10	impediment	
Easement		Game-keeper.	dr.	imaland	5
easter; term	2)	gaol, goal, Fail	U'	implement	3
egrefs & regrefs.	4	gaot-delivery	2	implication	39
acyce	I UI	gauger	4.		
emblement	12	gentleman; men		imposible; ity	ام ا
enfranchise	3	gentle noman; en	7		
enure	-	gipsy, gipsies.	34	impropriation	
equity of redemption	72	goods & chattels	4	incertain; ty	34
escape-warrant	12°	green-cloth	40	incident	75
esoin, estate		groom-porter.		incontinency;nt	کے
estoppel	12.	guardian, garden	14	incroachment	ME
estray	4	quild hall	40	incumbent	5
executor deson tori	15	Habeas corpora	TED	india company	5
executory devise	50	habeas corpus	TES	indicavit	2
ex mero motu.		habendum	14	indivisum	5
ex officio	150	habere facius		indorsement	*>
exparte	1 ~1	half-blood		inducement	5/
False imprisonme	1 1	half-mark	3	induction	5
false judgment		hallelujah	10:	inesse	6
false latin	1,	head-borough	13	inmate	20
fee-expectant	5	heir apparent.	19	in posse	56
fee-farm		heir at Lan	10	inquisitor	
fee-simple	150	heir-loom	m	inrollment	M
fee-tail	120	high treason	133	insure, = ance.	1
felo de se	120	high-way;s		intendment	5
feme-covert	150	highwayman	170	intercommoning	40
feoffment	117	homesoken	1'h	interdict	12
fieri facias	15	hue and cry	+	interloper	LA
fine & recovery		hundred	100	interpleader.	4
forcible entry	1	husband & nrife		invest; ature	นั้น
forest	15-5	hustings	2	invoice	1
L. Carrier H. L.	1.		<u>†</u>		N-

Joinder 3	Lord God	4	non-conformist	5
Joint-executor 2	Lord God Almighty	W	non est factum.	2
jointure-trefs.	Lord my God '	M	non-juror	-11
journey-man.	Lord your God.	941	non-juror non obstante	1
ipso facto 20	Lord thy God		non pros	
irregular; rity by	- 11. 4 1	7 1	nonsana memo.	6,
irrepleviable 16	Lord her God.	in	nonsuit ria	
judaism3	Lord our God	UE!	not guilty	4
judge, judgment	Lord their God.	my	water	7
juridical 12	Magnacharta.	9E	nude-contract.	7
justice of Peace	malediction	5	Oath	5
	mandate;tary.	7	occupant; ancy.	p
Kalender month	manour, manure	1	on or before	e
hey, -s	mansion	-	option, order.	P92
kidnanning 20	maritime		overtact	97
king's prerogative 2	mark, market	60	oyer& terminer	9
Kings verusi 2	marshalsey		Pains & penaltys	
Lands (k) tenement	mass-priest)"	paraphernalia.	
latin	M. of Chancery		parcener	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
lay-man;-men.	M. of the Rolls		park, parol	
laity	M. Attorney General		party-jury	07
leap-year	M.Sollicitour Gen.		passure; rage.	6
lease & release	militia			
lessee, lessor, ese	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	K,	pann-broker.	
letter of attorney of	monument	3	penance	5Zm
letters-patent.	A STREET, SQUARE, SQUA	W/	penny-post	
levant & couchant			penny-weight	1
levari facias VY	natural; lize	6	per cent	00
lendness	ne exeat regnum	4	petty treason	2
lex talionis F	negro	ye'	pigeon house	
lieutenant 4	nemine contrada	5	pilot, plantation	
livery & Seisin .	: cente	-3	play-house	en
Lord chancellor.	night-walker.	h	poll-money	02
Lord chief baron 2	nolle prosequi	70	posse comunados	100
Lord chief Justice			postage	10
Lord Mayor [4]	non compos mentis	1 4	post diem	1
La constant de la con	A Secretary and decided			1 1

post nati post office protein file protein file protein file present ment present ment present ment primition primit	postea	10	rent-charge	77	Tail-general	11
post office prebend, dary prebend, dary prebend, dary present ment of present of pr	posteriti riori	500			tail-special	7
prot office prebend, dary prebend, dary present ment prest money. Safe pledge priminer seisin principal and accefary salique Lan vice-gerent winder provateer privy council scire facias scire facias scire facias protate scire facias scire facias willain, y, ow visitation wive voce winding protate scipendendo	nost nation	1/9	rent- comice	7	the A title	7
present ment primiter seisin principal and acceptary salique Lan vicar vicar vicar privateer privateer privateer prototate scient for acceptant prototate scient prototate scient prototate scient for acceptant prototate scient for search prototate for search prototate for search prototate for search prototate for search for search prototate for soldier for for form for for form for form for form for form for form for form for		100			1.1 0.111	,
prest money primier seisin salique Lan principal and accessary salique Lan privateer scion school master wice-gerent wice-gerent vice-gerent vice-gere	Market State Control of the Control			1 34	transport	6
prest money primier seisin salique Lan principal and accessary salique Lan privateer scion school master wice-gerent wice-gerent vice-gerent vice-gere	MANUFACTURE OF SERVICE STATE STATE SERVICES			1 - 4	tomopor	4
accefoary Scandalum magn Wice-gerent William, y. ous William, w. over	No. of Control of the			nn		N
accefoary Scandalum magn Wice-gerent William, y. ous William, w. over		THE RESERVE		4		T
accefoary Scandalum magn Wice-gerent William, y. ous William				6		n
privateer School-master wiet armis viet armi			sawaye	11.41		1.
provate			notime mag.	ho	1	4
probate	privateer	174		10		
pro confesso 6	pruy council	149			The state of the s	
profaneness sea; s, = men, search wiva voce wmpire umpire umpire uniform, mity uniform, mity unity uni	provate	103		1'5		J-
protect			scot and Lot	5		1
protect			sea, s, = men,	1616		/ V
purpresture Z se defendendo. Z unity utensil utensi			search	15		F
guam diu se Serjeant at Lan Wager, nvages Journal of guartum meruit Senver Nayer, nvages Journal of guartersessions Sign manual of guietus Sign manual of g				11	the same of the sa	L
bene geserit \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \						7
quartersessions his sign manual quartersessions his sign manual quartersessions his sign manual quietus quietus quoad hoc quietus quo jure house of Lords of Lords spiritual quo no				110.	The state of the s	1
quarentine	POTENTIAL DESCRIPTION OF THE AVERAGE AND A	100 000000		10)		1
quartersessions of sign manual of nrit of error of the signs & nronders of the signs of the sig				12		7
quid pro quo quietus signs & nvonders Year and day quietus simony year, day, & nvaste quorad hoc soriage york buildings quo jure soriage york buildings quorum soriage york buildings quorum soriage york buildings quorum soldier york buildings quorum soldier york buildings quorum york b			. shop-lytter	RL		7
quietus Simony year, day, & waste yorkbuildings quo jure \sociage hy Omitted. House of Lords we guo ta sollicitor general house of Commons. My south sea-company receiver general South sea-company recital Supervise Last will and redeliver; ry Ry surrebutter Festament			sign manual.	18	writ of error	Ż
quo jure	quid pro quo	15	signs & wonders	2	Year and day	1.
quo jure \ sociage \ \ \ soldier \ \ soldier \ \ soldier \ \ soldier \ \ \ soldier \ \ soldier \ \ \ \ \ soldier \ \ \ \ \ soldier \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		. 7	simony	1	year, day, & waste	1
quorum \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	quoad hoc	1	smugler	4	0 0	5
quota	quo jure	1	· · ·	hi	Ommittee.	
quota	quorum	70		15	House of Lords. V	5
receiver general. \(\)	quota	1				10
receiver general TV/ South Sea-company of and temporal of sterling Lords & Commons. Teddendum of Supervise of Last will and redeliver; ry. Ry surrebutter of Testament	quo warrant	1/2	sollicitor general.	141	Lords Spiritual	4
reddendum n Supervise Last will and redeliver; ry. R surrebutter 1/2 Testament	receiver general	Mil	South-sea-company	147	and temporal.	d
reddendum Supervise Last will and redeliver; ry R surrebutter F Testament		17	sterling	1,4	Lords & Commons	U
redeliver, ry. R surrebutter _ 1/2 Testament	reddendum.	· m				
	redeliver : ry					2
The state of the s	reenter, try.			1		
renegade, do Ty surrender		1 2	surrender	1" ~	OBSERVATIO	N





Be perfect in this Ufeful Art, and then No Word from Lulpit can escape your Len.

OBSERVATIONS,

explications

PROPER

For better Understanding the Letters of the Alphabet, Double and triple Conformants, Prepositions, Terminations, Significations, Particles, SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenses, and Perfons, with the General and Particular Shortning and Joining Rules, Dictionary, Alstracts, &c.

Such suitable DIRECTIONS, for the right using of this Book;

As that the Learners may eafily make themfelves perfect Mafters of this New Method, by the Said Book alone, without any Teacher; Though they know nothing of Latin.

MYSTERIA PANDO.



OBSERVATIONS, &c.

OBSERVATIONS on the Letters of the Alphabet.



BSERVE, the first Six Lessons are the Foundation of this New Method of Short-Hand, and contain all the Letters or Characters used in it. Of these Six, this first is one of the hardest; because you must be able to read and write ANY of the Letters, instantly, without looking on the Copy: And indeed, if you are

perfect in this first Lesson, then you know the following second, third, and fourth Lesson; because these three are no more than joining two, or three of the Letters together.

The Reason of the two Short-Hand (p's) and two Short-Hand (f's)

is for Distinction sake, as you will see afterwards.

You see one Character stands for both (ij,) and another Character for (u v.) which the Word itself, or the Sense and Connexion, will

immediately diffinguish.

Observe, ist, Every Letter of the Alphabet must be written without taking off the Pen. 2dly, The Bodies of all the Letters must be of an equal Bigness. 3dly, The Tops and Bottoms of such of the Letters as have any, must be of an equal Length with the Bodies of the same Letters. 4thly, The Strokes or Lines of all the Letters must be of an equal Fineness; that is to say, you must only touch the Paper with the Pen, either in going up, down, round, forward, backward, or sloping; for you must not squeeze, or lean hard on the Pen, nor make one Line, or Part of a Line of any Letter, or Character, in your Writing, thicker, or blacker than another; because squeezing, or leaning hard, will occasion you to misshape the Characters, speil the Pen, tire the Hand, and take up longer Time in the Writing.

BEGIN to write the Character for (t) and (x,) at the Tcp; and the Characters for the two (p)s, and the fecond (s,) at the Middle. How to begin to write any of the rest is plain. See the last Leaf

concerning the Copy-Book.

O

LEARN

LEARN this first Lesson, according to the Directions in the last Leaf of this Book.

OBSERVATIONS on the Joinings of the Letters.

OBSERVE, if you can write any Letter fingly, or alone by itself, you can also write, any two, three, four, or more of them foined together, without taking off the Pen; because the General Rule for joining, is to begin to write the fecond Letter, where you leave off at the first; and to begin to write the third Letter, where you leave off at the fecond; and to begin to write the fourth Letter, where you leave off at the third; and so on: So that if you are perfect in the first Lesson, then you can write any Joining in the second,

third, and fourth Lesson; as I hinted before.

Concerning the two (p's) and two (f's), you see by the second and third Lesson, that the last (p) is only writ when (f) goes before (p;) and that the last (f) is only writ when (h) or (n) comes after (f) for (fh fn) made by the first (f) would not be plain or distinct. You may also see, by the said second and third Lessons, that for (c) I make (k), as for (cl, cr, fer) I make (kl, kr, fkr) because they sound the Word as well, and are more lineal and sooner writ than (cl, cr, fer). The other double and treble Consonants that begin and end Words, as (ch, th, thr, &c.) are contained among the Prepositions and Terminations. The (e) at the End of the double and treble Consonants which end Words, is not pronounced, and consequently is not written in this Art: Therefore (hle), or its Character, is only to be read (hl), naming the Letters; and so of all the rest.

LEARN the fecond and third Lessons in their Order, one after another, as you did the first. Be sure to write flowly and exactly at first, for you will daily write swifter. By no means meddle with the fecond Lesson till you are perfect in the first; nor with the third, till you are perfect in the fecond; and so of all the rest of the Lessons.

THE fourth Lesson is of great Use; for it teaches you to join all the double or treble Consonants that can happen to come in the Beginning, Middle, or End of Words; as also to join sour, five, six, seven, or more Letters together, as well as two: As for Example, if you were to join (k, l, m, n, o, p) together, first look how (kl) are joined.

then look how (lm, &c.)

IN SHORT, when you come to join, in every Sentence, five, fix, or more Words together, without taking off the Pen in an Instant of Time, according to RULES; then this Table directs you how to do it; because it is no more than joining the first Character, or Letter of the following Word, to the last Character or Letter of the foregoing Word.

THERE are only about three or four of the Joinings in this Table, which

which I have defignedly shortened, to wit, (il, iv, &c.) for a Reason

to be given afterwards.

/

y

n

E

u

re

ī,

ıd

e

;)

u

e

e

18

s.

d

1

.

f

Also observe, if you are perfect in the five Lines of the Table marked with a Dot (.) in the Margin, to wit (ma, mb, mc, &c.) (na, nb, &c.) (fa, fb, &c.) (ta, tb, &c.) va, vb, &c.) then you know the whole Table, because the other twenty one Lines, to wit (a, b, c, d, &c.) do, and must end like the said five Letters (m, n, s, t, u,) that is to fay, floping towards the right Hand, like (m.) or straight out, like (n.) or directly down, like (f.) or floping towards the left Hand, like (t.) or end at the Top like (u.) thus; the Short-Hand (a, b,) end like the Short-Hand (m.) and (c, f, o, z, and the last p,) end like (n.) and (g, h, i, k, p, q, and the last s,) end like <math>(s.) and (d, w, x.)end like (t.) and (e, l, r, y,) end like (u.) So that, as I hinted before, if you can join (a, b, c, &c.) to (n,) then you can also join the said (a, b, c, &c.) to (f, &c.) because the last Stroke of the (f) ends like (n,) and indeed it is an (n.) The same may be said with respect to the other four Letters, as well as (n:) Therefore you must be very perfect in the faid five Lines of Joinings, to wit, (m, n, s, t, u.) See the engraved Copy-Book, which makes every thing plainer, than can be done in this common Print.

LEARN this fourth Lesson, by transcribing it in your Copy-Book exactly from my Copy: And be sure to look on at every Joining therein. Then try if you can write it over, on a Paper apart from your Memory, and afterwards compare it with my Copy. But if you think that the writing of all the 26 Lines, from your Memory, will be too tedious, then write only the said 5 Lines, (m, n, s, t, u:) And to try whether you are perfect in this fourth Lesson, write a Sentence or two out of any Book by it, and join all the Letters in one Word together, without taking off the Pen, though the Joinings should be ever so crooked, or run down ever so far below the Line; and, for that End, keep the Lines at a wide Distance from one another, about the

Breadth of an Inch.

OBSERVATIONS on the Prepositions and Terminations.

OBSERVE, the first, fifth, and sixth Lessons are the three hardest Lessons in Short-Hand, because they contain all the CHARACTERS used in this Method, and are, as it were, three different and distinct Alphabets; the first, for the Letters of the Alphabet, the second, for the Beginnings of long Words; and the third, for the Endings of long Words; and, upon that account, are the Foundation of this Art, and therefore ought to be perfectly learned: For as to the Characters in the second, third, and fourth Lessons, they are no more than

tio

th

A

21

fu

th

di

2

S

t

AGAIN

than the Joining of two, three, or more of the Letters of the Alphabet together. And with respect to these Propositions and Terminations, which begin and end long Words, it is not to be supposed that they can be written Letter for Letter: Example, (tranf-.) and (-scribe,) can never be supposed to be written at Length, with a Shart-Hand (t, r, a, n, f,) and (f, c, r, i, b, e,) and so of some others; for that would be almost as tedious as the Long-Hand, or common way of Writing: Belides, there being above fifteen thousand Words in the English Tongue, beginning with one or other of these 66 Prepostions; and above twenty thousand Words in the same Tongue, ending with one or other of these 59 Terminations, (as appears from the Dictionary) there was an absolute Necessity for making them shorter than could be done by the Letters of the Alphabet; tho' the Learner may" efion, -efon,) (-ition, &c.) (-otion, &c.) (-ation, &c.) (-ution, &c.) are done by Rules, and consequently might have been left out; and that there some more of these Terminations, with a great many of the Prepositions, which are made up exactly of the Letters of the Alphabet, and therefore are no Burden or Charge on the Memory: And, indeed, they might have been all composed and contracted by the Letters; but then they would have been more tedious in Writing, and puzzling in Reading, and consequently not have answered the Ends of Short-Hand, which are to be speedy and legible: Besides, the contracting or shortening of them by one or two Letters of the Alphabet, does still burden the Memory a little as well as MARKS; as for Example, if you were to shorten the Preposition (trans-) by any two Letters of the Short-Hand Alphabet, as, (tr, ta, tn, ts, ns, &c.) any of these, in my Opinion, is almost as hard to remember as a MARK, because no Rule or Reason can be given why (tr, &c.) should stand for (trans-.) The same may be said, with respect to the other Prepostions, and likewise to the Terminations, which are made by MARKS: Besides, (tr, &c.) for (trans-) would be puzzling in the Reading, (as I hinted before) because they would clash or interfere with these Letters themselves, and you could not readily tell, whether that (tr. &c.) stands for (tr, &c.) or (tranf-:) And it would be still more puzzling in the Reading, if you were to join, in every Sentence, (as you must do) five, or more Words together, by Rules, (in an Instant of Time,) if there were no more Marks or Characters in the Method, than these for the 26 Letters of the Alphabet; for it would be imposlible to tell, either where one Word, in the Joining, begins, or where another ends: Whereas the MARKS, for the Beginnings and Endings of long Words, instantly discover themselves, and shew where the Words begin and end, because of their being remarkably plain and diflinet from the Letters of the Alphabet, as appears from the Writing. The same may be said of all the rest of the Prepositions, and Terminations made by MARKS, as well as of (trans-.)

OBSERVATIONS, &c.

AGAIN observe, if you discount these Prepositions and Terminations which are made by the Letters themselves, and by Rules, then you will find that there are no more MARKS, or Characters, used in this New Method, than 96, and which are the Foundation of this Art; and are, as it were, three different and distinct Alphabets; and are contained in the first, fifth and sixth Lesson. For as to the Characters in the second, third, and sourth Lesson, they are no more than the Joining of two, or more of the Letters of the Alphabet together, as I said before: The three Alphabets, or 96 Characters, may be learned, by reading and writing them nine or ten Times carefully over, in their Order; and Practice will enable you to remember them daily better and better.

N. B. To write Long-Hand properly, one must remember 52 different Marks, or Characters; to wit, 26, for the Capital Letters, and 26, for the small Letters; but a Gentleman of the Law, Se. must remember 52 more, for the Capital and small Letters, in the Secretary-Hand; and 52 more, for those in the Court-Hand; besides these Marks, for the Greek Capital and small Letters, about 200 in

all.

.

An EXPLICATION of the Prepositions and Terminations.

FIRST of the Prepositions.

As for these Prepositions and Terminations that stand for two, or more Things, as (tran- or trans-) &c. the Sense and Connexion of the Discourse will immediately distinguish and discover which of them the Character stands for.

AND as for these Characters, which both begin and end Words,

your Eye will diffinguish that, and so read them accordingly.

ALL the 66 can be pronounced except (ch-tch, th, thr, wh-) which you must read by the Letters. And pronounce the Terminations after the same Manner.

As to (ad-al-circum-ch-) observe that no Word can begin with (sd, nl, enn, ct,) and so these can be no Mistake; besides (sd, &c.)

are written a little different by the fourth Lesson.

As to (ac-) though (sc-) begins Words, yet (sk-) is made for it, as in the second and third Lesson; besides, (sc-) by the fourth Lesson, is

written with a longer (s.)

As to the Preposition (car-cor-cur-) when it stands for (Sc.) it always stands alone; but when it stands for (car-cor-cur-) there is always something joined after it, to make up the full Word; as, (corruption &c.)

As to (sup- super-) observe, when a Word begins with (p) it is

made by the other (p;) as in the second Lesson,

As to (sub-) observe that no Word begins with (sin-.)

THE

THE (uf-) is a little different from (u, s,) in the fourth Lesson.

THE Characters for (ap- &c.) (com- &c.) (comp-) (it-) (or- &c.)

fan&-) (var- &c.) are MARKS; and not like (kp, le, lp, it, fr, ft,)

fu.)

THE Copy-Book directs you, where to begin to make such of the

Prepositions or Terminations, as you are most likely to mistake.

LEARN this fifth Lesson, or fecond Alphabet, as you did the first Alphabet.

SECONDLY, An Explication of the Terminations.

Ist, FOR (-tion, -sion, -son,) (-etion, -esion, -eson) (-ition, -ision, -ision, -ision,) (-otion, -osion, -osion,) put a Dot (.) within the Middle of the Letter, or Letters, or Character, which goes before the said (-tion, &c. -etion, &c. -ition, &c. -otion, &c.) See the Examples thereof, both in Long-Hand and Short-Hand, in the Copy-Book, which could not be inserted here, in the common Print.

2dly, FOR (-ation, -asion, -asion,) put a Dot (.) above the Top of the Letter, or Character, which goes before the said (-ation, -asion, -

ason.) See the Examples thereof in the Copy-Book.

3dly, FOR (-ution, -usion, -uson,) put a Dot (.) below the Bottom of the Letter, or Character, which goes before the faid (-ution, -ufion, uson.) See the Examples thereof in the Copy-Book. OBSERVE, the (-tion, -fion, -fon,) have the same, or much the same Sound, which the Sense and Connexion will instantly discover. The same may be faid of each of the other five, to wit, (-ation, &c. -etion, &c. -ition, &c. -otion, -ution, &c.) A Consonant is supposed to go before the FIRST (-tion, -fion, -fon,) because the FIVE following (-tion, -fion. -fon) have the FIVE VOWELS (a, e, i, o, u,) going before them. EVERY Short-Hand Letter hath a Middle to put a Dot (.) within it; as, (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, &c.) except (m, n, s, t,) and, indeed; when any two of these four are joined together, there will be a Middle for the Dot (.) as; (mn, nm, fm, &c.) if you suppose a Line drawn from the Beginning of the first Letter, to the End of the second. See the Example thereof in the Copy-Book. Tho' (-ing, -ed, -er, &c.) come after any of the faid Six, to wit, (-tion. sion,fon,) (-ation, &c. -etion, &c. -ition, &c. -otion, &c -ution, &c.) yet still make the Dot (.) last, as, (commission, commissionate, -ing, -ed, -er, &c.) (occasion, -ing, -ed, &c.) See Copy-Book. WHEN (-cian,) or any other thing founds like (-tion, -fion, -fon) then make (-tion, -fion, -fon,) instead thereof; as (connexion, connection, fashion, physician, musician, &c.)

4thly, (er, -or, -our,) at the End of a Word, are fometimes made by a Short-Hand (r,) and fometimes by the third Part of the Length of a Short-Hand (m.) They are made by the (r,) when the Letter, or

Cha-

Character, which goes before (-er, -or, -our,) contains the Half of the Letter (r,) as Words ending in (-der, -ger, -fer, -ter, &c.) because the Bottom of (d, g, s, t,) contains Half of the Letter (r.) Again, (er, -or, our) are made by the third Part of the Length of (m,) when the Letter, or Character, which goes before (-er, -or, -our,) doth not contain the Half of the Letter (r,) as Words ending in (-ber, -fer, -ler, -ner, &c.) because no Part of (r) is contained in (b, f, l, n.) Observe, this third Part of the Length of (m,) standing for (-er, -or, -our) is always joined at the End of a Word, and hath nothing joined after it: But when this third Part of the Length of (m) stands for (in- un-) then it is always joined at the Beginning of a Word.

5thly, WHEN (th-) comes in the Beginning, or Middle of Words, it is made by its own Character, among the Prepositions; but when (-th, -eth,) come in the End of Words, they are made by the little

round (o,) among the Terminations,

6thly, THE Character for (-ng, -ing,) is half the Length of (n,) and the Character for (nging, -nan, -nen, -nin, - non, -nun, -ning,) is twice the Length of (n,) The Second shortening Rule directs, that a big (n) shall stand for (nan, nen, nin, non, or nun.)

7thly, THE Character for (temp--tempt,) stands always in the Beginning or End of Words, for (temp-, -tempt,) and not for (mp,) for (mp) is made by the other (p,) as you will see in the third Lesson.

MAKE a Dot (.) at once, with one Touch of your Pen, without

turning the Pen round.

LEARN this fixth Lesson, or third Alphabet, exactly as you did the

second Alphabet.

IF you join the Characters in the fifth and fixth Lesson together, they will make up compleat Long Words, which will be very plain, and concise. Example, the Characters for (circum-) and (-ference,) joined together, will make the Word (circumference.) And so of all the rest of the 66 Prepositions, and 59 Terminations. See Copy-Book.

THE fetting down the Prepositions and Terminations promiscuonly in the fourth Page, will serve as a School-Master to dodge you, and to try whether you are perfect in them, or not; for you must be so perfect therein, as to be able instantly to read, or write any of them, when desired, without looking on the Copy; because the Letters, Prepositions, and Terminations, (as I said before) are the Foundation of this New Method; and that EVERY Word, in the English, or other Tongues, is formed out of them, except about a Dozen of English Words, which, if you please, may be formed out of them likewise.

I know that the *Prepositions*, (ch-, th-, wh-,) are written otherwise by your fourth Lesson; but there being such a prodigious Number of Words

Words beginning with these three, as appears by the Dictionary, they are shortened as they stand in the fifth Lesson; the last two being downright MARKS: And as for the first, there can be no Mistake, because no Word can begin with (\mathcal{E}_i) besides, (\mathcal{E}_i) by your fourth Lesson, is written with a short (t_i) but still the (ch, th, wh_i) written according to the fourth Lesson, are very useful, as if one Word were to end with $(c, t, or w_i)$ and the next Word to begin with (h_i) if these two Words are to be joined together, (by your Rules) then, to be sure, they must be joined according to the said fourth Lesson.

LASTLY, (by way of Digression) From what hath been said, with relation to the Characters, in the fifth and fixth Lesson, I may infer, that it is really very ridiculous, in Mr. B-m, to amuse and trifle with the Public, for these 22 Years past, by vainly boasting, in six feveral printed Proposals, published one after another, Year after Year, " [That he intends to print, by Subscription, (Price One Guinea DOWN,) " A new Method of Short-Hand, which hath no more CHARA CTERS in it than the Letters of the Alphabet, and that it answers all the ENDS of Short-Hand, and is PREFERABLE to all others extant, and par-" ticularly, that it EXCELLS the Methods of SHELTON, MASON, "WESTON, &c. and that it is so EASY, that a SPECIMEN of the Writing will discover the Art." This obliged me, both for MY OWN Vindication, and the PUBLIC's Satisfaction, to publish, in all the News-Papers, Year after Year, that all Persons were welcome to call, and fee that Gentleman's WONDERFUL ALPHABET, with SPECIMENS of the Writing, by it, written by some of that Gentleman's Scholars, whom I have fince taught; by which Means they might instantly judge, what they were to have for their GUINEA; (which is almost one Shilling for every one of the 24 Letters of the Alphabet;) and might also judge, whether his Method was either SPEEDY, or LEGIBLE, or deserved the NAME of Short-Hand: And that they might likewise see such another Method of writing Short-Hand, by no more CHARACTERS than the Letters of the Alphabet, which was printed in the Year 1719, (about 26 Years ago,) and given away GRATIS, at the Sign of the ANODYNE-NECKLACE, without Temple-Bar; tho' that Gentleman, in his Proposals, boasts, that that Way of Writing, (useless as it is) is quite NEW, and wholly HIS OWN. I likewise publicly offered, in all the News-Papers, to lay that Gentleman FIFTY GUINEAS to ONE GUINEA, to write or campare with him: But the Gentleman did not think it proper to make any Answer to any one of the Particulars above mentioned, which certainly he would, if he could, especially when his Honour, Advantage, and his MOST EXCELLENT METHOD OF SHORT-HAND lay at Stake.

OBSERVATIONS on the Significations.

AVING learn'd the Letters of the Alphabet, with all their feveral Joinings, in the Beginning, Middle, or End of Words, with the Prepositions and Terminations, you might now begin to write Short-Hand: But it is more proper, first to learn the Significations annexed to the first, second, third, fifth, and sixth Lessons, in the fifth, sixth, seventh, and eighth Pages, because these Significations contain or make up, at least, the third Part of any English Book, and then you will write with more Ease and Pleasure.

th

re

n,

th

r,

Ae

ix

r,

,)

3

r-

be

Ш

e

-

y

d

n

ıt

t

.

y -

OBSERVE, there are no new Characters amongst the Significations, AGAIN observe, the learning the Significations, or Words annexed to the Letters, double and treble Consonants that begin and end short Words, and to the Prepositions and Terminations, that begin and end long Words, is but little more Pains than learning to know, and make the Letters, Prepositions, and Terminations themselves: For if you know how to make $(k, l, \beta, fm, \beta p, &c.)$ in Short-Hand, without looking on, then you may easily remember, that (k) stands for (King,) (l) for (Lord,) (β) for (fball,) (fm) for (fame,) and (fp) for (Spirit,) and so of all the rest.

Also observe, when you come to learn the Rules how to write Short-Hand, you will find that all these Significations are most natural and rational, and not burdensome to the Memory.

AND as for those Letters, double and treble Confonants, Prepositions, and Terminations, that stand for two or more Words, the Sense and Connexion of the Discourse will immediately distinguish and discover which? of them they fland for: Yea, whenever you come to read what you have written, the Sense will instantly force you to pronounce and read the right one first, and you will not, at that Time, in the least think of its standing for any Thing else; because these Words are either different Parts of Speech, or have very different Meanings; and consequently, to read one Word for another, would make the Sentence downright Nonsense. To illustrate and confirm this, only observe, that there is a very great Number of Words, in the Latin Tongue, that have two, three, four, or more different Significations: The same may be faid, concerning the English Tongue, especially those Words, called the English Particles, to wit, the Prepositions, Conjunctions, &c. which have two, three, four, or more different Acceptations and Meanings, as you may fee, in that excellent English Grammar, composed by Mr. James Greenwood; besides, there are a great many other English. Words, which alter their Signification, according as they are used in the feveral Professions, Arts, and Sciences, the same Word signifying one Thing in Divinity, another Thing in Law, and another Thing? in Physic, Mathematics, Grammar, &c. and yet we find that the Sense

and Connexion of the Discourse do immediately distinguish and discover

which of them they stand for.

AGAIN observe, although these Significations may be comprised in Long-Hand, in one Side of a Quarter of a Sheet of common writing Paper; yet they do contain, or make up, at least, one third Part of any English Book; that is to say, take any English Book, whether it be of Divinity, Law, History, Mathematics, &c. and pitch upon any Sentence or Page of these Books, and then number the Words therein, (Proper Names excepted,) and you will find, at leaft, the third Part of that Number, among the faid Significations; and the Reason is plain, because most of these Significations are pick'd Words, and are some of the principal Words in the English Tongue, and which every Sentence must contain more or less of them, in regard they are made up of these Words, called the SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Particles, &c. Some of these Signs, you fee, are among the Significations annexed to the Letters of the Alphabet, to wit, (be, can, canst, had, hadst, will, wilt, is, have, has, haft, bath, was, wast, were, wert, I, thou, you, ye, be.) There are likewise some of the Particles, among the said Significations annexed to the Letters of the Alphabet, to wit, (also, by, from, ago, and, o, oh, of, off, only, here, hither, too, to, into, unto, a, an, how, except, yea.) Some more of these Signs and Particles, &c. are contained among the Significations annexed to the double and treble Confonants, that begin and end short Words; and to the Prepositions and Terminations that begin and end long Words.

Also observe, if you add (as you must do when there is Occasion.) the (-ing, -ed, -eth, -er, -nefs, -ment, -able, -ful, -fully, -fulnefs, -lefs, -lefty, -lefnefs, -tion, -ation, -ution, &c.) to these Significations, then they will make up a great deal more than the third Part of any English Book; as for Example, you see that the Letter (x) stands for (accept;) therefore (accepting, accepted, accepteth, accepter, acceptable,) are written, by only joining the Terminations, (-ing, -ed, -eth, -er, -able,) to the faid (x;) and (Acceptation) is written, by putting a Dot (.) above the faid (x,) for the Termination (-ation;) and so of all the rest of the Significations, as well as (accept.) So you may judge whether these

Significations are not worth the learning.

This of fignifies, that the Words to which it is annexed, have the same, or much the same Meaning, as (can, can'ff.) &cc.

You may imagine that the Character for (fledfast) is (sf.) You know that the Letter (i,) stands for the Word (I,) the first Person fingular; therefore you may imagine that the Proposition (-if) standing for the Word (we,) the first Person plural, is a big (i.)

THE Characters for (cannot) and (is not) are plain, if you compare

them with the Character for (not,) among the Terminations.

THE SE Terminations that have a Line drawn after them, thus (---) import import that they have no Signification, in the English Tongue, annexed to them, and are only to be read as Terminations.

THE Letters (-rt,) ending Words, stand for (Art,) a Science; and

(ar-) beginning Words, stands for (are, art,) being.

LEARN these five Lessons of Significations, thus; First, learn the Significations annexed to the Letters of the Alphabet, in this manner: Read the Significations of the first six of these Letters four times over; then shut the Long-Hand of these fix, and try if you can read the Short-Hand of them, according to the faid Significations annexed thereto, first downwards, and then upwards; and so learn the next fix the fame way; and then try if you can read the Short-Hand of the twelve, downwards and upwards, without looking on the Long-Hand: Then learn the third fix the fame way; and then try if you can read the eighteen, downwards and upwards, without looking on the Long-Hand; and so on, till you are perfect in the Significations annexed to the Letters of the Alphabet. Learn the rest of the Significations (annexed to the other four Lessons,) in order, one after another, exactly the same way, only fix of the Characters at a time. Be fure to read fuch as stand for two or more Words, at least three times over, thus; The Letter (r) stands for (air, heir, &c.) (air, heir, &c.) (air, heir, &c.) for the often repeating any thing ferves very much to imprint it in the Memory. Again, be fure always to keep a fet Form, when you try to read the Significations annexed to every fix, thus; (r) stands for (air, heir, &c.) not thus, (heir, air, &c.) nor any other way, but as they are placed; for it will be confounding, and you will never learn them perfectly, if you read them sometimes one way, and sometimes another.

WHEN you read the Significations of the Short-Hand, you need only read the Significations themselves, without naming the Letters, Prepofitions, or Terminations; that is to say, the Character for (ab) need not be read thus, (ab-abate, &c.) but only this, (abate, &c.) and so

of all the reft.

N. B. WHEN you are perfect in these Significations, then you not only know the third Part of any English Book, (as I said before,) but you will begin to write by the Rules, Signs of the English Moods, Tenses, Persons, &c. which will afford both Pleasure and Profit; and you will every Day write and read better and swifter, and every Thing will seem daily more and more easy.

LASTLY. All, or fuch of the Significations as you don't chuse to charge your Memory with, may be written by the General Rule, and particular Shortening Rules, but then they will take up a little more Time in writing them; and consequently not answer the principal End

of Short-Hand.

OBSERVATIONS on the Vowels Places.

Your of the first Page, that the Places of the five Vowels about the Letters, double and treble Confonants, Prepositions, and Terminations, are as follow, to wit,

The Place of (a) begins exactly over-against the Top.

The Place of (e) begins exactly between the Top and Middle.
The Place of (i or y) begins exactly over-against the Middle.
The Place of (o) begins exactly between the Middle and Bottom.

The Place of (u) begins exactly over-against the Bottom.

You fee that the five Vowels Places about (n) and (p,) are a little different from the rest, because they have no Deepness; and that in the double and treble Consonants, the five Vowels are placed about the last Letter. Observe when you are to write any Letter or Character, or any other Thing in one of the five Vowels Places, be fure that you begin it exactly in that Vowel's Place, let it end where it will: By this way of placing the five Vowels, there will no Characters be placed above or under other Characters in your Writing; and the Places are plain and distinct; tho' you will perceive afterwards, that I make no Use of the five Vowels Places. When you are to put any thing in one of the five Vowels Place, be fure to write it as close to the foregoing Character as is possible; but when you think that the Character to be put in the Vowel's Place will come thro' the foregoing Character, then keep it at a little Distance, but still begin it over-against the Vowel's Place, as in the Word (might,) in the seventh Verse of the Specimen, written by the General Rule. As (n, p) differ from the rest of the Characters, as to the Vowel's Places, so they also differ as to the (-ation, -asion, -ason,) and (-ution, -usion, -uson;) for -ation, &c.) after (n) or (p) is made by putting a Dot (.) exactly above them at the left Hand; and (-ution, &c.) after them, is made by putting a Dot (.) exactly underneath them towards the left Hand.

OBSERVATIONS on the Shortening of Words, also on the General Rule, and Chapter written by it.

SHORTEN the Words in your own Mind, by throwing away all filent and fuperfluous Letters, and to help you thereto, observe, 1. For two or three Vowels coming together, take only one; as, for (beauty) write (buty,) &c.

2. For two Confonants of one Name coming together, take only

one; as, (command, comand,) &c.

3. Throw away the filent (e,) at the End of Words; as, (make, mak,) &c.

4. Throw away the (b,) not founded; as, (honour, onour,) &c.

5. For (ck, or ct,) write (k,) as, (rock, act, rok, ak,) &c.

6. For (dg, dge,) write (g,) as, (grudge, grug,) &c.

7. For (kn,) beginning Syllables write (n,) as, (knock, nock,) &c. 8. Throw away the (w,) after a Vowel; as, (law, flow, la, flo,) &c.

9. For (wr,) beginning Syllables, write (r,) as, (wrong, rong,) &c. 10. Throw away the (gh,) not founded; as (daughter, light, dater, byt,) &c. And when (gh) founds like (f,) write (f,) as (laugh, laf,) &c.

II. For (ph,) write (f,) as (physick, fisick,) &c.

12. (z) may sometimes be sounded by (f) as (baptize, baptise,) &c:

13. Throw away the (b,) after (m,) not pronounced; as, (dumb,

dum,) &c.

And so throw away all other filent and superfluous Letters; though, indeed, if you please, the Words may be written according to true Orthography, or exact Spelling; but then they will take up longer Time in Writing, and consequently not answer the End of Short-Hand; besides, this Art directs you to write Words, according to their shortest and most natural Sound, so as but to be understood.

You fee, by the General Rule, and Specimen written by it, that there are no Vowels written, except they begin the Word; and that the Confonants (j, v,) are written as well as the Rest of the Confonants, either in the Beginning, Middle, or End of Words; and that two Words joined by a Hyphen (-) are reckoned but as one Word, and wrote accordingly; as, (Water-pot,) &c.

As the Characters for the ARTICLES (a, an,) (the,) are remarkably plain, by their being, as it were, down-right MARKS; so the Word joined before and after them, and belonging to them, must

also be remarkably plain.

THE Design of the General Rule is only to write Words of a foreign Language, which you do not understand, with uncommon proper Names of Places, Men, Women, &c. Sirnames of Men, &c. and to exercise the Letters double and treble Consonants, Prepositions, Terminations, Significations and Places of the five Vowels: How to write the English Tongue, three Times shorter, speedier, and plainer, shall be shewn you afterwards, by the shortening Rules, Signs of the English Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Pronouns, Prepositions, and other English Particles, with the Joining Rules, and Table of shortened Words, as appears from the large Specimen written thereby.

OBSERVE, When two Vowels sounded come together, at the Beginning of any Latin, &c. Word, which you do not understand, or at the Beginning of any uncommon Name, &c. then write the first Vowel, and take off the Pen, at the second Vowel, and write what sollows, in that second Vowel's Place: Example, the Latin Word (aut) is written thus; first write the Letter (a,) and then take off the Pen, and write (t,) in the Vowel (u's) Place, &c. And if the two Vowels

Vowels founded come together, in the Middle of fuch Words, then join the first Vowel to what goes before it, and take off the Pen at the second Vowel, and write what follows, in that second Vowel's Place: Example, the Latin Word (Laus,) is written thus, first write (la,) and then take off the Pen, and write (f,) in the Vowel (u's) Place, &c. And if the two Vowels founded come together, at the End of fuch Words; then join the first Vowel to what goes before it, and take off the Pen at the second Vowel, and put a Dot (.) in that fecond Vowel's Place. Example, the Latin Word (Leo,) is written thus, first write (le,) and then take off the Pen, and put a Det (.) in the Vowel (o's) Place: So you fee that by this General Rule, any Word whatsoever can be written exactly as in the common Long-Hand. But if you understand such Words, or think that you can remember them; then you need only take one of the five Vowels (a, e, i, y, o, u,) which founds the Word best.

AGAIN observe, Don't regard any of your Significations, when you write any Sirname, &c. Example, (Mr. Blis,) is written by

(bl,) and (f) put in the (i's) Place, &c.

OBSERVATIONS on the shortening Rules.

1. (b, d, g, k, p, t,) found (be, de, ge, ke, pe, te,) and (f, l, m, n, *, f, x,) found (ef, el, em, en, er, es, ex,) and the Sense and Connexion of the Discourse will instantly discover, whether (b, d, &c. f, l, &c.) stand for (b, d, &c. f, l, &c.) or (be, de, &c. ef, el, &c.)

2. WHEN you write after a Speaker, it is impossible to begin the next Letter or Character, exactly in the Vowel's Place, and confequently you are necessarily led into an Error, by reading one Vowel for another; that is to fay, when you are to begin to write any thing in the Vowel (e's) Place; if you begin it higher, it will read (a;) and if you begin it lower, it will read (i,) or (y.) The fame may be faid with respect to the other four Vowels, as well as (e;) and, indeed, you may, by the founding of the foregoing thirteen Letters, (b, d, &c. f, l, &c.) and by the Sense and Connexion, presently recollect, whether the first Example (bk,) stands for (bak, bek, bik, bek, or buk,) especially in English Words; as well as a big (d,) stands for (dad, ded, did, dod, or dud.) Besides, it is well known that bad Spellers often write one Vowel for another, which does not in the least hinder the reading; because the very sounding of the Letters, and especially the Sense and Connexion instantly discover which of the 5 Vowels it must be, as I hinted before. AGAIN, the Method of taking off the Pen, at the Vowel, and writing what follows in it's Place, is not only erroneous, but also very tedious, and will not answer the End of taking down so much as two Thirds of any Discourse; and takes up much the same Time, as to write and join the Vowel itself; besides, this Way of Writing the Vowel itself is more plain and distinct, than putting any thing in it's Place. AGAIN Observe, that a big (d, f, &c.) are sooner written than (dd, ff, &c.) and are as distinct, and differ as

much from a common (d, f, &c.) as a Man from a Child.

3. The Vowels (a, e, y, o, u,) are somer written, and more dissinct, than taking off the Pen, and endeavouring to put any thing exactly in their Place: AGAIN, to make a plain Dot (.) requires you to lean a little hard, which still not only takes up a little longer Time, as well as taking off the Pen does; but also that leaning hard helps to spoil the Pen, and tire the Hand. Besides, you cannot in a Hurry put the Dot (.) exactly in the Vowel's Place: nor can any thing be joined before or after a Dot (.) as can be done both before and after any of the Vowels. Moreover, Dots (.) are confounding, because every little Touch of your Pen, Paper, or other Accidents, may occasion Dots (.) to be on your Paper. Observe, the Vowel (y,) is somer written than (i;) because you must stop the Pen a little in writing (i,) but not (y.) These first three shortening Rules are also applicable to foreign Languages, as Latin, French, &c. as well as English, if you have any Knowledge of these Languages; and they have a great Tendency to quick and speedy Writing, because they prevent a great many takings off of the Pen.

N.B. THE principal Vowel which ends English Words, is (y,) for there are only a few which end with (a, e, o, u,) and these chiefly

are Words of one Syllable.

1

S

4. The Sense and Connexion will instantly force you to pronounce and read the ('-st, -est,) with the ('-th, -eth, -s,) because (thou speak the Truth, he speak the Truth, &c.) are Nonsense. The Table of Pronouns shews you, how (she,) is shortened. Observe. Though you throw away the (-'st, -est, '-th, -eth, -s,) yet by no means throw away the (-ing, -ed, -er, -ment, -ness, -tion, &c.)

5, 6, and 7. THE Sense and Connexion will also force you to read the (-ly, -ty, and -ize;) they being different Parts of Speech; and if you were to read any of these four, to wit, (folemn, folemnly, folemnity, folemnize,) for one another, it would make the Sentence

downright Nonsense.

8. THE Eighth and the Rest of the shortening Rules need no Explication. Only observe that, through Inadvertency, I have not, in the Short-Hand Examples of the shortening Rules, join'd the Word going before, and belonging to the Articles, (a, an, the,) as well as the Word coming after these Articles. And that, in the Word (bird-kind,) the (rd,) through Mistake, is put in the (i's,) Place, instead of being joined to the (b.)

OBSERVATIONS on the Signs of the English Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Pronouns.

THESE 33 Signs, (whereof 22 are either among your Significations, or done by the shortening Rules,) may be learned, by Reading and Writing them twice or thrice over; for as to the Teinings of them, they are all made out of the faid 33; and when you have once learned these 33, you will every Day remember them better and better; because you must meet with some of them in every Sentence of your Writing. THE disjoined Signs over-against the 54 Joinings, ferve only instead of the common Long-Hand, to save Time and Room. IT will not be amis, if you repeat these 33 Signs without Book, that you may the better remember to join them, when you meet with them; repeating only the first Word of each; thus, (do, did, was, have, had, shall, will, may, can, might, would, should, could, ought to, must, be, am, are, is, let, done, been. to, about to, I, thou, he, she, it, we, ye, they, not.) As (to,) comes always after (ought,) the Character for (to,) is left out, I have inferted these 33 Signs in their natural Order, by writing down the Sign of the present Tense (do, dost, doth,) first, which is better than the Alpha-

betical Order, especially in so small a Number.

You fee that there are 18 single Signs, and 18 compound Signs relating to (have, and had,) and 18 more relating to (do, and done,) and 18 more relating to (be, and been;) in all 72. Also observe, that every one of the 72, by joining the Persons (I, thou, he, the, it, eve, ye, they,) and the Negative (not,) to them, can be changed 40 different Ways; as you see by the Example of the first Sign (de;) so that 40 Times 72 amounts to 2,880 plain Joinings or Sentences, each of which is written without taking off the Pen, as it were, in an Instant of Time; and some of them must happen in every Line of your Writing; and yet if you know these 33 Words, then you must likewise know all the 2,880 Joinings or Sentences; they being all composed, or made up of these 33 Words: And if you can change any one of the 72 forty Ways, then you can change the remaining 71 forty Ways alfo, AND, indeed, if you can write any Word feparately, then you can also write any 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or more Words together, without taking off the Pen; because the General Rule, for Joining, is, to begin to write the Second Word, where you leave off at the first; and to begin to write the third Word, where you leave off at the second; and so on. And to make you ready at Joining these Signs together, I would advise you to change each of the said 72 forty Ways, upon a Paper apart; and to help you to do them correctly

correctly, I design to have all the 72 curiously engraved, as soon as

posible.

e a a y e e s

of the series

AGAIN, it is easy to perceive that these Joinings are written in almost half the Time, and half the Room that they take disjoined, and are more plain and legible, than if every Word were written separately, and that every Joining can be taken afunder, Word for Word, if required. MOREOVER, These 33 Signs, with the Pronouns oc-curring so often, there was an absolute Necessity, for writing them shorter, than the shortening Rules direct; it being impossible to invent shortening Rules to shorten every Word properly, especially Short Words of one Syllable, which, indeed, want the most shortening; because they are sooner spoke, and are six Times more used, than Words of three, four, or more Syllables, which feldom occur; and when they do, they are instantly written by your Prepositions, Terminations, and Shortening Rules: There being Room to shorten long Words a great many Ways, by Rules; but little or no Room to shorten Words of one Syllable; besides, long Words take up longer Time to speak them, than the short Words do; and consequently you have longer Time to write them, than you have to write the short THAT short Words of one or two Syllables, (especially of one) are so much used, is evident, by only casting your Eye upon any Sentence of any English Book: And indeed, the 33 Signs are all Words of one Syllable.

Among the fifty-four Joinings, you may perceive that these four following are a little shortened, to wit, (ought to have, must have, ought to be, must be.) And that the Terminations (-clude,-claim,) are written a great deal bigger than (do; may;) besides, the Joining of the Signs (do, may,) to the other Signs, will instantly discover them from (-clude, -claim,) as, (I do, I do not, do I? do I not? do not I?)

&c.

REMEMBER, that (might,) when it stands alone, is written by a long (m,) and a (t) of an ordinary Length; but whenever any one, or more of the Signs of the Moods, Tenses, Persons, or Negative (not,) or the Verb, &c. are joined to (might,) either before or after (might,) then be sure always to throw away the (t) in (might.) As for Example, (might have, might have had, might do, might have done, might be, might have been,) which, you see, are among the sifty-four; and so (might not, he might, he might not, might not he, might he, he might speak, &c.) must be writ without (t) in (might.)

You see that the (a) in (am) is thrown away; because it is sometimes thrown away in Long-hand; as, (I'm not dull, &c.) And that (us,) join'd to (let) is made by (s;) because (let us) is wrote (let's.) The Pronouns will explain the rest of the Persons, to wit, (me, them, &c.) It was absolutely necessary to find out a Method to join these Signs of the Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Negative

(not) all together, in an Inflant of Time, without taking off the Pen; because they are pronounced, as it were, in one Breath, or as one Word.

You may likewise join all the Persons and Negative (not) to the faid (let,) and that whether they go before or after the said (let,) as,

(I let, thou lettest, they let not, &c.)

Make the (not) at least the Length of two Short-Hand (n's.)

The Pronouns must likewise come in every Sentence; they being four Times more used, than the Nouns, or Names of Persons, or Things; for if you cast your Eye upon any continued Discourse, you will find that the third Person, to wit, the Nouns, or Names, are feldom mentioned above once or twice, but are always afterwards set down, and signified by the Pronouns (he, him, himself, his, his own, she, her, herself, her own, it, itself, its own, they, them, themselves, their, their own, &c.) And as for the first and second Persons, they are constantly mentioned by [1, me, myself, mine, my own, we, us, our, ourselves, our own, &c.) (thou, you, thee, yourself, your own, ye, yourselves, &c.) And so these Pronouns must be shortened, and learned, as the Signs of the Moods, &c. though, indeed, a great Part of them are already learned among your Significations, and another Part of them are written exactly according to your Shortening Rules.

OBSERVATIONS on the 46 English Prepositions, with the other Particles, and Specimen written thereby.

THESE 46 Words come so often, that you will meet with two, three, or more of them, in swary Sentence; because, by the Help of these 46 Words, the whole English Syntax, or Construction of the Noun, and Pronoun, is chiefly performed. These 46 Words, with the other Particles, (here, there, where,) and Words ending in (-ward) with the Rest of the Particles, in the 21st, 22d, and 23d Page, occurring so often, there was an absolute Necessity also for shortening some of them.

You may remember I told you, that the five Significations contain or make up at least one third Part of any English Book: I add further, that the Particles do likewise contain or make up at least another third Part of any English Book, as is evident by comparing them together; so that both contain or make up at least two Thirds.

By Particles, I mean the four undeclined Parts of Speech, to wit,

the Adverbs, Conjunctions, Prepositions, and Interjections.

THESE Particles denote the Time, Place, Manner, and other Circumstances of any Action, Passion, &c. and must come in every Sentence; for without them no Sentence can subsist, in regard they are,

as it were, the very Nerves and Ligaments of all Discourse, and serve to join or connect Words or Sentences together, and to explain, extend, limit, determine, &c. their Signification. The other Parts of Speech, to wit, the Nouns, Verbs, Participles, &c. may fitly be compared to the Materials prepared for the Building; but the Prepositions, Conjunctions, &c. to the Mortar or Cement, which join and fasten these Materials together, and must come between every Stone in the Building.

WHEN I mention Adverbs as some of the Particles, I don't take in Adverbs ending in (-ly,) formed from Adjectives, as (meekly, wifely, boldy, &c.) because the fifth shortening Rule directs you to throw a-

way the faid (-ly.)

THERE are about ten Words among the Particles, which are written by MARKS; because they could not be conveniently shortened by the Letters, &c. or shortening Rules, to wit (behind, below, but, instead of, round about, together, altogether, &c.) but these are easily remembered. The Particles are to be learned as you did the Pronouns; by reading them twice over, and writing the Shorthand of them once over, on a Paper apart.

THE Specimen written by the shortening Rules, Signs of the Moods, &c. with the Pronouns, 46 Prepositions, and other English Particles, will be written about three Times shorter, speedier, and plainer, when you get the joining Rules, and Table of shortened Words;

as you may fee at the End of the joining Rules.

will either read, as they there stand, or they will spell, according to the second shortening Rule; that is to say, (bl) will either read (bless, bliss) as it stands among the Significations; or it will spell (bal, bel, bil, bel, or bul) according to the said second shortening Rule; which the Sense and Connexion will instantly discover. AGAIN, (st) will either read (most, must) as it stands among the Significations; or it will spell (sat, set, sit, sot, or sut) according to the said second shortening Rule; and so of all the rest of the Significations: Of which you will find some Examples in the Specimen written by the shortening Rules, &c. and likewise by the joining Rules, &c. The same may be said with Respect to the SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenses and Persons, with the Pronouns, Particles, and Table of shortened Words: That is to say, they will either read as they there stand, or they will spell, according to the said second shortening Rule.

OBSERVATIONS on the Joining Rules, and Specimen.

AS to the Joining Rules, you may perceive that I have endeavoured to make them as plain as possible, and have added Variety of Examples, and a large Specimen of the Writing to illustrate them; but

for further Explanation, observe what follows.

FIRST, There must never be more than one Verb, or one Participle in any Joining, except where (being or having) happens to come, as in the second and fourth joining Rule: As for Example, (I desire you would not speak to me) or (I desire that you would not speak to me;) where (I desire) must be in one Joining, and (you would not speak to me) or (that you would not speak to me,) in another Joining. (I desire you to recommend them) thus, (I desire you) in one Joining, and (to recommend them) in another Joining. (I perceived you going,) thus, I perceived you) in one Joining, and (going) by itself. (I perceived you taking it) thus, (I perceived you) in one Joining, and (taking it) in another. (They perceived him speaking unto you,) thus, (they perceived him) in one Joining, and (speaking unto you) in another. (You saw them executed.) thus, (you saw them) in one Joining, and (executed) by itself; because there must be no more than one Assion,

Passion, or Existence, in one Joining.

AGAIN observe, as it appears in the Title of the large Specimen, that there are only three Sorts of Joinings; therefore remember that you are not to join any one of them to another; but let every one of the three be a separate Joining of itself. See the Examples in the 6th Joining Rule. Also remember that you are not to join two Noun-Substantives together; Example, (The King's Daughter.) (the King's) must be in one Joining, and (Daughter) by itself. (The Daughter of the King.) (the Daughter) must be in one Joining, and (of the King) in another Joining. MOREOVER, you are not to join two of the 46 Prepositions, and what belongs to, and is governed by them, in one Joining. Example, (He came after me, before you, and next to him,) thus; (he came) in one Joining, (after me) in another, (before you) in another, (and next to him) in another. And by the Way, remember to add to the 46 Prepositions these two following; to wit, (till, until,) and (up, up to.) AGAIN, you must never join two of the Articles (a, an,) and (the) together, in one Joining, unless the Noun, going before the Verb, end with a MARK; or the Verb itself begin with ONE. Example, (A King protects the People) is in one Joining.

N. B. I reckon every Thing a MARK, except the 26 Letters of the Alphabet, and that a big (d, f, g,) or any other big Consonant,

is not a MARK. Also observe, that the two Particles (and, or,) never stand alone by themselves, but each of them must be the first Word of two separate Joinings; because the Stop (,) is either placed before them, or understood to be so placed.

SECONDLY, Observe, every Word, in the Joining, must belong to one another, and consequently are pronounced without stopping, or

drawing Breath, which leads me, in the

Third Place, to observe, that none of the Joinings must go beyond any of the Stops (;; . &c.) So that whenever two, three, four, or more Nouns, Verbs, &c. come together in one Sentence, then you must let every one of them stand by themselves; because one of the Stops, to wit, (,) must come between every one of them, or at least be understood, as you will see by several Examples in the Specimen, particularly in the LEASE of a House in London, where it runs thus:——" Together with all Shops, Cellars, Sollars, Chambers, Rooms, Lights, Easements, Ways, Passages, Waters, Water-Courses, Prosits, Commodities, and Appurtenances whatsoever, &c. And in another Place thus:——" Sufficiently repair, uphold, sup" port, sustain, maintain, pave, purge, scower, cleanse, glaze, empty, amend, and keep the said Messuage, &c.

From this you may observe, that there is no Occasion or Necesfity for joining two or more of these Nouns or Verbs together in one, because the Speaker is necessarily obliged to stop, or draw his Breath, after every one of them, and by that Means affords sufficient Time

for writing them down.

Also observe, that the Joinings, by this new Method, do, in a

great Measure, supply or serve instead of the foregoing Stops.

N. B. THEY who know any thing of Grammar, must acknowledge, that these Words called the SIGNS of the English Moods, Tenses, and Persons, with the Particles, and Verb, must come in every Sentence; because, in every Sentence, there is something said, and nothing can be faid without a Verb; and that every Verb supposes a Mood, Tense, &c. and that they are all pronounced at once, as it were, in one Breath, or as one Word, by the Speaker, (though he does not know what is meant by Moods, Tenses, &c.) the natural Dependance and Connexion of these Words forcing him so to do; for if he was to pause, or stop between these Words, as he may, and must fometimes, between other Words, then he would mar or Spoil the Sense and Connection of the Discourse: So that to keep equal Pace with a moderate Speaker, there was an absolute Necesfity, for finding out a speedy Method, to join these SIGNS of the Moods, Tenses, Persons, &c. all together in one, without taking off the Pen, as it were, in an Instant of Time: From hence I may infer, that any Method which directs us to flop, or lift the Pen, at every Word, is really very defective, and good for little, and will never

never answer the End of TAKING DOWN any Trial, Speech, &c. unless the Writer could lay his Commands on the Speaker, to pause, or stop, at every Word of his Discourse, as he does in his

Writing.

AGAIN observe, as the SIGNS of the Moods, Tenfes, Persons, &c. are pronounced as one Word; so is the Preposition and Noun, or Pronoun governed by it; as also, the Adjective and Substantive; and likewise the Articles (a, an, the,) and the Nouns after them, and belonging to them; and therefore ought also to be joined.

Bur if any should think that some of the foinings are not so plain and legible, as if every Word were written separately; particularly, the Adjective and Substantive, in the fifth joining Rule; with the Noun or Nouns joined after any of the 46 Prepasitions, in the fixth joining Rule; then they may disjoin these Words, and write every one of them separately: They may do the same, if they please, with Respect to any of the rest of the Joinings.

AGAIN, If any should think that the throwing away the five Vowels in the Middle of Words, in the second shortening Rule, is not so plain, in some Words, as putting the following Letter in the Vowel's Place, according to the general Rule; then they may write

these Words, by the said general Rule.

As to the Specimen, I have designedly engraved it, in very large and firing Characters, for the Advantage of the Learner; and have chosen different Chapters, that there might be a Variety in the Difcourse, the better to illustrate and exemplify the Rules; and for the Sake of the Gentlemen of the Law, who have much encouraged my Method, I have inferted three of their Conveyances, or Securities, which, I am told, run much upon a fet Form, and therefore I thought it was unnecessary, &c. to print them in Long-Hand; though they will find afterwards, when they have learned the Art, that it is as easy to write Law, History, &c. as Divinity; because the Rules serve for any English Book; and that every English Sentence must contain a Verb, and every Verb supposes a Mood, Tense, Perfon, &c. and so of the Adjective and Substantive, &c.

AND indeed the Specimen, in this NEW Method, is the same with the Specimen, in my FORMER Book; that the Learner may judge which of the two Methods is the most easy, speedy, and legible.

OBSERVE, the more ugly any Joining looks, that is to fay, the farther it comes below the Line, it is the more remarkably plain.

THE Lines of the Specimen, I must own, are engraved a little too close; which was designedly done, to save some Pages of Copper-plate, which I hope the Learner will excuse: But when you write in Public in a Hurry, keep the Lines of the Writing at a handsome Distance; but when you write at your Leifure, keep the Lines a little closer; and if any Joining happens to come a little below

low the Line, do not keep the following Line wider because of it, but keep all the Lines at an equal Distance, and pass over that Pare of the Writing which comes below the Line. See the Preface concerning the Characters.

OBSERVATIONS on the Dictionary, &c.

As to the Dictionary, or Table of shortened Words, I have inserted these that are most commonly used; and it cannot be expected I should have inserted every Word, or all the (-ing, -ed, -er, &c.) for that would have been needless, &c. only observe, when you are to join (-ing, -ed,) or any thing else to a Word which ends with the Termination (-er,) made by the third Part of (m), then change that third Part of (m) and put (r) instead thereos.

that third Part of (m,) and put (r) instead thereof.

OBSERVE, the Words in the Distinary will either read as they there stand, or they will spell, which the Sense and Connexion will

instantly distinguish and discover, as I said before.

I HAVE engraved the CHARACTERS to very large and strong; in the Dictionary, &c. for the Advantage of the Learner, that it was impossible to put every Short-Hand Character exactly over-against the Long-Hand, which I hope the Learner will wink at; because the Number is not great, and may be easily distinguished.

As to the Law Words, Terms, and Writs, I have inferted fuch as do most usually occur, and by which the Learner may be in-

structed to make the rest.

As to the Law Phrases, such as (Quam diu se bene gesserit, &c.) it is sufficient to write only the first two or three Words, with (&c.) after them, as in the 76th Page. AGAIN, When you write any Latin Word, Term, Phrase, or Sentence, in any English Speech, &c. you may draw a fine Line above them, to distinguish them from the English, as I have done above (Anno Domini) in the LEASE; and (Scire facias) among the Law Terms, as Examples for all the rest of the Latin Terms, Writs, Phrases, &c.

You will see that some Words beginning (fw, tw) are made by

(sv, tv,) because they are distinct, and shorter.

THE Words in the Table are shortened in the most natural, rational and easy Manner, by the Letters, Prepositions, and Terminations, according to the following Method. As it must be owned that there is no Necessity for writing any more of any Word, than to distinguish it from another; therefore I have done it accordingly, in shortening most of the Words in the Table; as for Instance, I have shortened, (plenipotentiary, consubstantiate, transubstantiate, &c.) by (plenip. consub. transub. &c.) because no Word can begin with (plenip. consub. &c.) except (plenipotentiary, consubstantiate, &c.) and so there can be no Mistake: And as for (consubstantiating, ed, er, eation,

-ation, &c.) you know that these are written, by joining the Charatters for (-ing, -ed, -er) thereto, and putting the Dot (.) above it, for the (-ation.) AGAIN, by the same Method, I have formed all the Verbs, from all their Nouns-Substantive, ending with (-tion, -sion, -son) (-ation, -asion, -asion,) (-etion, &c.) (-ition, &c.) (-otion, &c.) (-ution, &c. As for Instance, I have shortened (translate, contribute, &c.) by (transl. contrib. &c.) because (transl) and a Dot (.) above the (1) stand for (translation;) and because (contrib) and a Dot (.) belows the (b) stand for (contribution:) Besides, no Word can begin with (transl. contrib.) but translate, contribute;) and so there can be no Mistake: And as for (translating, -ed, -er, contributing, -ed, er;) these, as I said before, are written by joining the Characters for THIS natural, rational, and easy Method (-ing, &c.) to them. of Shortening such a great Number of Words necessarily occasioned me to be at a great deal of Trouble, in carefully looking over, and comparing all the Words in the English Tongue, with one another.

AGAIN observe, there are a great many of the Words in this Table, which are written exactly according to the shortening Rules a

and confequently might have been left out.

AND as for these few that are shortened otherwise, that is to say, by leaving out a Letter or two in the Middle, they may be soon remembered, by reading them twice over, and writing the Short-Hand of them once over; besides, these which are so shortened occur often, and therefore you must of Course remember them: And indeed it would not be amis, if you, at your Leisure, would pick out, and transcribe, upon a Quarter Sheet of Paper, such of them as you think you may not remember readily.

WHEN (8) the Sign of the Plural Number, is to be added to any shortened Word in the Table, then you must join its Character thereto, which is about the third Part of a Short-Hand (t) drawn up-

ward.

This Table is to be learned as you did the Pronouns, &c. by reading them twice over, and writing the Short-Hand of them once over, as was hinted before.

You may use the Contractions already invented by Capitals, if you think they are short enough, as (F. R. S.) for (Fellow of the Royal So-

ciety.) (S. S. W.) for (South South-West, &c.)

NUMBERS, or Figures, being a Kind of Short-Writing, cannot, in some Respects, be better shortened, as (63752) for (Sixty three thousand seven hundred and sifty two.) But when the Number consists only of Millions, or Thousands, I think it is better to put the Figures for the Number, and to write the Words (Millions, Thousands) by the Characters made for them, as (Seven Million,) or (Nine Thousand;) or (9000,) thus, (9...) (9006,) thus, (9...6,) &c.

As for the Stops (,; &c.) I think there is not any Occasion for using them in this Art, only, at the Beginning of every new Head, Verse, &c. leave a little Distance, about half an Inch, or begin a new Line, or make a Period, or full Stop, thus (.)

LASTLY, Any who are altogether Strangers to the Latin Tongue, may peruse Mr. GREENWOOD'S English Grammar, wherein he fully explains the eight Parts of Speech, to wit, Nouns, Pronouns, Vorbs, &c. with the Moods, Tenses, &c. They ought likewise to keep by them Mr. Bailey's English Distinary, which explains all hard Words in the English Tongue.

DIRECTIONS for the right using of this Book.

FIRST, Take two Sheets of Paper, and make a Copy-Book in Offavo, and rule the first and second Pages with a Black-Lead Pencil; then begin and learn the first Lesson, to wit, the Letters of the Alphabet, thus; Write, in one Line, the twenty fix Characters, for the Letters of the Alphabet; then write one Line more of them, and so on, till you have finished these two Pages: Then try if you can write these twenty fix Characters, without looking on my Copy; and to dodge you therein, write a Page of any Book by the Letters of the Alphabet. LEARN the fecond, third, fourth, fifth, and fixth Lessons, one after another, the same Way. You must be very perfect in the first fix Lessons; because they are the Foundation of the Be fure to write flowly and exactly at first; for you will daily write fwifter. Any who care not for being at the Trouble of making a Copy-Book, may have one of mine at a reasonable Price, which contains the first fix Lessons, at the Top, with faint Lines to write upon, and large Observations and Directions, all curiously engraved, for the Use of my Scholars. WHEN you have learned the Foundation, then learn the five Significations in Order, according to the Directions. AFTER you have learned the Foundation and Significations, then you will find that all the Difficulty is over; because you will then begin to write, and every thing will feem daily more easy and pleafant. WHEN you are perfect in the Significations, then read over the Vewels Places, General Rule, and first Chapter of St. John's Gospel written by it, and try to copy it over, from my Copy, and then from the Bible, and afterwards compare it with the Copy: Then write a few Verses more of the same Chapter, by the said General Rule. AFTER-WARDS read and learn the shortening Rules. NEXT learn the Moods and Tenses, with their Joinings. THEN learn the Pronouns, with the 46 Prepositions, and the other English Particles. THEN read the Specimen written by these shortening Rules, Moods, Tenfes, &c. and endeavour to write, it exactly from my Copy; and then from the Bible, and afterwards

terwards compare it with my Copy; and then write a few Verses more of the same Chapter, by the said shortening Rules, Moods, &c. Afterwards read and learn the foining Rules and Specimen, and try to write over the Specimen exactly from my Copy, and then from the Bible, and afterwards compare it with the Copy. Then write about a Chapter every Day out of St. John's Gospel, till you have finished it; and read each Chapter, after you have wrote it. Last-

LY, learn the TABLE of Shortened Words.

N. B. I might have omitted all these Directions, and only told you, in General, to learn every Lesson, in Order, one after another, exactly as they lie in the Book; and to read the Observations on every Lesson, in Order, as you learn them. WRITE slowly and exactly at first, as I said before, for you will daily write and read better and swifter. It is not proper to begin to write in Public, until you are perfect in the Table of shortened Words, and can write a little swift, which may be known, by getting one sometimes to dictate, or read slowly to you, which will save you some Time and Trouble, and surther your Learning.

FINIS.





